Synnex Technology International Corp. 2020 General Shareholders' Meeting Minute

Agenda for 2020 General Shareholders' Meeting of Synnex Technology International Corp.

- I. Time: 9:00am, June 12, 2020 (Friday)
- II. Location: Auditorium, 3F, Central Pictures Ba-De Building, No. 260, Section 2, Ba-De Road, Taipei City
- III. Total outstanding Synnex shares: 1,667,946,968 shares
- IV. Total shares represented by shareholders present in person or by proxy: 1,365,704,272shares Percentage of shares held by shareholders present in person or by proxy: 81.87%
- V. Chairman: Miau Feng-Chiang, the Chairman of the Board of Directors
- VI. Recorder: Lin Shu-Chen
- VII. Directors present: Director Tu Shu-Wu, Mitac Inc. Representative Director Yang Hsiang-Yun, Mitac Inc. Representative Director Chou The-Chien.
- VIII. Announcement to start meeting
- IX. Chairman's Statements (omitted)
- X. Reports

No. 1

Subject: The Company's 2019 business report is submitted for review.

Description: Please refer to Attachment 1.

No. 2

Subject: The Audit Committee's report on the audit of the Company's 2019

closing statements is submitted for review.

Description: Please refer to Attachment 2 and 3.

No. 3

Subject: The Report on 2019 profit distributable as employee's compensation

and director's compensation is submitted for review.

Description: (I) In accordance with Article 38 of the Articles of Incorporation,

the Company's net income before tax before deducting compensation to employees and directors and after making up for losses in the current fiscal year should be applied to pay compensation to employees in an amount not exceeding 10% and not less than 0.01% of the balance, and to directors for an

amount not more than 1% of the balance

(II) It is proposed to issue 0.01% employee's compensation totaling NT\$750,000 and 0.1% director's compensation

totaling NT\$7,000,000 in 2019, all of which to be issued in

cash.

No. 4

Subject: The Report on 2019 profit distribution in the form of cash dividends is

submitted for review.

Description:

(I) In accordance with Article 38-1 of the Articles of Incorporation, the board resolution was authorized to have the profit distributable as dividends and bonuses in whole or in part distributed in the form of cash and reported to the this shareholder's meeting.

(II) Paid shareholders' bonus NT\$4,336,662,117 in the form of cash dividends (NT\$2.6 per share), cash dividends will be distributed with the minimum unit of N\$1 (digits after the decimal point to be ignored). The total number of fractional amounts will be included as the Company's other income.

(III) This proposal has been approved by the board of directors and the chairman is authorized to make the record date for cash dividends distribution, the payment date and relevant matters. If the Company's number of outstanding shares of the ordinary stocks were affected, and if the shareholders dividends

distribution ratio were changed accordingly, the chairmain is aurhorized to make necessary adjustments.

No. 5

Subject: Amendment of The Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice

Principles is submitted for review.

Description: Reference the regulations in The Financial Supervisory Commission

letter Jing-Guang-Zheng-Fa-Zi No. 1080307434 dated May 16, 2019 and according to the requirements for practical operations, the Company has amended certain provisions of "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles", please refer to Attachment 4

hereto for the comparison table of amended provisions.

XI. Approvals

No. 1 (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Subject: The Company's 2019 closing statements are submitted for approval.

Description:

(I) The Company's 2019 business report and financial statements have been approved by the board of directors and submitted to the Audit Committee for audit. Please refer to Attachments 1 and 3 hereto for relevant information.

(II) Please approve.

Resolution: Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 1,365,704,272

Voting Results	% of the total represented share
(including votes casted electronically)	present
Votes in favor: 1,181,677,852votes	86.52%
Votes against: 87,315votes	0.00%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 183,939,105votes	13.46%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

No. 2 (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Subject: The Company's 2019 profit distribution proposal is submitted for

approval.

Description: (I) The profit distribution table of 2019 have been approved by the board of directors and submitted to the Audit Committee

for audit. Please refer to Attachments 5.

(II) Please approve.

Resolution: Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 1,365,704,272

Voting Results	% of the total represented share
(including votes casted electronically)	present
Votes in favor: 1,185,482,061votes	86.80%
Votes against: 852,641votes	0.06%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 179,369,570votes	13.13%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

XII. Discussions

No. 1

(Proposed by Board of Directors)

Subject: The amendment to certain provisions of the Articles of Incorporation

is submitted for discussion.

Description: (I) According to actual demand of the Company, it is planned to amend certain provisions of "Articles of Incorporation" of the Company, please refer to Attachment 6 hereto for the

comparison table of amended provisions.

(II) Please approve.

Resolution: Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 1,365,704,272

Voting Results	% of the total represented share
(including votes casted electronically)	present
Votes in favor: 1,168,386,143votes	85.55%
Votes against: 823,620votes	0.06%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 196,494,509votes	14.38%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

No. 2

(Proposed by Board of Directors)

Subject: The amendment to certain provisions of the Procedures for Endorsements/Guarantees is submitted for discussion.

Description:

- (I) According to the Financial Supervisory Commission letter Jing-Guang-Zheng-Sheng-Zi No. 1080304826 dated March 7, 2019, it is planned to amend certain provisions of "Procedures for Endorsements/Guarantees" of the Company, please refer to Attachment 7 hereto for the comparison table of amended provisions.
- (II) Please approve.

Resolution: Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 1,365,704,272

Voting Results	% of the total represented share
(including votes casted electronically)	present
Votes in favor: 1,169,029,346votes	85.59%
Votes against: 180,267votes	0.01%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 196,494,659votes	14.38%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

No. 3

(Proposed by Board of Directors)

Subject: The amendment to certain provisions of the Procedures for Extending Loans to Others is submitted for discussion.

Description:

- (I) According to the Financial Supervisory Commission letter Jing-Guang-Zheng-Sheng-Zi No. 1080304826 dated March 7, 2019, it is planned to amend certain provisions of "Procedures for Extending Loans to Others" of the Company, please refer to Attachment 8 hereto for the comparison table of amended provisions.
- (II) Please approve.

Resolution: Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 1,365,704,272

Voting Results	% of the total represented share
(including votes casted electronically)	present
Votes in favor: 1,168,997,396votes	85.59%
Votes against: 212,317votes	0.01%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 196,494,559votes	14.38%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

No. 4

(Proposed by Board of Directors)

Subject:

The amendment to certain provisions of the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings is submitted for discussion.

Description:

- (I) According to the Financial Supervisory Commission letter Jing-Guang-Zheng-Fa-Zi No. 1080339900 dated December 31, 2019, it is planned to amend certain provisions of "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings" of the Company, please refer to Attachment 9 hereto for the comparison table of amended provisions.
- (II) Please approve.

Resolution: Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 1,365,704,272

Voting Results	% of the total represented share
(including votes casted electronically)	present
Votes in favor: 1,169,025,142votes	85.59%
Votes against: 190,747votes	0.01%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 196,488,383votes	14.38%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

XIII. Motions

XIV. Adjournment

Attachment 1

Synnex Technology International Corp. 2019 Business Report

The performance of the global economy in 2019 is the weakest of the last ten years! Impacts from the US-China Trade War and trade disputes between other various countries, coupled with geographic social and political unrest and climate change, had profound effects on the global economy. According to the estimates of the IMF, the growth of the global economy in 2019 is merely 2.9%, the lowest since the financial crisis. At the beginning of this year, the IMF announced the prospects for 2020, estimating that the growth of global economy for this year may raise to 3.3%. However, the COVID-19 pandemic followed soon after, the impacts of which on the social aspects and economic aspects of the globe are still hard to determine. It may be seen that the environment in which businesses operate is filled with uncertainty and unforgiving challenges.

For Synnex group, 2019 is the year in which the initial results of the "Lean Project" are manifesting. Through cutting high risk, resource-demanding but low profit business items, we can allow the enterprise to focus on expansion and exploration of excellent business items. The consolidated revenue of the group fell 11% from 2018, while operating profit, on the contrary, significantly rose 13.8%. Apart from keeping the good and rejecting the bad in essential business items, Synnex is also successful in exploring new businesses, including the sale of gaming products, cloud services, logistic service provider (LSP), technical services business, AloT business, and others. Having gained sufficient drive and growth, Synnex is gathering momentum for its future prospects.

Looking to 2020, Synnex will continue to implement the "Lean Project" on its organization and business items, to get rid of redundant and resource-demanding units or items. We will further implement the "Agility Project", introducing AI concepts, relevant technology, and tools in operation management mechanisms, comprehensively upgrade the digital capability of all members of the organization, in order to agilely adapt to changes in the business environment, provide quick response to demands of upstream and downstream services, and accurately control operational cost and risks. We believe that pursuing leanness and agility of the organization with our utmost effort is the key to the continued momentum and success of Synnex in a business environment filled with harsh challenges. We sincerely appeal to our shareholders to continue to support our operational team and push us to further success. Thank you!

Below are the key operational highlights of 2019:

Revenue and profit
 Synnex's 2019 consolidated revenue was NT\$340 billion, representing a 11.3% decrease from the NT\$383.2 billion in 2018. Operating profit was NT\$5.98 billion, representing a 10.5% growth

from the NT\$5.41 billion in 2018. The net profit after tax was NT\$6.82 billion, which is an increase of 3.2 % from the NT\$6.61 billion in 2018. The EPS after tax was NT\$4.09, which is up 3.3% from NT\$3.96 in 2018.

2. Concrete business results

- (1) Performance in new business items, such as gaming and cloud services, is excellent. The revenue for gaming products is steadily above \$10 billion, revenue for cloud services has significantly grown 55%, with the scale reaching nearly \$10 billion.
- (2) Home service businesses are growing steadily. Aggregated cases of installation, maintenance, and repair of intelligent home appliance have reached 660,000 cases in Taiwan. We have become the service provider that has obtained the authorized services of the most computer, communications, consumer brands in Taiwan.
- (3) We have actively expanded our technical services business and introduced an instant mobile work order management system, significantly improving management efficiency, allowing the technical services business in China to achieve rapid growth.
- (4) Implementation of the "Lean Project" achieved extraordinary results, cutting redundancies and reducing loss, and the productivity of the teams have significantly improved.
- (5) Introduction of AI digital tool applications have significantly increased the immediacy of the information communication and agile response, improving the efficiency and implementation of decision implementation.

The important production and marketing policies for 2020 are respectively described as follows:

- Continue to increase business in the gaming market, intelligent home appliance market, IoT business, cloud service business, technical services business, smart operations business, services for computers, communications, and consumer products and sales of insurance to create new momentum for the growth of the Group's businesses.
- 2. Accelerated research, development, and introduction of AI and mobile digital tools, and expanded its application to the various aspects of the company's internal operations management.
- 3. Comprehensively promote leanness, agility, keeping the good and rejecting the bad, reduction of losses, efficiency and rapid response of operation management of the Group.
- 4. Continuously invest in the R&D and innovation of the operations mechanism and management technology, deeply plant the company's core ability

We thank our shareholders for their support and encouragement in the past and hope that in the new year, our shareholders will continue to give us guidance and support. With consistent business philosophy and innovation, the management team is committed to achieving excellent results and sharing them with everyone.

Wishing you good health,

Attachment 2

Synnex Technology International Corp. Audit Committee's report

The board of directors has prepared and submitted the 2019 business report, financial reports (including consolidated and individual financial reports), and earnings distribution proposal. The board of directors have appointed CPA Jenny Yeh and CPA Eric Wu of PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan to audit the financial statements, and they have submitted an audit report. The audit committee has reviewed the business report, the financial reports, and the earnings distribution proposal and did not find any instances of noncompliance. According to Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act, it is hereby submitted for review and perusal.

To

Synnex Technology International Corp. 2020 General Shareholders' Meeting

Synnex Technology International Corp.

Chairman of the Audit Committee: Yungdu Wei

March 13, 2020

Attachment 3

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

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For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the acGrouping financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Declaration of Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises

For the year ended December 31, 2019, pursuant to "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises," the entity that is required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates, is the same as the entity required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies under International Financial Reporting Standard 10. Also, if relevant information that should be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies, it shall not be required to prepare separate consolidated financial statements of affiliates.

Hereby declare,
Matthew Miau Feng Chiang
SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL
CORPORATION AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

March 13, 2020

Report of Independent Accountant Translated From Chinese

PWCR19000409

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Synnex Technology International Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Synnex Technology International Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors (see information disclosed in the *Other Matter - Scope of the Audit* section of our report), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants", "Rule No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Auditing-1090360805 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission on February 25, 2020" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China (ROC GAAS); and in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and ROC GAAS for our audit of the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

Key audit matter-Assessment of allowance for uncollectible accounts

Description

Please refer to Note 4(10) & (11) for accounting policies adopted for accounts receivable. Please refer to Note 5(2), for critical accounting estimates and key sources of assumption uncertainty of loss allowance for accounts receivable. Please refer to Note 6(5) for details of accounts receivable.

The Group is primarily engaged in the sale of communication products, consumer electronic products, electronic products and components. The Group manages the collection of accounts receivable from customers and bears the associated credit risk. The Group assesses impairment of accounts receivable in accordance with IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'. The management categorized the accounts receivable assessment into individual provision and group provison. For individually assessed accounts receivable, loss allowance is recognised on a case by case basis. The assessment process is affected by management's judgement on various factors: customers' financial conditions, internal credit ratings, historical transaction records, current economic conditions, etc. For group assessed accounts receivable, assessment process is affected by management's judgement on historical uncollectible records, and current economic conditions and the forecastability information to assess the default possibility of uncollectible accounts. As management's judgement on determining allowance for uncollectible accounts is relatively subjective and the estimated amount is material to the financial statements, therefore, we indicated that the assessment of allowance for uncollectible accounts as one of the key audit matters.

How our audit addressed the matter

The scope of our audit responded to the risk as follows:

- 1. The credit quality of the Group's customers, assessed the reasonableness of classification of accounts receivable, the policies and the procedures applied in loss allowance provision.
- 2. For individually assessed accounts, selected and verified samples of managements' impairment evaluation. Discussed with management the assessment results and evaluated the adequacy of the provision.

3. For accounts assessed as a group, considered historical uncollectible records and the management's forecastability adjustment information to determine whether the provision ratio of allowance for uncollectible accounts is reasonable. For significant accounts, examined subsequent collections after balance sheet date.

Key audit matter – Assessment of allowance for valuation of inventory

Please refer to Note 4(14) for description of accounting policies on allowance for inventory valuation. Please refer to Note 5(2) for accounting estimates and assumption uncertainty. Please refer to Note 6(8) for details of inventory items.

For the purpose of meeting diverse customer needs, the Group applied multi-brand and multi-product strategy. Due to the short life cycle of electronic products and the price is highly affected by market fluctuation, there is a high risk of incurring inventory valuation losses. The Group's inventory policy on inventory valuation is based on the lower of cost or net realisable value. For inventory that was checked item by item for net relisable value, the Group then applied the lower of cost or net realisable value method for recognizing loss on decline in market value.

Considering that the Group's allowance for inventory valuation losses are mainly caused by loss on decline in market value, the valuation involves subjective judgement and since the amount is material to the financial statements, therefore, we indicated the estimates of the allowance for inventory valuation as one of the key audit matters for this fiscal year.

How our audit addressed the matter

The scope of our audit responded to the risk as follows:

1. Obtained the Group's policy applied to the assessment of allowance for valuation of inventory loss. Assessed whether the allowance recognition policy is applied in a manner consistent between comparative and current periods of the financial statements.

- 2. Obtained net realisable value report for inventory items and verified that a consistent systematic logic was applied to the calculation. First, tested the assumptions such as: sources of sales or purchases data and relevant supporting estimation documents. Second, recalculated net realisable value item by item, then applied the lower of cost or net realizable value method for valuation and whether reasonable allowance was recognised.
- 3. Compared current and previous year's allowance for valuation of inventory loss. Reviewed each period's days sales of inventory in order to assess the adequacy and reasonableness of allowance recognised.

Key audit matter – Assessment of purchase rebate

Description

Please refer to Note 4(14) for accounting policies adopted for the recognition of purchase rebate. Please refer to Note 5(2) for critical accounting estimates and assumptions applied in the accounting policy for the recognition of purchase rebate.

The Group engages in various purchase contracts for different items with different suppliers. There are various types of rebate programs including incentives for certain purchase volume from vendors, purchase discounts and allowances, participations in special purchase promotions, and subsidies for marketing. The Group estimates rebates that shall be recognised in accordance with the percentage of achievement of the rebate contract terms. There are various types of rebate programs, complicated calculations and transactions with different suppliers as well as the manual process involved in the verification and calculation of rebates. All of these aforementioned factors adds to the complexity of assessing purchasing rebate. Thus, we indicated that the assessment of purchase rebate as one of the key audit matters for this fiscal year.

How our audit addressed the matter

The scope of our audit responded to the risk as follows:

- 1. Obtained an understanding and tested the effectiveness of internal control over the estimation of purchase rebate. Tested the appropriate controls over contractual terms regarding rebates. Checked whether the recognition and drawing of rebate amount has been approved by the proper authority.
- 2. Selected samples of details of purchase rebate estimation, reviewed the inventory items and checked its supporting documents in order to assess the reasonableness of estimation.
- 3. First, sampled details of purchase rebate estimation without notice from suppliers that has been recognised as of the balance sheet date. Second, after the balance sheet date, selected samples that have received debit notes or other supporting documents from suppliers to check whether actual rebate approximated the estimation. In addition, after balance sheet date, checked whether there were significant new rebates that should be recognised as of the balance sheet date.
- 4. For significant outstanding rebate receivable accounts, we sampled accounts and checked the existence of original vouchers or supporting documents or tested subsequent collections after the balance sheet date.

Other matters-Scope of the Audit

We did not audit the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries. The financial statements of these subsidiaries were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein, in so far as it relates to the amounts and the information disclosed in Note 13 included in these financial statements, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The subsidiaries held assets of \$1,162,242 thousand and \$1,113,086 thousand, constituting 1% and 1% of the total consolidated assets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and generated net operating income of \$0, constituting 0% of the total consolidated net operating income for both the years then ended. Furthermore, information disclosed in Note 6(9) relative to investments accounted for under equity method and information on certain investees disclosed in Note 13 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 is based solely on the reports of the other

auditors. Additionally, for certain investees financial reports that were prepared under different accounting standards, we have performed required additional auditing procedures and adjusted these reports in conformity with "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. The related investment income before adjustments (including share of profit or loss of associates accounted for using equity method) was \$1,942,377 thousand and \$1,843,352 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, constituting 27% and 27% of the consolidated total net operating income for the years then ended, respectively. The comprehensive income recognised for these investments accounted for using equity method was \$1,610,154 thousand and \$2,034,333 thousand, constituting 27% and 35% of consolidated total comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The balance of related long-term equity investments amounted to \$14,071,336 thousand and \$14,422,245 thousand, constituting 10% and 10% of the total consolidated assets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Other matter - Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unmodified opinion with other matter paragraphs on the parent company only financial statements of Synnex Technology International Corporation as at and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ROC GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ROC GAAS, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Yeh, Tsui Miao

Wu, Yu-Lung

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan March 13, 2020

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice. As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

$\frac{\text{SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS}}\\ \underline{\text{DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018}}\\ \text{(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)}$

			December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018		
	Assets	Notes	 Amount	_%	 Amount	<u>%</u>
	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 6,342,158	4	\$ 5,674,663	4
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2) and 12(3)				
	profit or loss - current		9,157,264	6	738,004	-
1120	Current financial assets at fair value	6(3) and 12(3)				
	through other comprehensive income		1,154,209	1	1,023,708	1
1136	Current financial assets at amortised	6(4) and 8				
	cost		924,999	1	60,601	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5)	6,169,904	4	8,764,666	6
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5), 8 and 12(2)	45,418,413	31	48,600,958	33
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	6(5) and 7(2)	223,007	-	340,215	-
1200	Other receivables	6(7) and 7(2)	6,958,032	5	7,055,043	5
1220	Current income tax assets		164,899	-	5,159	-
130X	Inventories,net	6(8) and 8	31,691,921		40,799,936	28
1410	Prepayments		4,251,819	3	4,619,648	3
11XX	Current Assets		112,456,625	76	117,682,601	80
	Non-current assets					
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(3) and 12(3)				
	value through other comprehensive					
	income		3,026,306	2	1,561,538	1
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(4) and 8				
	amortised cost		1,323,943	1	1,275,640	1
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(9)				
	equity method		15,560,836	11	14,489,928	10
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(10)	6,349,364	4	6,919,339	4
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(11)	1,524,940	1	-	_
1760	Investment property - net	6(13)	1,370,864	1	1,172,414	1
1780	Intangible assets	6(14)	645,881	_	632,183	_
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(31)	1,087,108	1	1,227,640	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(5)(12)(15)	4,343,493	3	2,557,086	2
15XX	Non-current assets		35,232,735	24	29,835,768	20
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 147,689,360	100	\$ 147,518,369	100

(Continued)

$\frac{\text{SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS}}$

DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

				December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018		
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		Amount			Amount	
	Current liabilities							
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(16)	\$	41,839,694	28	\$	40,776,119	28
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(17)		6,280,000	4		7,690,000	5
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value	6(2) and 12(3)						
	through profit or loss - current			3,031	-		2,417	-
2150	Notes payable	7(2)		2,254,481	2		1,758,453	1
2170	Accounts payable	7(2)		33,491,823	23		37,539,735	26
2200	Other payables	6(18) and 7(2)		4,680,868	3		5,814,898	4
2230	Current income tax liabilities			2,194,483	2		1,658,242	1
2280	Current lease liabilities			241,874	-		-	-
2300	Other current liabilities	6(19)		3,479,467	2		2,120,420	1
21XX	Current Liabilities			94,465,721	64		97,360,284	66
	Non-current liabilities							
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(31)		173,784	-		245,456	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			548,440	-		-	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(20)		555,743	1		552,729	1
25XX	Non-current liabilities			1,277,967	1		798,185	1
2XXX	Total Liabilities			95,743,688	65		98,158,469	67
	Equity attributable to owners of							
	parent							
	Share capital	6(21)						
3110	Share capital - common stock			16,679,470	11		16,679,470	11
	Capital surplus	6(22)						
3200	Capital surplus			14,743,296	10		14,846,786	10
	Retained earnings	6(23)						
3310	Legal reserve			8,175,300	6		7,514,560	5
3320	Special reserve			6,177,007	4		4,820,549	3
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			11,334,225	8		9,886,188	7
	Other equity interest	6(24)						
3400	Other equity interest		(7,295,011)	(5)	(6,177,007)	(4)
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of							
	the parent			49,814,287	34		47,570,546	32
36XX	Non-controlling interest			2,131,385	1		1,789,354	1
3XXX	Total equity			51,945,672	35		49,359,900	33
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9					<u> </u>	
	unrecognized contract commitments							
	Significant events after the balance	11						
	sheet date							
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	147,689,360	100	\$	147,518,369	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

			Years ended December 31						
				2019 2018					
	Items	Notes		Amount	%		Amount		%
4000	Sales revenue	6(25) and 7(2)	\$	339,994,666	100	\$	383,194,939		100
5000	Operating costs	6(8) and 7(2)	(325,273,754) (96)	(368,696,835)	(_	96)
5950	Net operating margin			14,720,912	4		14,498,104		4
	Operating expenses	6(20)(29)(30)							
6100	Selling expenses		(6,149,259) (2)	(6,006,997)	(2)
6200	General and administrative								
	expenses		(2,059,434)	-	(2,236,980)	(1)
6450	Expected credit loss	12(2)	(533,102)		(841,879)		_
6000	Total operating expenses		(8,741,795) (2)	(9,085,856)	(_	3)
6900	Operating profit			5,979,117	2		5,412,248		1
	Non-operating income and								
	expenses								
7010	Other income	6(26) and 7(2)		1,362,030	-		1,274,586		-
7020	Other gains and losses	6(27)		78,551	-		147,296		-
7050	Finance costs	6(28)	(715,656)	-	(701,198)		-
7060	Share of profit of associates and	6(9)							
	joint ventures accounted for								
	under equity method			2,185,917	1		1,845,203		1
7000	Total non-operating income								
	and expenses			2,910,842	1		2,565,887		1
7900	Profit before income tax			8,889,959	3		7,978,135		2
7950	Income tax expense	6(31)	(1,670,909) (1)	(1,065,475)		
8200	Profit for the year		\$	7,219,050	2	\$	6,912,660		2

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

			Years ended December 31						
	T4	NI-4		2019	0/		2018	%	
-	Items Other comprehensive income	Notes		Amount	%		Amount		
	Components of other								
	comprehensive income that will								
	not be reclassified to profit or loss								
8311	Other comprehensive income,								
	before tax, actuarial losses on								
	defined benefit plans		(\$	13,071)	_	(\$	9,075)	-	
8316	Unrealized gains (losses) on	6(3)	`						
	financial assets at fair value								
	through comprehensive income			1,611,296	1	(253,164)	-	
8320	Share of other comprehensive	6(9)(24)							
	income of associates and joint								
	ventures accounted for using								
	equity method, components of								
	other comprehensive income that								
	will not be reclassified to profit								
	or loss		(2,853)	-	(3,472)	-	
8349	Income tax related to	6(31)							
	components of other								
	comprehensive income that will								
	not be reclassified to profit or			2 204					
	loss			3,301			7,668		
8310	Components of other								
	comprehensive income (loss)								
	that will not be reclassified to			1.500.672	1	,	250.042)		
	profit or loss			1,598,673	1		258,043)		
	Components of other								
	comprehensive income that will								
8361	be reclassified to profit or loss Financial statements translation	6(24)							
8301	differences of foreign operations	0(24)	(2,446,898) (1)	(953,956)		
8370	Share of other comprehensive	6(9)(24)	(2,440,696) (1)	(933,930)	-	
03/0	income of associates and joint	0(9)(24)							
	ventures accounted for uner								
	equity method		(329,370)	_		194,453	_	
8360	Components of other			327,370)			171,133		
0500	comprehensive loss that will								
	be reclassified to profit or								
	loss		(2,776,268) (1)	(759,503)	_	
8300	Total other comprehensive loss						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	for the year		(\$	1,177,595)	_	(\$	1,017,546)	_	
8500	Total comprehensive income for		<u>-</u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
0000	the year		\$	6,041,455	2	\$	5,895,114	2	
	Profit, attributable to:		-				2,0,2,1		
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	6,815,243	2	\$	6,607,404	2	
8620	Non-controlling interest		Ф	403,807	2	Φ	305,256	2	
8020	Profit		\$	7,219,050		\$	6,912,660		
			<u> </u>	7,219,030		Φ	0,912,000	2	
	Comprehensive income								
8710	attributable to:		\$	5 602 657	2	¢.	5 690 420	2	
8720	Owners of the parent		Ф	5,692,657	2	\$	5,689,430	2	
8/20	Non-controlling interest		-	348,798	<u>-</u>		205,684		
	Total comprehensive income for		¢	6 041 455	2	C	5 905 114	2	
	the year		\$	6,041,455	2	\$	5,895,114	2	
	Famings nor share								
0750	Earnings per share	6(22)	ø		4.00	ø		2.00	
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(32)	\$		4.09	\$		3.96	
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(32)	3		4.09	\$		3.96	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

					Retained earnings		Other equity interest					
		Share capital -				Unappropriated	Cumulative translation differences of	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive	Unrealized gain or loss on available-for-sale		Non-controlling	
	Notes	common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	retained earnings	foreign operations	income	financial assets	Total	interest	Total equity
Year 2018												
Balance at January 1, 2018		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,364,858	\$ 6,903,070	\$ 2,837,318	\$ 9,207,169	(\$ 5,249,825)	\$ -	\$ 429,277	\$ 45,171,337	\$ 1,590,493	\$ 46,761,830
Effects of retrospective application and retrospective restatement						324,942		(15,626)	(429,277)	(119,961)	1,393	(118,568)
Balance at January 1 after adjustments		16,679,470	14,364,858	6,903,070	2,837,318	9,532,111	(5,249,825)	(15,626)		45,051,376	1,591,886	46,643,262
Net income for 2018						6,607,404				6,607,404	305,256	6,912,660
Other comprehensive loss for 2018	6(24)	-	-	-	-	(6,418)	(653,194)	(258,362)	-	(917,974)	(99,572)	(1,017,546)
Total comprehensive (loss) income						6,600,986	(653,194)	(258,362)		5,689,430	205,684	5,895,114
Appropriations of 2017 earnings	6(23)											
Provision for legal reserve		-	-	611,490	-	(611,490)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Provision for special reserve		-	-	-	1,983,231	(1,983,231)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Distribution of cash dividend		-	-	-	-	(3,669,483)	-	-	-	(3,669,483)	-	(3,669,483)
Change in net assets of the associate and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method		-	480,615	-	-	17,295	-	-	-	497,910	-	497,910
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries disposed	6(23)	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	(8,216)	(8,210)
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends	6(22)	<u>-</u>	1,307	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	_	1,307	<u>-</u>	1,307
Balance at December 31, 2018		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,846,786	\$ 7,514,560	\$ 4,820,549	\$ 9,886,188	(\$ 5,903,019)	(\$ 273,988)	\$ -	\$ 47,570,546	\$ 1,789,354	\$ 49,359,900
Year 2019												
Balance at January 1, 2019		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,846,786	\$ 7,514,560	\$ 4,820,549	\$ 9,886,188	(\$ 5,903,019)	(\$ 273,988)	\$ -	\$ 47,570,546	\$ 1,789,354	\$ 49,359,900
Net income for 2019		-	-	-	-	6,815,243	-	-	-	6,815,243	403,807	7,219,050
Other comprehensive (loss) income for 2019	6(24)		_			(4,582_)	(2,723,375_)	1,605,371		(1,122,586_)	(55,009)	(1,177,595_)
Total comprehensive (loss) income						6,810,661	(2,723,375_)	1,605,371		5,692,657	348,798	6,041,455
Appropriations of 2018 earnings	6(23)											
Provision for legal reserve		-	-	660,740	-	(660,740)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Provision for special reserve		-	-	-	1,356,458	(1,356,458)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Distribution of cash dividend		-	-	-	-	(3,335,894)	-	-	-	(3,335,894)	-	(3,335,894)
Change in net assets of the associate and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method	d Ó	-	(104,382)	-	-	(9,532)	-	-	-	(113,914)	-	(113,914)
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries disposed	6(23)	-	377	-	-	-	-	-	-	377	(6,767)	(6,390)
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends	6(22)		515		_				_	515	<u>-</u>	515
Balance at December 31, 2019		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,743,296	\$ 8,175,300	\$ 6,177,007	\$ 11,334,225	(\$ 8,626,394)	\$ 1,331,383	\$ -	\$ 49,814,287	\$ 2,131,385	\$ 51,945,672

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

Part DOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 8,889,959 \$ 7,978,135		Notes	2019			2018	
Adjustments to reconcile profit before income tax to net eash provided by operating activities							
Interest case provided by operating activities	·		\$	8,889,959	\$	7,978,135	
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment 6(10)(29) 298,424 Depreciation charges on property 6(13)(29) 56,927 57,837 Amortization charges on intensible assets 6(11)(29) 49,281 63,337 Amortization charges on intensible assets 6(14)(29) 49,281 63,337 Amortization of land use rights 6(15) - 20,190 Expected credit loss 12(2) 533,102 841,879 Expected credit loss 6(8) 121,307 100,290 Loss on decline in (gain from reversal of) market value and obsolete and slow-moving inventories 6(8) 1,133 1,586 Interest expense 6(28) 715,656 701,198 Interest expense 6(28) 715,656 701,198 Interest income 6(26) 470,136 388,760 Dividend income 6(26) (336,142) (200,275 Share of profit of associates accounted for under the equity method (200, 136,142) (200,275 Cash dividends on investments accounted for under the equity method (200, 136,142) (200,275 Cash dividends on investments accounted for under the equity method (200, 136,142) (200,275 Cash gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment (200, 136,142) (200,275 Cash gain in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142) (200, 136,142	· ·						
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment 6(10)(29) 324,039 338,388 Depreciation charges on right-of-use asset 6(11)(29) 56,927 57,837 Amortization charges on intestment property 6(13)(29) 49,281 63,310 Amortization charges on intangible assets 6(14)(29) 49,281 63,310 Amortization charges on intangible assets 6(14)(29) 533,102 841,879 Respected credit loss 12(2) 533,102 841,879 Respected (15) 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290 100,290							
Depreciation charges on right-of-use asset 6(11)(29) 56,927 57,837 Depreciation charges on investment property 6(13)(29) 56,927 57,837 Amortization charges on intagble assets 6(14)(29) 49,281 63,310 Amortization of land use rights 6(15) 2 20,190 Expected credit loss 12(2) 533,102 841,879 Expected credit loss 6(15) 6(2) 733,102 741,035 Loss on decline in (gain from reversal of) market value and 6(2) 745,656 701,198 Loss on scrapping inventory 6(8) 1,133 1,586 701,198 Interest income 6(26) 470,136 388,760 Dividend income 6(26) 470,136 388,760 Dividend income 6(26) 470,136 388,760 Dividend income 6(26) 470,136 470,136 Cash dividends on investments accounted for under the equity method 6(27) 739,617 Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment 6(27) 741,035 Changes in assests/liabilities relating to operating activities 5,935,040 1,403,463 Other receivables 5,5449 132,614 Inventories 5,935,040 1,403,833 Other ceceivables 5,5449 132,614 Inventories 5,935,040 1,403,833 Other ceceivables 6,5449 1,403,633 Other ceceivables 6,5449 1,403,633 Other ceceivables 6,5449 1,403,633 Other ceceivables 6,5449 1,403,633 Other ceceivables 7,404,835 1,403,831 Other ceceivables 7,404,835 1,403,831 Other ceceivables 7,404,8							
Depreciation charges on investment property Amortization charges on integrible assets 6(14)(29) 49,281 63,310 63,310 63,310 61,400 63,310 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400 61,400						338,388	
Amortization charges on intangible assets 6(14)(29) 49,281 63,310 Amortization of land use rights 6(15) - 20,190 Expected credit loss 12(2) 533,102 841,879 Net gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (20,27) Net gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (20,27) Net gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss on decline in (gain from reversal of) market value and obsolete and slow-moving inventories (6(8) 1,133 1,586 Loss on scrapping inventory 6(8) 1,133 1,586 Interest expense (6(28) 715,656 701,198 Interest income (6(26) (470,136) (388,760) Dividend income (6(26) (470,136) (388,760) Dividend income (6(26) (470,136) (388,760) Dividend income (6(27) (2,185,917) (1,845,203) Cash dividends on investments accounted for under the equity method (6(27) (2,185,917) (1,845,203) Cash dividends on investments accounted for under the equity method (6(27) (3,147) (3,147) Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment (6(27) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,147) (3,						-	
Amortization of land use rights				-			
Expected credit loss 12(2) 533,102 841,879 Net gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (2)(27) (2)(27)				49,281			
Net gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit of 100 (200) or loss	Amortization of land use rights	* *		=			
Design Consider	Expected credit loss	12(2)		533,102		841,879	
Loss on decline in (gain from reversal of) market value and obsolete and slow-moving inventories	Net gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit	6(2)(27)					
Dossolete and slow-moving inventories	or loss		(121,307)		100,290	
Loss on scrapping inventory		6(8)					
Interest expense 6(28)	obsolete and slow-moving inventories		(5,758)		187,698	
Interest income	Loss on scrapping inventory	6(8)		1,133		1,586	
Dividend income	Interest expense	6(28)		715,656		701,198	
Share of profit of associates accounted for under the equity method Cash dividends on investments accounted for under the equity method Cash dividends on investments accounted for under the equity method Cosy (agin) on disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment property Casy (agin) on disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method Casy (agin) on disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method Casy (agin) on disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method Casy (agin) on disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method Casy (agin) on disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method Casy (agin) on disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method Casy (agin) on disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method Casy (agin) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Casy (agin) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Casy (agin) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Casy (agin) on disposal of property Casy (agin) of Casy (agin) on disposal of property Casy (agin) on dis	Interest income	6(26)	(470,136)	(388,760)	
method (2,185,917) (1,845,203) Cash dividends on investments accounted for under the equity method 609,417 379,617 Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment property 6(27) 1,901 3,147) Gain on disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method 6(27) 741,035) Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities 8 8 Notes and accounts receivable 5,935,040 1,403,463) Other receivables 5,535,040 1,403,463) Inventories 9,112,640 4,730,000 Prepayments 367,829 1,470,813) Overdue receivables (617,766) 1,276,330) Long-term lease and installment receivables (617,766) 1,276,330) Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities (3,551,884) 1,443,460 Other payables (1,108,028) 432,107 Other current liabilities relating to operating activities 1,359,047 171,966) Other non-current liabilities 2,342 20,718 <	Dividend income	6(26)	(136,142)	(200,275)	
Cash dividends on investments accounted for under the equity method 609,417 379,617 Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment property 6(27) 1,901 3,147 Gain on disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method 6(27) 741,035 Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities 5,935,040 1,403,463 Notes and accounts receivable 5,935,040 1,403,463 Other receivables 55,449 132,614 Inventories 9,112,640 4,730,000 Prepayments 367,829 1,470,813 Overdue receivables (617,766) 1,276,330 Long-term lease and installment receivables 46,498 29,384 Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities (71,108,028) 432,107 Other payables (71,108,028) 432,107 Other payables (71,108,028) 432,107 Other current liabilities 1,359,047 171,966 Other non-current liabilities 2,342 20,718 Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 438,651 <tr< td=""><td>Share of profit of associates accounted for under the equity</td><td>6(9)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>	Share of profit of associates accounted for under the equity	6(9)					
equity method 609,417 379,617 Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment property 1,901 3,147 Gain on disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method 6(27) - (741,035) Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities 8 - (741,035) Net changes in assets relating to operating activities 5,935,040 1,403,463) Other receivables 55,449 132,614 Inventories 9,112,640 4,730,000 + 12,76,330 Oregayments 367,829 1,470,813 + 12,76,330 Overdue receivables 46,498 29,384 + 12,76,330 Long-term lease and installment receivables 46,498 29,384 + 1,443,460 Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities 46,498 29,384 + 1,443,460 Other payables (3,551,884) 1,443,460 Other payables (1,108,028) 432,107 Other current liabilities 9,342 20,718 Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 438,651 Interest paid (741,143) 619,844 + 1,114	method		(2,185,917)	(1,845,203)	
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment property 1,901 (Cash dividends on investments accounted for under the						
And investment property	equity method			609,417		379,617	
Gain on disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method 6(27) Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities 741,035) Notes and accounts receivable 5,935,040 (1,403,463) Other receivables 55,449 (1,276,330) Inventories 9,112,640 (4,730,000) Prepayments 367,829 (1,470,813) Overdue receivables (617,766) (1,276,330) Long-term lease and installment receivables 46,498 (29,384) Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities 367,829 (1,470,813) Notes and accounts payable (617,766) (1,276,330) Other payables (1,108,028) 46,498 (29,384) Other payables (1,108,028) 432,107 Other current liabilities (1,108,028) 432,107 Other on-current liabilities (1,108,028) 432,107 Other non-current liabilities (1,108,028) 438,651 Interest paid (1,108,028) 438,651 Interest paid (1,108,028) 438,651 Interest received (1,108,028) 438,651 Interest received (1,108,028) 438,651 Interest received (1,108,028) 438,651 Income tax paid (1,108,	Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(27)					
equity method - (741,035) Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities Notes and accounts receivable 5,935,040 (1,403,463) Other receivables 55,449 (132,614) Inventories 9,112,640 (4,730,000) Prepayments 367,829 (1,470,813) Overdue receivables (617,766) (1,276,330) Long-term lease and installment receivables 46,498 (29,384) Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities Notes and accounts payable (3,551,884) (1,443,460) Other payables (1,108,028) (1,108,028) (1,109,047) 432,107 Other current liabilities 1,359,047 (171,966) Other non-current liabilities 9,342 (20,718) Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 (438,651) Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 (388,760) Dividend received 136,142 (244,635) Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)	and investment property			1,901	(3,147)	
equity method - (741,035) Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities Notes and accounts receivable 5,935,040 (1,403,463) Other receivables 55,449 (132,614) Inventories 9,112,640 (4,730,000) Prepayments 367,829 (1,470,813) Overdue receivables (617,766) (1,276,330) Long-term lease and installment receivables 46,498 (29,384) Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities Notes and accounts payable (3,551,884) (1,443,460) Other payables (1,108,028) (1,108,028) (1,109,047) 432,107 Other current liabilities 1,359,047 (171,966) Other non-current liabilities 9,342 (20,718) Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 (438,651) Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 (388,760) Dividend received 136,142 (244,635) Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)	Gain on disposal of investments accounted for under the	6(27)					
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities Note changes in assets relating to operating activities 5,935,040 (1,403,463) Other receivables 55,449 (132,614) Inventories 9,112,640 (4,730,000) Prepayments 367,829 (1,470,813) Overdue receivables (617,766) (1,276,330) Long-term lease and installment receivables 46,498 (29,384) Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities 3,551,884 (1,108,028) 1,443,460 Other payables (1,108,028) (1,108,028) 432,107 Other current liabilities 1,359,047 (171,966) 171,966) Other non-current liabilities 9,342 (20,718) Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 (438,651) Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 (388,760) Dividend received 136,142 (244,635) Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)		. ,		-	(741,035)	
Net changes in assets relating to operating activities 5,935,040 (1,403,463) Other receivables 55,449 (132,614) Inventories 9,112,640 (4,730,000) Prepayments 367,829 (1,470,813) Overdue receivables (617,766) (1,276,330) Long-term lease and installment receivables 46,498 (29,384) Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities 3,551,884 (1,108,028) Notes and accounts payable (1,108,028) 432,107 Other payables (1,108,028) 432,107 Other current liabilities 1,359,047 (171,966) 171,966) Other non-current liabilities 9,342 (20,718) Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 (438,651) Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 (388,760) Dividend received 136,142 (244,635) Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)					`	,	
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Other receivables 55,449 132,614 Inventories 9,112,640 (4,730,000) Prepayments 367,829 (1,470,813) Overdue receivables (617,766) (1,276,330) Long-term lease and installment receivables 46,498 (29,384) Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities Total counts payable 1,443,460 Other payables (1,108,028) 432,107 Other current liabilities 1,359,047 (171,966) Other non-current liabilities 9,342 / 20,718 20,718 Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 / 438,651 438,651 Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 / 388,760 388,760 Dividend received 136,142 / 244,635 244,635 Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)				5,935,040	(1,403,463)	
Inventories 9,112,640 (4,730,000) Prepayments 367,829 (1,470,813) Overdue receivables (617,766) (1,276,330) Long-term lease and installment receivables 46,498 (29,384) Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities 1,443,460 Notes and accounts payable (3,551,884) 1,443,460 Other payables (1,108,028) 432,107 Other current liabilities 1,359,047 (171,966) Other non-current liabilities 9,342 20,718 Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 438,651 Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 388,760 Dividend received 136,142 244,635 Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)	Other receivables						
Prepayments 367,829 (1,470,813) Overdue receivables (617,766) (1,276,330) Long-term lease and installment receivables 46,498 (29,384) Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities Total counts payable Notes and accounts payable (3,551,884) (1,443,460) Other payables (1,108,028) (171,966) Other current liabilities 1,359,047 (171,966) Other non-current liabilities 9,342 (20,718) Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 (438,651) Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 (388,760) Dividend received 136,142 (244,635) Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)					(
Overdue receivables (617,766) (1,276,330) Long-term lease and installment receivables 46,498 (29,384) Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities 1,443,460 Notes and accounts payable (3,551,884) 1,443,460 Other payables (1,108,028) 432,107 Other current liabilities 1,359,047 (171,966) Other non-current liabilities 9,342 20,718 Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 438,651 Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 388,760 Dividend received 136,142 244,635 Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)					(
Long-term lease and installment receivables 46,498 (29,384) Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities 1,443,460 Notes and accounts payable (3,551,884) 1,443,460 Other payables (1,108,028) 432,107 Other current liabilities 1,359,047 (171,966) Other non-current liabilities 9,342 20,718 Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 438,651 Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 388,760 Dividend received 136,142 244,635 Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)			(-	(
Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities Notes and accounts payable (3,551,884) 1,443,460 Other payables (1,108,028) 432,107 Other current liabilities 1,359,047 (171,966) 171,966) Other non-current liabilities 9,342 20,718 20,718 Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 438,651 438,651 Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) 619,844) Interest received 470,136 388,760 388,760 Dividend received 136,142 244,635 Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)			((
Notes and accounts payable (3,551,884) 1,443,460 Other payables (1,108,028) 432,107 Other current liabilities 1,359,047 (171,966) Other non-current liabilities 9,342 20,718 Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 438,651 Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 388,760 Dividend received 136,142 244,635 Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)	<u>c</u>			10,170	(27,301)	
Other payables (1,108,028) 432,107 Other current liabilities 1,359,047 (171,966) 171,966) Other non-current liabilities 9,342 20,718 20,718 Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 438,651 438,651 Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) 619,844) Interest received 470,136 388,760 388,760 Dividend received 136,142 244,635 244,635 Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)			(3 551 884)		1 443 460	
Other current liabilities 1,359,047 (171,966) Other non-current liabilities 9,342 20,718 Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 438,651 Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 388,760 Dividend received 136,142 244,635 Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)	* *		(
Other non-current liabilities 9,342 20,718 Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 438,651 Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 388,760 Dividend received 136,142 244,635 Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)	* *		((
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 20,168,746 438,651 Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 388,760 Dividend received 136,142 244,635 Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)					(
Interest paid (741,143) (619,844) Interest received 470,136 388,760 Dividend received 136,142 244,635 Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)							
Interest received 470,136 388,760 Dividend received 136,142 244,635 Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)			((,	
Dividend received 136,142 244,635 Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)			((
Income tax paid (1,222,202) (936,150) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)				-			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 18,811,679 (483,948)			((
			((
	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			18,811,6/9	(483,948)	

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

	Notes		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair					
value through profit or loss		\$	-	\$	2,932
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit					
or loss		(8,648,345)	(158,013)
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair					
value through other comprehensive income			15,343		72,537
Financial assets at amortized cost			19,856		10,777
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for	6(9)				
using equity method			-		1,372,999
Net cash flow from acquisition of subsidiaries			-	(8,232)
Net cash flow from acquisition of subsidiaries' share	6(33)	(6,390)	(8,210)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(36)	(273,813)	(577,268)
Increase in investment property	6(13)	(1,019)	(2,435)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			15,510		17,384
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(14)	(69,500)	(57,639)
Decrease in refundable deposits			48,312		379,868
Increase in refundable deposits		(89,361)	•	127,116)
Increase in restricted time deposits		(50,198)	(577,175)
Decrease in restricted time deposits			23,452		696,878
Decrease in other non-current asset			43,889		17,823
Decrease in time deposits maturing over three months			900,900		-
Increase in time deposits maturing over three months		(1,806,711)		-
Increase in prepayment for construction in progress		(2,506,982)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(12,385,057)		1,055,110
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Increase in short-term loans	6(37)		1,175,824		4,500,306
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	6(37)	(1,410,000)	(890,000)
Increase in guarantee deposits received	6(37)		271,400		52,750
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	6(37)	(277,728)	(56,196)
Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities	6(37)	(267,889)		-
Payment of cash dividends	6(23)(37)	(3,335,894)	(3,669,483)
Net cash used in financing activities		(3,844,287)	(62,623)
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates		(1,914,840)	(548,836)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			667,495	(40,297)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year			5,674,663		5,714,960
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		\$	6,342,158	\$	5,674,663

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

PARENT COMPANY ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

Report of Independent Accountants Translated From Chinese

PWCR19000371

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Synnex Technology International Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of Synnex Technology International Corporation (the "Company") as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related parent company only statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors (see information disclosed in the *Other Matter - Scope of the Audit* section of our report), the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the parent company only financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and its parent company only financial performance and its parent company only cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers".

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit of the parent company only financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants", "Rule No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Auditing-1090360805 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission on February 25, 2020" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China (ROC GAAS); and in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and ROC GAAS for our audit of the parent company only financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of

the Company in accordance with the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters in relation to the parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 are stated as follows:

Key audit matter – Assessment of allowance for uncollectible accounts Description

Please refer to Note 4(9) & (10) for accounting policies adopted for accounts receivable. Please refer to Note 5(2), for critical accounting estimates and key sources of assumption uncertainty of loss allowance for accounts receivable. Please refer to Note 6(5) for details of accounts receivable.

The Company is primarily engaged in the sale of communication products, consumer electronic products, electronic products and components. The Company manages the collection of accounts receivable from customers and bears the associated credit risk. The Company assesses impairment of accounts receivable in accordance with IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'. The management categorized the accounts receivable assessment into individual provision and group provison. For individually assessed accounts receivable, allowance is recognised on a case by case basis. The assessment process is affected by management's judgement on various factors: customers' financial conditions, internal credit ratings, historical transaction records, and current economic conditions, etc. For group assessed accounts receivable, assessment process is affected by management's judgement on historical uncollectible records, current economic conditions and the forecastability information to assess the default possibility of uncollectible accounts. As

management's judgement on determining allowance for uncollectible accounts is relatively subjective and the estimated amount is material to the financial statements, therefore, we indicated that the assessment of allowance for uncollectible accounts as one of the key audit matters.

How our audit addressed the matter

The scope of our audit responded to the risk as follows:

- 1. Understood the credit quality of the Company's customers, assessed the reasonableness of classification of accounts receivable, the policies and the procedures applied in loss allowance provision.
- 2. For individually assessed accounts, selected and verified samples of managements' impairment evaluation. Discussed with management the assessment results and evaluated the adequacy of the provision.
- 3. For accounts assessed as a group, considered historical uncollectible records and the management's forecastability adjustment information to determine whether the provision ratio of allowance for uncollectible accounts is reasonable. For significant accounts, examined subsequent collections after balance sheet date.

Key audit matter – Assessment of allowance for valuation of inventory

Please refer to Note 4(13) for description of accounting policies on allowance for inventory valuation. Please refer to Note 5(2) for accounting estimates and assumption uncertainty. Please refer to Note 6(7) for details of inventory items.

For the purpose of meeting diverse customer needs, the Company applied multi-brand and multi-product strategy. Due to the short life cycle of electronic products and the price is highly affected by market fluctuation, there is a high risk of incurring inventory valuation losses. The Company's inventory policy on inventory valuation is based on the lower of cost or net realisable value. For inventory that was checked item by item for net relisable value, the Company then applied the lower of cost or net realisable value method for recognizing loss on decline in market value.

How our audit addressed the matter

The scope of our audit responded to the risk as follows:

- 1. Obtained the Company's policy applied to the assessment of allowance for valuation of inventory loss. Assessed whether the allowance recognition policy is applied in a manner consistent between comparative and current periods of the financial statements.
- 2. Obtained net realisable value report for inventory items and verified that a consistent systematic logic was applied to the calculation. First, tested the assumptions such as: sources of sales or purchases data and relevant supporting estimation documents. Second, recalculated net realisable value item by item, then applied the lower of cost or net realizable value method for valuation and whether reasonable allowance was recognised.
- 3. Compared current and previous year's allowance for valuation of inventory loss. Reviewed each period's days sales of inventory in order to assess the adequacy and reasonableness of allowance recognised.

Key audit matter – Assessment of purchase rebate

Description

Please refer to Note 4(13) for accounting policies adopted for the recognition of purchase rebate. Please refer to Note 5(2) for critical accounting estimates and assumptions applied in the accounting policy for the recognition of purchase rebate.

The Company engages in various purchase contracts for different items with different suppliers. There are various types of rebate programs including incentives for certain purchase volume from vendors, purchase discounts and allowances, participations in special purchase promotions, and subsidies for marketing. The Company estimates rebates that shall be recognised in accordance with the percentage of achievement of the rebate contract terms. There are various types of rebate programs, complicated calculations and transactions with different suppliers as well as the manual process involved in the verification and calculation of rebates. All of these aforementioned factors adds to the complexity of assessing purchasing rebate. Thus, we indicated that the assessment of purchase rebate as one of the key audit matters for this fiscal year.

How our audit addressed the matter

The scope of our audit responded to the risk as follows:

- 1. Obtained an understanding and tested the effectiveness of internal control over the estimation of purchase rebate. Tested the appropriate controls over contractual terms regarding rebates. Checked whether the recognition and drawing of rebate amount has been approved by the proper authority.
- 2. Selected samples of details of purchase rebate estimation, reviewed the inventory items and checked its supporting documents in order to assess the reasonableness of estimation.
- 3. First, sampled details of purchase rebate estimation without notice from suppliers that has been recognised as of the balance sheet date. Second, after the balance sheet date, selected samples that have received debit notes or other supporting documents from suppliers to check whether actual rebate approximated the estimation. In addition, after balance sheet date, checked whether there were significant new rebates that should be recognised as of the balance sheet date.
- 4. For significant outstanding rebate receivable accounts, we sampled accounts and checked the existence of original vouchers or supporting documents or tested subsequent collections after the balance sheet date.

Other matters – Scope of the Audit

We did not audit the investments accounted for using equity method and financial statements of certain subsidiaries which were included in the parent company only financial statements of the Company and were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein, in so far as it relates to the investments accounted for using equity method and the amounts and the information disclosed in Note 13 included in these financial statements, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. Additionally, for certain investees financial reports that were prepared under different accounting standards, we have performed required additional auditing procedures for the adjustments of these reports in conformity with "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers". Therefore, our opinion expressed regarding the amounts before adjustments in the aforementioned investees' financial statements is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

As at December 31, 2019 and 2018, the balance of investments accounted for using equity method of certain subsidiaries was NT\$14,293,936 thousand and NT\$14,598,752 thousand, respectively, constituting 15% and 16% of parent company only total assets respectively; for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the recognised net profit of investments accounted for using equity method was NT\$1,994,947 thousand and NT\$1,874,556 thousand, respectively, constituting 29% and 28% of parent company only net profits respectively; In addition, for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the recognised comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method was NT\$1,662,724 thousand and NT\$2,065,537 thousand, respectively, constituting 29% and 36% of the parent company comprehensive income, respectively.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the parent company only financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ROC GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate,

they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ROC GAAS, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the individual audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Yeh, Tsui Miao

Wu, Yu-Lung

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan March 13, 2020

The accompanying parent company only financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying parent company only financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice. As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

				December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018	
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		Amount	%	Amount	<u>%</u>
•	Current liabilities						
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(13)	\$	35,560,000	37 \$	29,990,000	33
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(14)		5,850,000	6	7,350,000	8
2150	Notes payable			74,746	-	350,324	1
2160	Notes payable - related parties	7(2)		-	-	20,223	-
2170	Accounts payable			3,359,100	4	3,516,492	4
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7(2)		274,487	-	16,683	-
2200	Other payables	6(15)		809,055	1	836,360	1
2220	Other payables - related parties	7(2)		266,382	-	352,849	-
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(28)		179,983	-	59,334	-
2280	Current lease liabilities	6(10)		49,939	-	-	-
2300	Other current liabilities	6(16)		416,834	<u> </u>	275,261	
21XX	Current Liabilities			46,840,526	48	42,767,526	47
I	Non-current liabilities						
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(28)		-	-	32,119	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	6(10)		150,533	-	-	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(17)		307,925	1	309,600	1
2XXX	Total Liabilities			47,298,984	49	43,109,245	48
]	Equity attributable to owners of						
ı	parent						
•	Share capital	6(18)					
3110	Share capital - common stock			16,679,470	17	16,679,470	18
	Capital surplus	6(19)					
3200	Capital surplus			14,743,296	15	14,846,786	17
j	Retained earnings	6(20)					
3310	Legal reserve	,		8,175,300	9	7,514,560	8
3320	Special reserve			6,177,007	6	4,820,549	5
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			11,334,225	12	9,886,188	11
	Other equity interest	6(21)		, ,		, ,	
3400	Other equity interest	. ,	(7.295.011)(8) (6,177,007)(7
3XXX	Total equity		`			47,570,546	52
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9					
	unrecognized contract commitments	-					
	Significant events after the balance	11					
	sheet date						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	07 112 271	100 \$	00 670 701	100
<i>3</i> Λ4Λ		notes are an integra		97,113,271 se consolidated finan		90,679,791 ents	100

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE)

				Year	rs ended	Deceml	ber 31,	
				2019			2018	
	Items	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%
4000	Sales revenue	6(22) and 7(2)	\$	42,587,573	100	\$	43,218,857	100
5000	Operating costs	6(7) and 7(2)	(40,545,716) (_	95)	(41,063,307) (95)
5950	Net operating margin			2,041,857	5		2,155,550	5
	Operating expenses	6(17)(26)(27)						
6100	Selling expenses		(989,805) (3)		1,031,494) (2)
6200	General & administrative expenses	10(0)	(886,915) (2)	(1,057,823) (3)
6450	Expected credit loss	12(2)	(10,098)	<u> </u>	(1,213)	<u> </u>
6000	Total operating expenses		(1,886,818) (_	5)	(2,090,530) (5)
6900	Operating profit			155,039			65,020	
	Non-operating income and expenses							
7010	Other income	6(23)	,	776,258	2		885,324	2
7020	Other gains and losses	6(24)	(138,717)	-	,	115,988	- 1.
7050	Finance costs	6(25)	(385,271) (1)	(361,761) (1)
7070	Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates	6(8)						
	and joint ventures accounted for using			6 556 560	1.5		5 000 205	1.4
7000	equity method Total non-operating revenue and			6,556,569	15		5,998,305	14
7000	expenses			6,808,839	16		6,637,856	15
7900	Profit before income tax			6,963,878	16		6,702,876	15
7950	Income tax expense	6(28)	(148,635)	-	(95,472)	-
8200	Profit for the year	0(20)	(6,815,243	16	<u>+</u>	6,607,404	15
0200	•		φ	0,013,243	10	φ	0,007,404	13
	Other comprehensive income Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss							
8311	Actuarial gain (loss) on defined benefit	6(17)						
	plan		\$	1,554	-	(\$	20,152)	-
8316	Unrealised gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other							
8330	comprehensive income Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted			1,555,189	4	(284,546) (1)
8349	for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Income tax related to components of	6(28)		44,357	-		30,009	-
	other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(311)	<u> </u>		9,909	
8310	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			1,600,789	4	(264,780) (1)
	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss					·		·
8361	Financial statements translation	6(21)						
8380	differences of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of		(2,394,005) (6)	(847,646) (2)
0.00	other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss		(329,370) (_	<u>1</u>)		194,452	1
8360	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss		(2,723,375) (<u>7</u>)	(653,194) (1)
8300	Total other comprehensive income for the		-					
	year		(\$	1,122,586) (3)	(\$	917,974) (2)
8500	Total comprehensive income for the year		\$	5,692,657	13	\$	5,689,430	13
	-							
	Earnings per share	6(29)						
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$		4.09	\$		3.96
9850	Diluted earnings per share		\$		4.09	\$		3.96

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

					Retained Earnings			Other equity interest		
	Notes	Share capital -	<u>Capital surplus</u>	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Unrealized gain or loss on available-for- sale financial assets	Total
2018 Balance at January 1, 2018		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,364,858	\$ 6,903,070	\$ 2,837,318	\$ 9,207,169	(\$ 5,249,825)	¢	\$ 429.277	\$ 45,171,337
Effects of retrospective application and retrospective		\$ 10,079,470	\$ 14,304,838	\$ 6,903,070	\$ 2,837,318	\$ 9,207,169	(\$ 5,249,825)	\$ -	\$ 429,277	\$ 45,1/1,55/
restatement		_	_	_	_	324,942	_	(15,626)	(429,277)	(119,961)
Balance at January 1 after adjustments		16,679,470	14,364,858	6,903,070	2,837,318	9,532,111	(5,249,825)	(15,626)	-	45,051,376
Net income for 2018			-			6,607,404	-			6,607,404
Other comprehensive (lose) income for 2018	6(21)	-	_	_	_	(6,418)	(653,194)	(258,362)	_	(917,974)
Total comprehensive income						6,600,986	(653,194)	(258,362)		5,689,430
Appropriations of 2017 earnings	6(20)									
Provision for legal reserve		-	-	611,490	-	(611,490)	=	=	-	=
Provision for special reserve		-	-	-	1,983,231	(1,983,231)	-	-	-	-
Distribution of cash dividend		-	-	-	-	(3,669,483)	-	-	-	(3,669,483)
Change in net assets of the associate and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method		-	480,615	_	-	17,295	-	-	-	497,910
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries disposed	6(30)	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends		-	1,307	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,307
Balance at December 31, 2018		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,846,786	\$ 7,514,560	\$ 4,820,549	\$ 9,886,188	(\$ 5,903,019)	(\$ 273,988)	\$ -	\$ 47,570,546
2019										
Balance at January 1, 2019		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,846,786	\$ 7,514,560	\$ 4,820,549	\$ 9,886,188	(\$ 5,903,019)	(\$ 273,988)	\$ -	\$ 47,570,546
Net income for 2019			-			6,815,243	-	-	-	6,815,243
Other comprehensive (lose) income for 2019	6(21)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(4,582)	(2,723,375_)	1,605,371		(1,122,586)
Total comprehensive income		_				6,810,661	(2,723,375_)	1,605,371		5,692,657
Appropriations of 2018 earnings	6(20)									
Provision for legal reserve		-	-	660,740	-	(660,740)	=	-	-	=
Provision for special reserve		-	-	-	1,356,458	(1,356,458)	-	-	-	-
Distribution of cash dividend		-	-	-	-	(3,335,894)	-	-	-	(3,335,894)
Change in net assets of the associate and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method		-	(104,382)	-	-	(9,532)	-	-	-	(113,914)
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries disposed	6(30)	-	377	-	-	-	-	-	-	377
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends		-	515	-	-	-	-	-	-	515
Balance at December 31, 2019		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,743,296	\$ 8,175,300	\$ 6,177,007	\$ 11,334,225	(\$ 8,626,394)	\$ 1,331,383	\$ -	\$ 49,814,287

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

$\frac{\text{SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION}}{\text{PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS}} \\ \underline{\text{YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018}} \\ (\text{EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS})$

	Years ended December 31,			ber 31,	
	Notes		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before income tax for the year		\$	6,963,878	\$	6,702,876
Adjustments to reconcile profit before income tax to net cash					
provided by operating activities					
Income and expenses having no effect on cash flows					
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	6(9)(26)		67,904		82,368
Depreciation charges on right-of-use asset	6(10)(26)		51,806		-
Amortisation charges	6(26)		29,707		42,308
Expected credit loss	12(2)		10,098		1,213
Net (gain) loss on financial assets at fair value through	6(2)(24)				
profit or loss		(14,113)		5,589
Loss on decline in market value and obsolete and slow-	6(7)	Ì			
moving inventories			2,832		10,642
Loss on obsolescence	6(7)		1,133		1,586
Interest expense	6(25)		385,271		361,761
Interest income	6(23)	(94,952)	(81,037)
Dividend income	6(23)	Ì	88,373)	,	152,968)
Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates and joint	6(8)	`	,		, ,
ventures accounted for using equity method	()	(6,556,569)	(5,998,305)
Cash dividends on investments accounted for under the		`	, ,		,
equity method			352,294		334,067
(Loss) gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(24)		1,710	(5,010)
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities	()		,		, ,
Net changes in assets relating to operating activities					
Accounts and notes receivable			579,174		207,616
Inventories			743,153	(230,549)
Other receivables			13,517		398,289
Prepayments			9,098		37,419
Overdue receivables		(11,078)		3,668
Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities			,,		- ,
Accounts and notes payable		(195,389)	(455,537)
Other payables			38,355		41,271
Other current liabilities			141,573	(18,079)
Accrued pension liabilities		(121)	(77)
Cash inflow generated from operations			2,430,908		1,289,111
Interest paid		(400,918)	(353,462)
Interest received		(94,952	(81,037
Dividend received			88,373		152,968
Income tax paid		(85,007)	(54,196)
Net cash provided by operating activities			2,128,308		1,115,458
rich cash provided by operating activities			2,120,300		1,113,430

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 and 2018 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

			Years ended December 31,				
	Notes		2019		2018		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair							
value through other comprehensive income		\$	15,343	\$	72,537		
Increase in other receivable due from related parties	7(2)	(60,571)	(606,805)		
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity	6(8)						
method		(6,390)	(8,210)		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(9)	(6,113)	(55,463)		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			-		6,913		
Acquisition of intangible assets		(65,259)	(33,509)		
Decrease in other non-current assets			1,653		28,568		
Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits			944	(517)		
Increase in prepayment for construction in progress		(2,508,948)		-		
Decrease (increase) in restricted time deposits			1,863	(1,134)		
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(2,627,478)	(597,620)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Increase in short-term loans	6(32)		5,570,000		3,789,000		
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	6(32)	(1,500,000)	(940,000)		
(Decrease) increase in other payable to related parties	7(2)	(135,965)		286,115		
Payments of lease liabilities	6(32)	(53,888)		-		
Increase in guarantee deposits received	6(32)		-		93		
Payment of cash dividends	6(20)	(3,335,894)	(3,669,483)		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities			544,253	(534,275)		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			45,083	(16,437)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			565,688		582,125		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	610,771	\$	565,688		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Synnex Technology International Corp. Comparison of Amended Provisions to the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles

Article	Amended Provisions	Before Amendment	Reasons for amendment
Article 2	(Prohibition of unethical conduct) When engaging in commercial activities, directors, managers, employees, and mandataries of the Company or persons having substantial control over the Company (hereinafter "Substantial Controllers") shall not directly or indirectly offer, promise to offer, request or accept any improper benefits, nor commit unethical acts including ethics breaches, illegal acts, or breaches of fiduciary duty for purposes of acquiring or maintaining benefits (hereinafter "unethical conduct"). Parties referred to in the preceding paragraph include civil servants, political candidates, political parties or members of political parties, state-run or private-owned businesses or institutions, and their directors, supervisors, managers, employees, mandataries or Substantial Controllers or other stakeholders.	(Prohibition of unethical conduct) When engaging in commercial activities, directors, supervisors managers, employees, and mandataries of the Company or persons having substantial control over the Company (hereinafter "Substantial Controllers") shall not directly or indirectly offer, promise to offer, request or accept any improper benefits, nor commit unethical acts including ethics breaches, illegal acts, or breaches of fiduciary duty for purposes of acquiring or maintaining benefits (hereinafter "unethical conduct"). Parties referred to in the preceding paragraph include civil servants, political candidates, political parties or members of political parties, state-run or private-owned businesses or institutions, and their directors, supervisors, managers, employees, mandataries or Substantial Controllers or other stakeholders.	Establishment of the audit committee, text deletion.
Article 7	(Scope of prevention programs) The Company shall establish a risk assessment mechanism against unethical conduct, analyze and assess on an irregular basis business activities within their business scope which are at a higher risk of being involved in unethical conduct, and establish prevention programs accordingly and review their adequacy and effectiveness on an irregular basis.	(Scope of prevention programs) When the Company <u>establishes a prevention program</u> , the Company <u>shall</u> analyze the business activities within their business scope which are at a higher risk of being involved in unethical conduct, and <u>strengthen relevant</u> preventive <u>measures</u> . The Company shall establish prevention programs, which shall include preventive measures against	Reference the regulations in Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation letter Tai-Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1080008378 dated May 23, 2019.

The Company shall refer to prevailing domestic and foreign standards or establishing guidelines in prevention programs, which shall at <u>least</u> include preventive measures against the following: I. Offering and acceptance of bribes. II. Illegal political donations. III. Improper charitable donations or sponsorships. IV. Provide or accept unreasonable gifts, services, hospitality, or other improper benefits. V. Misappropriation trade secrets and infringement of trademark rights, patent rights, other copyrights, and intellectual property rights. VI. Engaging in unfair competitive practices. VII. Damage directly or indirectly caused to the rights or interests, health, or safety of consumers or other stakeholders in the of course research and development, procurement,

the following:

- Offering and acceptance of bribes.
- Illegal political donations.
- III. Improper charitable donations or sponsorships.
- IV. Provide or accept unreasonable gifts, services, hospitality, or other improper benefits.
- V. Misappropriation secrets and infringement of trademark rights, patent rights, other copyrights, and intellectual property rights.
- VI. Engaging in unfair competitive practices.
- VII. Damage directly or indirectly caused to the rights or interests, health, or safety of consumers or other stakeholders in the of course research and development, procurement, manufacture, provision, or sale of products and services.

Article 8

(Commitment and implementation) The Company shall request that the directors and senior management issue a statement of compliance with the ethical management policy and require in the terms of employment that employees comply with such policy.

manufacture, provision, or sale

of products and services.

The Company and our respective business group shall clearly specify in its rules and external documents and on the company website the ethical corporate management policies and the commitment by the board of directors and senior management on

(Commitment and implementation)

Reference the regulations in Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation letter Tai-Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1080008378 dated May 23, 2019.

The Company and our respective business group shall clearly specify in the rules and external documents the ethical corporate management policies and the board of directors and management shall commit to the rigorous and thorough

	rigaraus and thereugh	implementation of such policies and	
	rigorous and thorough	implementation of such policies, and	
	implementation of such policies, and	shall carry out the policies in internal	
	shall carry out the policies in internal	management and in commercial	
	management and in commercial	activities.	
	activities.		
	The Company shall compile		
	documented information on the		
	ethical management policy,		
	statement, commitment and		
	implementation mentioned in the		
	Paragraphs 1 and 2 and retain said		
	information properly.		
Article 10	(Prohibition of offering and acceptance	(Prohibition of offering and acceptance	Establishment of
	of bribes)	of bribes)	the audit
	When conducting business, the	When conducting business, the	committee, text
	Company and the directors, managers,	Company and the directors,	deletion.
	employees, mandataries, and	supervisors, managers, employees,	
	Substantial Controllers, may not	mandataries, and Substantial	
	directly or indirectly offer, promise to	Controllers, may not directly or	
	offer, request, or accept any improper	indirectly offer, promise to offer,	
	benefits in whatever form to or from	request, or accept any improper	
	clients, agents, contractors, suppliers,	benefits in whatever form to or from	
	public servants, or other stakeholders.		
	public servants, or other stakeholders.	clients, agents, contractors, suppliers,	
Australia 4.4	/Duals its in a second supplies and	public servants, or other stakeholders.	Catablish as a f
Article 11	(Prohibition of illegal political	(Prohibition of illegal political	Establishment of
	donations)	donations)	the audit
	When directly or indirectly offering a	When directly or indirectly offering a	committee, text
	donation to political parties or	donation to political parties or	deletion.
	organizations or individuals	organizations or individuals	
	participating in political activities, the	participating in political activities, the	
	Company and the directors, managers,	Company and the directors,	
	employees, mandataries, and	supervisors, managers, employees,	
	Substantial Controllers, shall comply	mandataries, and Substantial	
	with the Political Donations Act, and	Controllers, shall comply with the	
	shall not make such donations in	Political Donations Act, and shall not	
	exchange for commercial gains or	make such donations in exchange for	
	business advantages.	commercial gains or business	
		advantages.	
Article 12	(Prohibition of improper charitable	(Prohibition of improper charitable	Establishment of
	donations or sponsorship)	donations or sponsorship)	the audit
	When making or offering donations	When making or offering donations	committee, text
	and sponsorship, the Company and	and sponsorship, the Company and	deletion.
	the directors, managers, employees,	the directors, <u>supervisors</u> , managers,	
	mandataries, and substantial	employees , mandataries, and	
	and Substantial	- project / managataries/ and	

	controllers shall comply with relevant	substantial controllers shall comply	
	laws and regulations, and shall not	with relevant laws and regulations,	
	surreptitiously engage in bribery.	and shall not surreptitiously engage in	
	Surreputiously engage in bribery.	bribery.	
Article 13	(Prohibition to provide or accept unreasonable gifts, services, hospitality, or other improper benefits) The Company and the directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and Substantial Controllers shall not directly or indirectly offer or accept any unreasonable presents, hospitality, or other improper benefits to establish business relationship or influence commercial transactions.	(Prohibition to provide or accept unreasonable gifts, services, hospitality, or other improper benefits) The Company and the directors, supervisors, managers, employees, mandataries, and Substantial Controllers shall not directly or indirectly offer or accept any unreasonable presents, hospitality, or other improper benefits to establish business relationship or influence commercial transactions.	Establishment of the audit committee, text deletion.
Article 14	(Prohibition of infringement of intellectual property rights) The Company and the directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and Substantial Controllers shall observe applicable laws and regulations, the Company's internal operational procedures, and contractual provisions concerning intellectual property, and may not use, disclose, dispose, or damage intellectual property or otherwise infringe intellectual property rights without the prior consent of the intellectual property rights holder.	(Prohibition of infringement of intellectual property rights) The Company and the directors, supervisors, managers, employees, mandataries, and Substantial Controllers shall observe applicable laws and regulations, the Company's internal operational procedures, and contractual provisions concerning intellectual property, and may not use, disclose, dispose, or damage intellectual property or otherwise infringe intellectual property rights without the prior consent of the intellectual property rights holder.	Establishment of the audit committee, text deletion.
Article 16	(Prevention of damage caused to the stakeholders by products and services) In the course of research and development, procurement, manufacture, provision, or sale of products and services, the Company and the directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and Substantial Controllers shall observe applicable laws and regulations and international standards to ensure the transparency of information about,	(Prevention of damage caused to the stakeholders by products and services) In the course of research and development, procurement, manufacture, provision, or sale of products and services, the Company and the directors, supervisors, managers, employees, mandataries, and Substantial Controllers shall observe applicable laws and regulations and international	Establishment of the audit committee, text deletion.

and safety of, their products and services. They shall also adopt and publish a policy on the protection of the rights and interests of consumers or other stakeholders, and carry out the policy in the operations, with a view to preventing their products and services from directly or indirectly damaging the rights and interests, health, and safety of consumers or other stakeholders. Where there are sufficient facts to determine that the Company's products or services are likely to pose any hazard to the safety and health of consumers or other stakeholders, the Company shall, in principle, recall those products or suspend the services immediately.

standards to ensure the transparency of information about, and safety of, their products and services. They shall also adopt and publish a policy on the protection of the rights and interests of consumers or other stakeholders, and carry out the policy in the operations, with a view to preventing their products and services from directly or indirectly damaging the rights and interests, health, and safety of consumers or other stakeholders. Where there are sufficient facts to determine that the Company's products or services are likely to pose any hazard to the safety and health of consumers or other stakeholders, the Company shall, in principle, recall those products or suspend the services immediately.

Article 17

(Organization and responsibility) The directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers of the Company shall exercise the due care of good administrators to urge the Company to prevent unethical conduct, always review the results of the preventive measures and continually make adjustments so as to ensure thorough implementation of its ethical corporate management policies.

To achieve sound ethical corporate management, the Company shall avail itself of adequate resources and staff itself with competent personnel, the Human Resources Development Center shall be responsible for establishing the ethical corporate management policies and prevention programs. The internal audit unit of the Company shall be responsible for

(Organization and responsibility)

The directors, supervisors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers of the Company shall exercise the due care of good administrators to urge the Company to prevent unethical conduct, always review the results of the preventive measures and continually make adjustments so as to ensure thorough implementation of its ethical corporate management policies.

To achieve sound ethical corporate management, the Company shall establish a dedicated unit responsible for establishing and supervising the implementation of the ethical corporate management policies and prevention programs and shall report to the board of directors on an irregular basis.

- 1.Reference the regulations in Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation letter Tai-Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1080008378 dated May 23, 2019.
- 2.Establishment of the audit committee, text deletion.

supervision, implementation, and the following matters, and shall inspect compliance status and produce audit reports to report to the board of directors on an irregular basis:

- I. Assisting in incorporating ethics and moral values into the Company's business strategy and adopting appropriate prevention measures against corruption and malfeasance to ensure ethical management in compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations.
- II. Analyzing and assessing on an irregular basis the risk of involvement in unethical conduct within the business scope, adopting accordingly programs to prevent unethical conduct, and setting out in each program the standard operating procedures and conduct guidelines with respect to the Company's operations and business.
- III. Planning the internal organization, structure, and allocation of responsibilities and setting up check-and-balance mechanisms for mutual supervision of the business activities within the business scope which are possibly at a higher risk for unethical conduct.
- IV. Promoting and coordinating awareness and educational activities with respect to ethics policy.

			İ
	V. <u>Developing a whistle-blowing</u>		
	system and ensuring its		
	operating effectiveness.		
	VI. <u>Assisting the board of</u>		
	directors and management in		
	auditing and assessing		
	whether the prevention		
	measures taken for the		
	purpose of implementing		
	ethical management are		
	effectively operating, and		
	preparing reports on the		
	irregular assessment of		
	compliance with ethical		
	management in operating		
	procedures.		
Article 18	(Compliance of the laws and	(Compliance of the laws and	Establishment of
	regulations when conducting	regulations when conducting	the audit
	business)	business)	committee, text
	The directors, managers, employees,	The directors, <u>supervisors,</u> managers,	deletion.
	mandataries, and Substantial	employees, mandataries, and	
	Controllers of the Company shall	Substantial Controllers of the	
	comply with laws and regulations and	Company shall comply with laws and	
	the prevention programs when	regulations and the prevention	
	conducting business of the Company.	programs when conducting business	
	, ,	of the Company.	
Article 19	(Avoidance of conflict of interest)	(Avoidance of conflict of interest)	Establishment of
	The Company shall adopt policies for	The Company shall adopt policies for	the audit
	preventing conflicts of interest to	preventing conflicts of interest to	committee, text
	identify, monitor, and manage risks of	identify, monitor, and manage risks of	deletion.
	unethical conduct possibly resulting	unethical conduct possibly resulting	
	from such conflicts, and shall also offer	from such conflicts, and shall also offer	
	appropriate means for directors,	appropriate means for directors,	
	managers, and other stakeholders	supervisors, managers, and other	
	attending or present at board	stakeholders attending or present at	
	meetings to voluntarily explain	board meetings to voluntarily explain	
	whether their interests would	whether their interests would	
	potentially conflict with those of the	potentially conflict with those of the	
	company.	company.	
	When a proposal at a given board of	When a proposal at a given board of	
	directors meeting concerns the	directors meeting concerns the	
	personal interest of, or the interest of	personal interest of, or the interest of	
	the juristic person represented by, any	the juristic person represented by, any	
	of the directors, managers, and other	of the directors, supervisors,	

stakeholders attending or present at board meetings of the Company, the concerned person shall state the important aspects of the relationship of interest at the given board meeting. When the relationship is likely to prejudice the interest of the Company, that the concerned person may not participate in discussion or voting on that agenda item and shall recuse himself or herself from the discussion or the voting on the item, and may not exercise voting rights as proxy for another director. The directors shall exercise self-discipline and must not support one another in improper dealings.

The Company's directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and Substantial Controllers shall not take advantage of their positions or influence in the companies to obtain improper benefits for themselves, their spouses, parents, children or any other person.

managers, and other stakeholders attending or present at board meetings of the Company, the concerned person shall state the important aspects of the relationship of interest at the given board meeting. When the relationship is likely to prejudice the interest of the Company, that the concerned person may not participate in discussion or voting on that agenda item and shall recuse himself or herself from the discussion or the voting on the item, and may not exercise voting rights as proxy for another director. The directors shall exercise self-discipline and must not support one another in improper dealings.

The Company's directors, <u>supervisors</u>, managers, employees, mandataries, and Substantial Controllers shall not take advantage of their positions or influence in the companies to obtain improper benefits for themselves, their spouses, parents, children or any other person.

Article 20

(Accounting and internal control)

The Company shall establish and follow effective accounting systems and internal control systems for business activities possibly at a higher risk of being involved in unethical conduct, not have under-the-table accounts or keep secret accounts, and conduct reviews regularly so as to ensure that the design and enforcement of the systems continue to be effective.

The internal audit unit of the Company shall, <u>based on the results of assessment of the risk of involvement in unethical conduct</u>, devise relevant audit plans, and examine accordingly the status of compliance with the

(Accounting and internal control)
The Company shall establish and follow effective accounting systems and internal control systems for business activities possibly at a higher risk of being involved in unethical conduct, not have under-the-table accounts or keep secret accounts, and conduct reviews regularly so as to ensure that the design and enforcement of the systems continue to be effective.

The Company's internal audit unit shall <u>irregularly</u> review <u>the status of the Company's compliance with the foregoing provisions and prepare audit reports for submission to the board of directors. The internal audit</u>

Reference the regulations in Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation letter Tai-Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1080008378 dated May 23, 2019.

prevention programs. The internal unit may engage a certified public audit unit may engage a certified accountant to carry out the audit, and public accountant to carry out the may engage professionals to assist if audit, and may engage professionals necessary. to assist if necessary. The results of examination in the preceding paragraph shall be reported to senior management and the ethical management dedicated unit and put down in writing in the form of an audit report to be submitted to the board of directors. Article 21 (Procedure and guideline of conduct) Establishment of (Procedure and guideline of conduct) The shall establish shall establish audit Company The Company the operational procedures and guidelines operational procedures and guidelines committee, text in accordance with Article 6 hereof to in accordance with Article 6 hereof to deletion. guide directors, managers, employees, guide directors. supervisors, mandataries, substantial managers, employees, mandataries, and controllers on how to conduct and substantial controllers on how to business. The procedures conduct business. The procedures and and guidelines should at least contain the guidelines should at least contain the following matters: following matters: I. Standards for determining Standards for determining whether improper benefits have whether improper benefits been offered or accepted. have been offered or accepted. II. Rules for avoiding work-related II. Rules for avoiding work-related conflicts of interests and how conflicts of interests and how they should be reported and they should be reported and handled. handled. III. Rules for keeping confidential III. Rules for keeping confidential trade secrets and sensitive trade secrets and sensitive business information obtained business information obtained in the ordinary course of in the ordinary course of business. business. IV. Regulations and procedures for IV. Regulations and procedures for dealing with suppliers, clients, dealing with suppliers, clients, and business transaction and business transaction counterparties involved counterparties involved unethical conduct. unethical conduct. V. Handling procedures for V. Handling procedures

violations of these Principles.

measures

VI. Disciplinary

offenders.

violations of these Principles.

measures

II. Disciplinary

offenders.

Article 23

(Whistle-blowing system)
The Company shall adopt a concrete whistle-blowing system and scrupulously operate the system.
The whistle-blowing system shall include at least the following:

- I. An independent mailbox or hotline, either internally established and publicly announced or provided by an independent external institution, to allow internal and external personnel of the Company to submit reports.
- II. <u>Dedicated personnel or unit</u> <u>appointed to handle the</u> <u>whistle-blowing system.</u>
- III. Follow-up measures to be adopted depending on the severity of the circumstances after investigations of cases reported are completed.

 Where necessary, a case shall be reported to the competent authority or referred to the judicial authority.
- IV. Documentation of case acceptance, investigation processes, investigation results, and relevant documents.
- V. <u>Confidentiality of the identity</u> of whistle-blowers and the content of reported cases.
- VI. Measures for protecting whistle-blowers from inappropriate disciplinary actions due to their whistle-blowing.
- VII. Whistle-blowing incentive measures.

When material misconduct or likelihood of material impairment to the Company comes to its awareness

(Whistle-blowing <u>and punishments</u>)
The Company <u>shall provide proper</u>
whistle-blowing channels and keep
the reporter's identity and contents
of the report confidential.

- 1. Reference the regulations in Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation letter Tai-Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1080008378 dated May 23, 2019.
- 2. Establishment of the audit committee, text deletion.

The Company shall specify a well-defined disciplinary and appeal system for handling violations of the ethical corporate management rules, and shall make immediate disclosure in the Company of the title and name of the violator, the date and details of the violation, and the actions taken in response.

When material misconduct or likelihood of material impairment to the Company comes to its awareness upon investigation, the dedicated personnel or unit handling the whistle-blowing system shall immediately prepare a report and notify the independent directors or supervisors in written form.

	upon investigation, the dedicated		
	personnel or unit handling the whistle-		
	blowing system shall immediately		
	prepare a report and notify the		
	independent directors in written form.		
Article 24	(Disciplinary actions and complaint	<u>Add</u>	Reference the
	systems)		regulations in
	The Company shall specify and publish		Taiwan Stock
	a well-defined disciplinary and appeal		Exchange
	system for handling violations of the		Corporation letter
	ethical corporate management rules,		Tai-Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi
	and shall make disclosure on the		No. 1080008378
	Company's internal website of the		dated May 23,
	items being violated.		2019.
Article 2 <u>5</u>	(Disclosure)	(Disclosure)	Reference the
	The Company shall disclose the	The Company shall disclose the	regulations in
	measures taken for implementing its	implementation status of the	Taiwan Stock
	ethical corporate management, the	Company's Ethical Corporate	Exchange
	status of implementation on the	Management Best Practice Principles	Corporation letter
	Company websites, annual reports,	on the Company websites, annual	Tai-Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi
	and prospectuses, and shall disclose its	reports, and prospectuses.	No. 1080008378
	Ethical Corporate Management Best		dated May 23,
	Practice Principles on the Market		2019.
	Observation Post System.		
Article 2 <u>6</u>	(Review and amendment of ethical	(Review and amendment of ethical	Establishment of
	corporate management policies and	corporate management policies and	the audit
	measures)	measures)	committee, text
	The Company shall at all times monitor	The Company shall at all times	deletion.
	the development of relevant local and	monitor the development of relevant	
	international regulations concerning	local and international regulations	
	ethical corporate management and	concerning ethical corporate	
	encourage directors, managers, and	management and encourage	
	employees to make suggestions,	directors, supervisors, managers, and	
	based on which the adopted ethical	employees to make suggestions,	
	corporate management policies and	based on which the adopted ethical	
	measures taken will be reviewed and	corporate management policies and	
	improved with a view to achieving	measures taken will be reviewed and	
	better implementation of ethical	improved with a view to achieving	
	management.	better implementation of ethical	
	· ·-·o-···-	management.	
Article 2 <u>7</u>	(Implementation)	(Implementation)	1. Reference the
	The Ethical Corporate Management	The Ethical Corporate Management	regulations in
	Best Practice Principles shall be	Best Practice Principles shall be	Taiwan Stock
	implemented after the approval of the	implemented after the approval of the	Exchange
	pierriented diter the approvar of the	piernemed diter the approvaror the	

	board of directors. The same applies to	board of directors, and shall be sent to	Corporation
	all subsequent amendments.	the supervisors and reported at a	letter Tai-
		shareholders' meeting. The same	Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi
	When the Company proposes Ethical	applies to all subsequent	No.
	Corporate Management Best Practice	amendments.	1080008378
	Principles for discussion by the board	When the Ethical Corporate	dated May 23,
	of directors in accordance with the	Management Best Practice Principles	2019.
	preceding paragraph, independent	is proposed for discussion by the	2. Establishment
	directors' opinions must also be fully	board of directors in accordance with	of the audit
	taken into consideration. Any	the preceding paragraph,	committee,
	objections or qualified opinions made	independent directors' opinions must	text deletion.
	by independent directors must be	also be fully taken into consideration.	
	detailed in board meeting minutes. If	Any objections or qualified opinions	
	an independent director is unable to	made by independent directors must	
	express objections or qualified	be detailed in board meeting minutes.	
	opinions personally at the board	If an independent director is unable to	
	meeting, the opinion shall be raised in	express objections or qualified	
	writing in advance unless there is	opinions personally at the board	
	justifiable reason not to do so. Such	meeting, the opinion shall be raised in	
	opinions shall also be recorded in	writing in advance unless there is	
	board meeting minutes.	justifiable reason not to do so. Such	
		opinions shall also be recorded in	
		board meeting minutes.	
		If the Company that has established an	
		audit committee, the provisions	
		regarding supervisors in these	
		Principles shall apply mutatis	
		mutandis to the audit committee.	
Article 2 <u>8</u>	(Date of establishment and	(Date of establishment and	Amended the
	amendment)	amendment)	number of
	This principle was <u>established</u> on	This principle was <u>established</u> on	amendments and
	March 17, 2011. The 1st amendment	March 17, 2011. The 1st amendment	amendment
	was made on March 16, 2015. <u>The 2nd</u>	was made on March 16, 2015.	dates.
	amendment was made on June 12,		
	<u>2020.</u>		

Attachment 5

2019 Profit Distribution Table

Unit: NT\$

(I) Carry-forward of undistributed profit from previous period	\$ 4,533,095,568
Minus: Adjustment for 2019 reserved earnings	(14,113,698)
Undistributed profit after adjustment	4,518,981,870
(II) Plus: Net profit after tax in current period	6,815,243,294
Minus: Provision of legal reserve	(680,112,960)
Minus: Special reserve	(1,118,003,065)
Balance distributable for current year	5,017,127,269
Distributable profit in this period	9,536,109,139
(III) Distribution in this period	
Shareholder dividend in cash (\$2.6 per share)	(4,336,662,117)
Total amount of distribution	(4,336,662,117)
(IV) Undistributed profit carried over to following year	\$ 5,199,447,022

Attachment 6

Synnex Technology International Corp. Comparison of Amended Provisions to the Articles of Incorporation

incorporation			
Article	Amended Provisions	Before Amendment	Reasons
Article 5	The Company has a total capital of NT\$24	The Company has a total capital of NT\$22	Amended
	billion, divided into 2.4 billion shares (50	billion, divided into 2.2 billion shares (50	according to
	million of which are designated for	million of which are designated for employee	actual needs.
	employee stock option certificates), with a	stock option certificates), with a par value of	
	par value of NT\$10 per share. The board of	NT\$10 per share. The Board of Directors may	
	directors may issue the unissued shares in	issue the unissued shares in installments as	
	installments as needed, part of which may	needed. The Taiwan Depository & Clearing	
	be preferred stocks. The Taiwan Depository	Corporation may request that the Bank	
	& Clearing Corporation may request that the	substitute a share certificate in larger	
	Bank substitute a share certificate in larger	denominations for the share certificates of par	
	denominations for the share certificates of	value.	
	par value.		
Article 5-1	The rights and obligations and other		Added
	important terms of issuance associated with		according to
	preferred stocks of the Company are as		actual needs.
	<u>follows:</u>		
	I. The annual dividend rate of		
	preferred stocks is limited to 8%. The		
	dividends shall be calculated based		
	on issue price per share and may be		
	distributed in the form of cash once		
	annually. After the ratification of the		
	financial statements by the annual		
	shareholders' meetings, the board of		
	directors will determine the base		
	date to pay the dividends for the		
	preceding fiscal year. For dividends		
	distributable for the year of issuance		
	and recovery, the dividend shall be		
	calculated based on the actual		

- number of days issued during the year.
- <u>II.</u> The Company has the right to decide dividend distribution on preferred stocks, if any, at its sole discretion. If there are no surplus earnings, the surplus earnings are not enough for distributing dividends of the preferred stocks in whole or in part after the final account, or due to any other consideration, the Company may, by the approval of the shareholders' meeting, decide not to distribute dividends for preferred stocks, which shall not constitute a breach of contract. Should the preferred stocks be non-cumulative preferred stock, the undistributed or insufficiently distributed dividends shall not be accumulated for solvency in the future.
- III. Except for receiving dividends as specified in Subparagraph 1 of this Paragraph, shareholders of preferred stocks are not eligible for the dividend entitlements of ordinary stocks, including earnings distribution and capital reserves distributed in cash or being reallocated as capital.
- IV. In terms of priority for the allocation of the Company's remaining assets, the shareholders of preferred stocks shall have a higher priority than those of ordinary shares and the

same priority with those of the other various preferred stocks issued by this Company and those of preferred stocks all shall be lower than the general creditors, however, the allocation to the shareholders of preferred stocks shall not exceed the value of the currently outstanding preferred stocks at issuance price.

- V. Shareholders of preferred stocks are not entitled to any voting rights or election rights during shareholders' meetings, however they are entitled to voting rights during shareholders' meetings for preferred stock shareholders and those involving the rights and obligations of preferred stock shareholders during shareholder's meetings.
- VI. Preferred stocks may not be converted to ordinary stocks.
- Note the preferred stock does not have a maturity date, the shareholders of the preferred stocks may not request that the Company recall the preferred stocks they hold.

 However the Company may recall all or a portion of the outstanding preferred stocks at any time at the issuance price after five years from issuance. For preferred stocks that have not been recalled, the rights and obligations prescribed in the terms of issuance in the above subparagraphs shall persist. Should

the Company resolve to issue dividends, the dividend up until the recovery date shall be calculated based on the actual number of days issued during the year.

VIII. The additional paid-in capital from the issuance of preferred stocks shall not be reallocated as capital during the issuance period of such preferred stocks, unless it is for the purpose of making up losses.

The board of directors is authorized to determine the name, date, and terms of issuance depending on the condition of the capital market and the purchasing intentions of the investors at the time of actual issuance, in compliance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation and relevant laws and regulations.

Article 6

The Company's stocks shall be signed, sealed, and numbered by the director who is authorized to represent the Company. The stocks shall be issued after proper certification by the competent authority or their authorized agent for stock issuance and registration.

When issuing new shares, the Company may print a single certificate to collectively represent all shares in the new issue, but shall then contact the centralized securities depository corporation for safekeeping of the share certificates.

When issuing the stocks, the Company may opt not to print any share certificates. The Company should, however, contact a centralized securities depository institute to

The Company's stocks shall be signed, sealed, and numbered by at least <u>three</u> directors of <u>the Company</u>. The stocks shall be issued after proper certification by the competent authority or their authorized agent for stock issuance and registration.

When issuing new shares, the Company may print a single certificate to collectively represent all shares in the new issue, but shall then contact the centralized securities depository corporation for safekeeping of the share certificates.

When issuing the stocks, the Company may opt not to print any share certificates. The Company should, however, contact a centralized securities depository institute to register the shares.

Amended according to actual needs and legislation.

	register the shares.		
Article 13	The Company holds two types of	The Company holds two types of shareholders'	Amended
	shareholders' meetings, which are	meetings, which are described at the left	according to
	described at the left below:	below:	actual needs.
	I.Annual shareholders' meeting;	III.Annual shareholders' meeting;	
	II.Extraordinary shareholders' meeting.	IV.Extraordinary shareholders' meeting.	
	The annual shareholders' meeting is to be	The annual shareholders' meeting is to be held	
	held once every year and convened within	once every year and convened within six	
	six months after the close of each fiscal year.	months after the close of each fiscal year.	
	An extraordinary shareholders' meeting	An extraordinary shareholders' meeting shall	
	shall be convened when necessary and shall,	be convened when necessary and shall, unless	
	unless otherwise provided for in the	otherwise provided for in the Company Act, be	
	Company Act, be convened by the board of	convened by the board of directors.	
	directors.		
	Extraordinary shareholders' meetings may		
	be held whenever necessary, and are		
	subject to compliance with relevant laws.		
Article 17	Shareholders of the Company are entitled to	Shareholders of the Company are entitled to	Amended
	one vote for every share held. However,	one vote for every share held. However, the	according to
	preferred stocks without voting rights issued	Company holding its own shares in accordance	actual needs.
	by the Company or the Company holding its	with the laws is not entitled to voting rights.	
	own shares in accordance with the laws is		
	not entitled to voting rights.		
Article 38-1	The Company's annual earnings at the end	The Company's annual earnings at the end of	Amended
	of the accounting year shall be first subject	the accounting year shall be first subject to	according to
	to taxation, reimbursement of previous	taxation, reimbursement of previous losses,	actual needs.
	losses, followed by a 10% provision for	followed by a 10% provision for statutory	
	statutory earnings reserve and provision or	earnings reserve and provision or reversal for	
	reversal for special reserve by law. If there is	special reserve by law. If there is profit	
	profit remaining, may be distributed as	remaining, the board of directors shall prepare	
	dividends of the preferred stocks for the	a proposal to distribute the balance amount,	
	<u>current year and then</u> the board of directors	together with accumulated non-distributed	
	shall prepare a proposal to distribute the	profit. Where dividends are distributed in the	
	balance amount, together with	form of stocks, the distribution shall be subject	
	accumulated non-distributed profit. Where	to the approval of the shareholders' meeting.	

dividends are distributed in the form of stocks, the distribution shall be subject to the approval of the shareholders' meeting. Where dividends are distributed in the form of cash, the board of directors is authorized to make such distribution by approval of more than half of directors present at a meeting where more than two-thirds of the directors are in attendance, and shall also be reported at the shareholders' meeting.

The Board of Directors shall determine the shareholders' cash dividend ratio with the consideration of the financial structure of the Company, future earnings situation, and business development; however, the cash dividend ratio may not be less than 15% of the total current dividend distributed to shareholders.

Where dividends are distributed in the form of cash, the board of directors is authorized to make such distribution by approval of more than half of directors present at a meeting where more than two-thirds of the directors are in attendance, and shall also be reported at the shareholders' meeting.

The Board of Directors shall determine the shareholders' cash dividend ratio with the consideration of the financial structure of the Company, future earnings situation, and business development; however, the cash dividend ratio may not be less than 15% of the total current dividend distributed to shareholders.

Article 41

The Articles of Incorporation were drafted and agreed upon by all founders on September 1, 1988. It officially takes effect after the approval of the competent authority; the same applies to any amendments. The 1st amendment was made on September 27, 1990. The 2nd amendment was made on June 18, 1991. The 3rd amendment was made on April 6, 1992. The 4th amendment was made on March 18, 1993. The 5th amendment was made on October 22, 1993. The 6th amendment was made on May 11, 1994. The 7th amendment was made on May 20, 1995. The 8th amendment was made on March 28, 1996. The 9th amendment was made on April 18, 1997. The 10th

The Articles of Incorporation were drafted and agreed upon by all founders on September 1, 1988. It officially takes effect after the approval of the competent authority; the same applies to any amendments. The 1st amendment was made on September 27, 1990. The 2nd amendment was made on June 18, 1991. The 3rd amendment was made on April 6, 1992. The 4th amendment was made on March 18, 1993. The 5th amendment was made on October 22, 1993. The 6th amendment was made on May 11, 1994. The 7th amendment was made on May 20, 1995. The 8th amendment was made on March 28, 1996. The 9th amendment was made on April 18, 1997. The 10th amendment was made on April 18, 1997. The 11th amendment was

Amended this number of amendments to include this amendment and its date.

amendment was made on April 18, 1997. The 11th amendment was made on May 13, 1998. The 12th amendment was made on May 7, 1999. The 13th amendment was made on May 2, 2000. The 14th amendment was made on May 11, 2001. The 15th amendment was made on May 21, 2002. The 16th amendment was made on May 28, 2003. The 17th amendment was made on June 10, 2005. The 18th amendment was made on June 13, 2007. The 19th amendment was made on June 11, 2008. The 20th amendment was made on June 17, 2010. The 21st amendment was made on June 10, 2011. The 22nd amendment was made on June 13, 2012. The 23rd amendment was made on June 11, 2014. The 24th amendment was made on June 12, 2015. The 25th amendment was made on June 8, 2016. The 26th amendment was made on June 7, 2017. The 27th amendment was made on June 12, 2018. The 28th amendment was made on June 6, 2019. The 29th amendment was made on

June 12, 2020.

made on May 13, 1998. The 12th amendment was made on May 7, 1999. The 13th amendment was made on May 2, 2000. The 14th amendment was made on May 11, 2001. The 15th amendment was made on May 21, 2002. The 16th amendment was made on May 28, 2003. The 17th amendment was made on June 10, 2005. The 18th amendment was made on June 13, 2007. The 19th amendment was made on June 11, 2008. The 20th amendment was made on June 17, 2010. The 21st amendment was made on June 10, 2011. The 22nd amendment was made on June 13, 2012. The 23rd amendment was made on June 11, 2014. The 24th amendment was made on June 12, 2015. The 25th amendment was made on June 8, 2016. The 26th amendment was made on June 7, 2017. The 27th amendment was made on June 12, 2018. The 28th amendment was made on June 6, 2019.

Synnex Technology International Corp. Comparison of Amended Terms to the Procedures for Endorsements/Guarantees

Article	Amended Provisions	Existing articles	Reasons for amendment
Article 1	(Description)	(Description)	Amended in
	The Procedures are amended in	The Procedures are amended in	accordance
	accordance with the laws and regulations	accordance with the laws and regulations	with the laws
	of the competent authority and the needs	of the competent authority and the needs	and
	of operation management. Endorsements	of operation management.	regulations.
	and guarantees shall be handled in	or operation management.	
	accordance with the established		
	procedure.		
Article 9	(Period and content of announcement	(Period and content of announcement	Amended in
	and report)	and report)	accordance
	The Company shall enter the following	The Company shall enter the following	with the laws
	data to the information reporting website	data to the information reporting website	and
	designated by the competent authority	designated by the competent authority	regulations.
	according to the specified specifications	according to the specified specifications	
	and content.	and content.	
	The term "date of occurrence" as referred	The term "date of occurrence" as referred	
	to in the Procedures means the earliest	to in the Procedures means the earliest	
	of, the signing date, payment date, the	of, the signing date of the transaction,	
	board of directors' resolution date, or any	payment date, the board of directors'	
	other dates when the counterparty and	resolution date, or any other dates when	
	monetary amount of the	the transaction counterparty and the	
	endorsement/guarantee can be verified	transaction amount can be verified with	
	with certainty.	certainty.	
	I. The Company shall announce and	I. The Company shall announce and	
	report the previous month's	report the previous month's	
	endorsements/guarantees	endorsements/guarantees	
	balances of the Company and its	balances of the Company and its	
	subsidiaries by the 10th day of	subsidiaries by the 10th day of	
	each month in accordance to the	each month in accordance to the	
	regulations of the competent	regulations of the competent	
	authority.	authority.	

- II. Where the Company's balance of endorsements/guarantees reach one of the following levels, the Company shall announce and report the event in accordance with the regulations of the competent authority within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence:
 - (I) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees by the Company and its subsidiaries reaches 50 percent or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
 - (II) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees by the Company and <u>its</u> <u>subsidiaries</u> for a single enterprise reaches 20 percent or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
 - (III) The balance of endorsements/guarantees by the Company and subsidiaries for a single enterprise reaches NT\$10 million or more and the aggregate amount of all endorsements/guarantees for, carrying value of equity method investment and longterm investment in, and balance of loans to such enterprise reaches 30 percent or more of the company's net

Where the Company's balance of endorsements/guarantees reach one of the following levels, the Company shall announce and report the event in accordance with the regulations of the competent authority within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence:

II.

- (I) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees by the Company and the subsidiaries reaches 50 percent or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
- (II) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees by the Company and the subsidiaries for a single enterprise reaches 20 percent or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
- (III) The balance of endorsements/guarantees by Company and <u>the</u> <u>subsidiaries</u> for single a enterprise reaches NT\$10 million or more and the aggregate amount of all endorsements/guarantees for, long-term investment in, and balance of loans to such enterprise reaches 30 percent or more of the company's net worth as stated in its

worth as stated in its latest financial statement.

(IV) The amount of endorsements/guarantees made by the Company or its subsidiaries reaches NT\$30 million or more, and reaches 5 percent or more of the company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.

This Company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a public company of the Republic of China any matters that such subsidiary is required to announce and report pursuant to Subparagraph 4 of the preceding paragraph.

"Subsidiary" as referred to in the Procedures shall be as determined under the Regulations Governing Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

"Net worth" as referred to in the Procedures means the balance sheet equity attributable to the owners of the parent company under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

(Enforcement and amendment)

The Procedures shall be approved by more than half of all Audit Committee Members and then be submitted to the Board of Directors meeting for resolution; after it is passed by the Board of Directors, it would be sent to the Shareholders' meeting for final approval <u>before</u> enforcement, and where any director expresses dissent and it is contained in the

latest financial statement.

(IV) The amount of new endorsements/guarantees made by the Company or the subsidiaries reaches NT\$30 million or more, and reaches 5 percent or more of the company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.

This Company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a public company of the Republic of China any matters that such subsidiary is required to announce and report pursuant to Subparagraph 4 of the preceding paragraph.

"Subsidiary" as referred to in the Procedures shall be as determined under the Regulations Governing Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

"Net worth" as referred to in the Procedures means the balance sheet equity attributable to the owners of the parent company under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

(Enforcement and amendment)

The Procedures shall require the approval of the audit committee, and shall be submitted for the approval of the shareholders' meeting after the adoption of a resolution by the board of directors. The same shall apply to any amendments to the Procedures.

Amended in accordance with the laws and regulations.

Article 13

	minutes or a written statement, the			
	Company shall submit the dissenting			
	opinion for discussion by the			
	shareholders' meeting. The same shall			
	apply to any amendments to the			
	Procedures.			
	When the Procedures for Endorsements	When the Procedures for Endorsements		
	and Guarantees is proposed for discussion	and Guarantees is proposed for discussion		
	by the board of directors in accordance	by the board of directors in accordance		
	with the preceding paragraph,	with the preceding paragraph,		
	independent directors' opinions must also	independent directors' opinions must also		
	be fully taken into consideration. Any	be fully taken into consideration. Their		
	objections or qualified opinions made by	clear opinion of agreement or objections		
	independent directors must be detailed in	and reasons for objections shall be		
	board meeting minutes.	recorded in the board meeting minutes.		
Article 14	(Date of amendment)	(Date of amendment)	Expressly	
	The Procedures were amended on <u>June</u>	The Procedures were amended on <u>June</u>	stated	the
	<u>12, 2020</u> .	<u>12, 2015</u> .	date	of
			amendme	nt.

Attachment 8

Synnex Technology International Corp. Procedures for Extending Loans to Others - Comparison of Amended Terms

	Amended Terms			
Article	Amended Provisions	Existing articles	Reasons for amendment	
Article 1	(Description)	(Description)	Amended in	
	These Procedures is amended in	These Procedures were amended in	accordance with	
	accordance with the laws and	accordance with the laws and	laws and regulations.	
	regulations of the competent authority	regulations of the competent authority		
	and the needs of operation	and the needs of operation		
	management. Extending loans to others	management.		
	shall be handled in accordance with the			
	established procedure.			
Article 2	(Loan receiver)	(Loan receiver)	Amended in	
	The subject which the Company	The subject which the Company	accordance with	
	extends loans to (hereinafter	extends loans to (hereinafter referred	laws and regulations.	
	referred to as "Borrower") are	to as "Borrower") are those for which		
	those for which the following	the following circumstances apply:		
	circumstances apply:	I. The companies or firms that have		
	I. The companies or firms that have	business relations with the		
	business relations with the	Company.		
	Company.	II. Companies or firms with short-		
	II. Companies or firms with short-	term capital requirements. The		
	term capital requirements. The	term "short-term" means a		
	term "short-term" means a period	period of one year, or one		
	of one year, or one operating	operating cycle (whichever is		
	cycle (whichever is longer).	longer).		
	The restriction in Paragraph 1,	The restriction in Paragraph 1,		
	Subparagraph 2 shall not apply to inter-	Subparagraph 2 shall not apply to inter-		
	company loans of funds between	company loans of funds between		
	overseas companies in which the	overseas companies in which the		
	Company holds, directly or indirectly,	Company holds, directly or indirectly,		
	100% of the voting shares, nor to loans	100% of the voting shares.		
	of funds to the Company by any			
	overseas company in which the			
	Company holds, directly or indirectly,			

100% of the voting shares. However, the limits on the aggregate amount of such loans and on the amount of such loans permitted to a single borrower shall be prescribed, and shall specify limits on the durations of such loans.

When the responsible person of the Company violates the regulations of Paragraph 1, the responsible person shall bear joint and several liability with the borrower for repayment; if the Company suffers damages, the responsible person also shall be liable for compensation of damages.

Article 3

(Evaluation standards for fund loans to others)

Inter-company loans between the Company and other companies for reasons of business dealings shall comply with Paragraph 2 of Article 4. Loans for reasons of short-term capital requirements shall be limited to the following circumstances:

- Loans to a subsidiary of the Company for reasons of capital turnover needs.
- II. Loans to an investee evaluated by the equity method which is not a subsidiary of the Company for reasons of capital turnover needs.

Funds of a long-term investment nature provided to the subsidiary by the Company are long-term investments in nature and not included within the scope of loans.

"Subsidiary" as referred to in these Procedures shall be as determined under the Regulations Governing the (Evaluation standards for fund loans to others)

Inter-company loans between the Company and other companies for reasons of business dealings shall comply with Paragraph 2 of Article 4. Loans for reasons of short-term capital requirements shall be limited to the following circumstances:

- Loans to a subsidiary of the Company for reasons of capital turnover needs.
- II. Loans to an investee evaluated by the equity method which is not a subsidiary of the Company for reasons of capital turnover needs.

Advances of a long-term investment nature provided to the subsidiary by the Company are long-term investments in nature and not included within the scope of loans.

"Subsidiary" as referred to in these Procedures shall be as determined under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Text modified where appropriate in consideration of laws and regulations

Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers. Securities Issuers. "Net worth" as referred to in these "Net worth" as referred to in these Procedures means the equity on the Procedures means the equity on the balance sheet attributable to the balance sheet attributable to the owners of the parent company under owners of the parent company under Regulations Governing Preparation of Financial Reports by Regulations Governing Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers. Securities Issuers. (Limits on the aggregate amount of (Limits on the aggregate amount of Article 4 Amended in loans and the amount of loans loans and the amount of loans accordance with permitted to a single borrower) permitted to a single borrower) laws and regulations. Those with short-term capital Those with short-term capital requirements: requirements: (1) The loan receiver is a The loan receiver is a (I) subsidiary for which the subsidiary for which the parent company owns 80% parent company owns 80% or higher of the equity or higher of the equity interest: interest: The aggregate balance of The aggregate balance of loans shall not exceed 40 loans shall not exceed 40 percent of the Company's percent of the Company's net worth as stated in its net worth as stated in its latest financial statement latest financial statement audited by a CPA; the audited by a CPA; the amount of each loan shall amount of each loan shall not exceed 40 percent of the not exceed 40 percent of the above stated net worth. above stated net worth. (II) The loan receiver is a (II)The loan receiver is a subsidiary for which the subsidiary for which the parent company owns less parent company owns less than 80% of the equity than 80% of the equity interest: interest: The aggregate balance of The aggregate balance of loans shall not exceed 20 loans shall not exceed 20 percent of the Company's percent of the Company's net worth as stated in its net worth as stated in its latest financial statement latest financial statement

audited by a CPA; the

audited by a CPA; the

amount of each loan shall not exceed 5 percent of the above stated net worth.

II. The companies or firms that have business relations with the Company:

The aggregate balance of loans shall not exceed 20 percent of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement audited by a CPA; the amount of each loan shall not exceed the total amount of trading between the parties or 5 percent of the above stated net worth, whichever is lower. The term "amount of trading" means purchase of goods or sale of goods between the parties, whichever is higher.

- III. The aggregate balance of loans shall not exceed 40 percent of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement audited by a CPA.
- IV. The aggregate balance of intercompany loans of funds between overseas companies in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares, and loans of funds to the Company by any overseas company in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares shall not exceed 200 percent of the Company's net worth; the aggregate balance of a single party shall not exceed 70 percent

amount of each loan shall not exceed 5 percent of the above stated net worth.

II. The companies or firms that have business relations with the Company:

The aggregate balance of loans shall not exceed 20 percent of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement audited by a CPA; the amount of each loan shall not exceed the total amount of trading between the parties or 5 percent of the above stated net worth, whichever is lower. The term "amount of trading" means purchase of goods or sale of goods between the parties, whichever is higher.

- III. The aggregate balance of loans shall not exceed 40 percent of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement audited by a CPA.
- IV. The aggregate balance of intercompany loans of funds between overseas companies in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares shall not exceed 200 percent of the Company's net worth; the aggregate balance of a single party shall not exceed 70 percent of the Company's net worth.

of the Company's net worth. Article 9 (Period and content of announcement (Period and content of announcement Amended in and report) and report) accordance with The Company shall enter the following The Company shall enter the following laws and regulations. data to the information reporting data to the information reporting website designated by the competent website designated by the competent authority according to the specified authority according to the specified specifications and content. specifications and content. The term "date of occurrence" as The term "date of occurrence" as referred to in these Procedures means referred to in these Procedures means the earliest of the signing date, payment the earliest of the signing date of the date, the board of directors' resolution transaction, payment date, the board of date or any other dates when the loan directors' resolution date or any other receiver and the amount can be verified dates when the transaction with certainty. counterparty and the transaction The Company shall announce and amount can be verified with certainty. report the previous month's loan The Company shall announce and balances of its head office and report the previous month's loan subsidiaries by the 10th day of balances of its head office and each month in accordance with subsidiaries by the 10th day of the regulations of the competent each month in accordance with authority. the regulations of the competent Where the balance of Company's authority. loans of funds reach one of the II. Where the balance of Company's following levels, the Company loans of funds reach one of the shall announce and report such following levels, the Company event in accordance with the shall announce and report such event in accordance with the regulations of the competent authority within two days regulations of the competent commencing immediately from authority within two days the date of occurrence: commencing immediately from The aggregate balance of the date of occurrence: loans to others by the The aggregate balance of Company and <u>its</u> loans to others by the subsidiaries reaches 20 Company and <u>the</u>

- percent or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
- (II) The balance of loans by the Company and <u>its subsidiaries</u> to a single enterprise reaches 10 percent or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
- (III) The amount of new loans of funds by the Company or its subsidiaries reaches NT\$10 million or more, and reaches 2 percent or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
- III. The Company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a public company of the Republic of China any matters that such subsidiary is required to announce and report pursuant to Subparagraph 3 of the preceding paragraph.

- subsidiaries reaches 20 percent or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
- (II) The balance of loans by the Company and the subsidiaries to a single enterprise reaches 10 percent or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
- (III) The amount of new loans of funds by the Company or the subsidiaries reaches NT\$10 million or more, and reaches 2 percent or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
- III. The Company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a public company of the Republic of China any matters that such subsidiary is required to announce and report pursuant to Subparagraph 3 of the preceding paragraph.

Article 13

When the Company adopts these Procedures, the Company shall require the approval of at least one-half of all audit committee members, and furthermore shall be submitted for a resolution by the board of directors and a resolution by the shareholders' meeting before enforcement, and where any director expresses dissent

(Enforcement and amendment)

(Enforcement and amendment)
When the Company adopts these
Procedures, the Company shall require
the approval of the <u>audit committee</u>
members, and furthermore shall be
submitted for a resolution by the board
of directors and a resolution by the
shareholders' meeting before
enforcement, and where any director
expresses dissent and it is contained in

Amended in accordance with laws and regulations.

	and it is contained in the minutes or a	the minutes or a written statement, the	
	written statement, the Company shall	Company shall submit the dissenting	
	submit the dissenting opinion for	opinion for discussion by the audit	
	discussion in the shareholders' meeting.	committee and the shareholders'	
	The same shall apply to any	meeting. The same shall apply to any	
	amendments to the procedures.	amendments to these Procedures.	
	When the Procedures for Extending	When the Procedures for Extending	
	Loans to Others is proposed for	Loans to Others is proposed for	
	discussion by the board of directors in	discussion by the board of directors in	
	accordance with the preceding	accordance with the preceding	
	paragraph, independent directors'	paragraph, independent directors'	
	opinions must also be fully taken into	opinions must also be fully taken into	
	consideration. <u>Any objections or</u>	consideration. <u>Their clear opinion of</u>	
	qualified opinions made by independent	agreement or objections and reasons	
	directors must be detailed in board	thereof shall be recorded in the board	
	meeting minutes.	meeting minutes.	
Article 14	(Date of amendment)	(Date of amendment)	Expressly state the
	These Procedures were amended on	These Procedures were amended on	date of amendment
	<u>June 12, 2020</u> .	<u>June 12, 2015</u> .	

Synnex Technology International Corp. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings Comparison of Amended Provisions

Article	Amended Provisions	Before Amendment	Reasons for
			amendment
Article 1 Article 2	Unless otherwise specified by law <u>or Articles of Incorporation</u> , the Company shall <u>proceed</u> with its shareholders' meetings according to the <u>terms of</u> the Rules. (Convention and advising of shareholders'	Unless otherwise specified by law, the shareholders' meeting shall proceed according to the Rules. The Company shall furnish the	Amendment to the wording. 1. Revised
	Unless otherwise specified by law, shareholders' meetings are convened by the board of directors. The Company shall prepare an electronic file that contains the meeting notice, a proxy form, a detailed description of various agenda items to be acknowledged or discussed during the meeting, and notes on re-election or dismissal of directors and post it to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) at least 30 days before an annual shareholders' meeting, or 15 days before an extraordinary shareholders' meeting. At least 21 days before an annual shareholders' meeting, or 15 days before an extraordinary shareholders' meeting, an electronic copy of the shareholders' meeting procedures manual and supplementary information shall be posted to the MOPS. Physical copies of the shareholders' meeting procedures manual and supplementary information shall also be prepared at least 15 days before the meeting and made accessible to shareholders at any time. These documents must be placed within the Company's premises and at the share	attending shareholders with an attendance log to sign, or attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in cards in lieu of signing in. The number of shares represented during the meeting is calculated based on the total amount registered in the attendance log or the sign-in cards collected, plus the amount of shares where voting rights are exercised in writing or through electronic means.	Article number. 2. This article is amended in consider ation of the laws and regulations and the requirem ents for practical operations.

administration agency appointed by the Company, and distributed on-site at the shareholders' meeting.

The meeting notices and announcements shall specify the reason for convening a Board meeting. Subject to agreement by the receiving party, meeting notices may also be delivered electronically.

Matters pertaining to election or discharge of directors, alteration of the Articles of Incorporation, capital reduction, application for the approval of ceasing its status as a public company, approval of competition with the Company by directors, capitalization of profits, reserve distributed in the form of new shares, dissolution, merger, spin-off, or any matters as set forth in Article 185, Paragraph 1 hereof shall be itemized in the causes or subjects to be described and the essential contents shall be explained in the notice to convene a meeting of shareholders, and shall not be brought up as special motion; the essential contents may be posted on the website designated by the competent authority in charge of securities affairs or the Company, and such website shall be indicated in the notice.

Where the causes or subjects for convening a shareholders' meeting had specified a reelection of all directors and their terms of office, after the completion of the election for that meeting, the terms of office for the directors cannot be altered by special motions or any other means in the same meeting.

Shareholders who own more than 1% of the Company's current outstanding shares are entitled to propose agenda items for discussion in annual shareholders' meetings. Such proposals, however, are limited to one item only, and no proposal containing more

than one item will be included in the meeting agenda. However, where an agenda item proposed by the shareholder promotes public interests or fulfills social responsibilities, the board of directors may include such an item in the meeting agenda. The board of directors may disregard shareholders' proposals if the proposed agenda item involve any of the circumstances listed in Article 172-1, Paragraph 4 of the Company Act.

The Company shall announce, prior the Book Closure Period before a regular shareholders meeting is held, to accept shareholder's proposals, the acceptance methods in writing or by way of electronic transmission, the conditions, places and period. The period of acceptance shall be no shorter than ten days. Shareholders shall limit their proposed agenda items within 300 words; proposals that exceed 300 words shall be excluded from the agenda. Shareholders who have successfully proposed agenda items shall attend the annual shareholders' meeting in person or through proxy attendance and participate in the discussion.

The Company shall notify the proposing shareholders of the outcome of the proposed agenda items before the date the meeting notice is sent. Meanwhile, agenda items that satisfy the conditions listed in this Article shall be included as part of the meeting notice. During the shareholders' meeting, the board of directors shall explain the reasons why certain proposed agenda items are excluded from discussion.

Article 3	Shareholders may appoint proxies to attend
	shareholders' meetings by completing the
	Company's proxy form and specifying the
	scope of delegated authority.
	Each shareholder may issue one proxy form
	and delegate one proxy only. All proxy forms
	must arrive at the Company at least five days
	before the shareholders' meeting. In the event
	that multiple proxy forms are issued, the proxy
	form that arrives first shall prevail. However,
	exception shall be granted if the shareholder
	issues a declaration to withdraw the previous

proxy arrangement.

Should the shareholder decide to attend a shareholders' meeting personally or exercise voting rights in writing or through electronic means after a proxy form has been delivered to the Company, a written notice should be sent to the Company no later than two days before the meeting commences to withdraw the proxy arrangement. If the withdrawal is made after the prescribed period, then the voting decision exercised by the proxy shall prevail.

Votes and attendance in a shareholders' meeting are determined by the number of shares represented during the meeting.

- Revised
 Article number.
- 2. This article is amended in consider ation of the laws and regulatio ns and the requirem ents for practical operatio ns.

Article 5 (Preparation of attendance logs and documents) This company shall specify in its shareholders' meeting notices the time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, the place to register for attendance, and other matters for attention. The time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences. The place at which attendance registrations are accepted shall be clearly marked and a sufficient number of suitable personnel shall be assigned to handle the registrations.

Shareholders and their proxies (hereinafter referred to as "Shareholders") shall attend shareholders' meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of attendance. The Company may not arbitrarily add requirements for other documents beyond those showing eligibility to attend presented by Shareholders. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification.

The Company shall furnish the attending Shareholders with an attendance log to sign, or attending Shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in.

Shareholders who attend the meeting shall be given a copy of the procedures manual, annual report, attendance pass, speech notes, agenda ballots and any information relevant to the meeting. Shareholders shall also be given election ballots where election of directors is to take place.

Where the Shareholders is a government agency or corporate entity, more than one representative may attend the shareholders' meetings on their behalf. Legal person that have been designated as proxy attendants shall only appoint one representative to attend the shareholders' meeting.

- This is a new article.
- 2. In consider ation of the laws and regulations and requirements for practical operations.

Article 6

(Meeting chair and participants)

If a shareholders' meetings is convened by the board of directors, the meeting shall be chaired by the Chairman. When the Chairman is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the Chairman, the Vice Chairman shall act in place of the Chairman; If there is no Vice Chairman or the Vice Chairman also is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the Vice Chairman, the Chairman may appoint one of the directors to act on the Chairman's behalf. If the Chairman does not appoint an agent, one shall be elected among the directors to act on the Chairman's behalf.

When a director serves as chair, as referred to in the preceding paragraph, the director shall be one who has held that directorship for six months or more and who understands the financial and business conditions of the Company. The same shall be true for a representative of a legal person director that serves as chair.

It is advisable that shareholders' meetings convened by the board of directors be chaired by the Chairman of the board in person and attended by a majority of the directors (including at least one independent director), chairman of the audit committee, and at least one member of each functional committee on behalf of the committee. The attendance shall be recorded in the meeting minutes.

For shareholders' meetings convened by any authorized party other than the board of directors, the convener will act as the meeting chair. If there are two or more conveners at the same time, one shall be appointed from among them to chair the meeting.

The Company <u>may summon</u> its lawyers, certified public accountants, and any relevant personnel to be present at the shareholders' meeting.

Article 5

If a shareholders' meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting shall be chaired by the Chairman. When the Chairman is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the Chairman, the Vice Chairman shall act in place of the Chairman; if there is no Vice Chairman or the Vice Chairman also is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the Vice Chairman, the Chairman shall appoint one of the managing directors to act as chair, or, if there are no managing directors, one of the directors shall be appointed to act as chair. Where the Chairman does not make such designation, the managing directors or the directors shall select from among themselves one person to serve as chair.

- Revised
 Article
 number.
- Amendm ent to the wording.
- 3. In consider ation of the laws and regulations and requirem ents for practical operations.

For shareholders' meetings convened by any authorized party other than the board of directors, the convener will act as the meeting chair.

Article 6

The Company may summon its lawyers, certified public

1			
		accountants, and any relevant	
		personnel to be present at the	
		shareholders' meeting.	
		Organizers of the shareholders'	
		meeting must wear proper	
		identification or arm badges.	
Article <u>7</u>	(Video and audio recording in shareholders'	The Company's shareholder	1. Amendm
			ent to the
	meetings)	meetings must be video or	wording.
	The Company, beginning from the time it	audio recorded and kept for at	2. In
	accepts Shareholder attendance registrations,	least one year.	consider
	shall make an uninterrupted audio and video		ation of
	recording of the registration procedure, the		the laws
	proceedings of the shareholders meeting, and		and
			regulatio
	the voting and vote counting procedures.		ns and
	The recorded materials of the preceding		requirem
	paragraph shall be retained for at least 1 year.		ents for
	If, however, a Shareholder files a lawsuit		practical
	pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act,		operatio ns.
	the recording shall be retained until the		113.
	conclusion of the litigation.		
Article <u>8</u>			1. Amendm
Alticle <u>o</u>	Attendance at Shareholders Meetings shall be	The chair shall announce the	ent to the
			encone

calculated based on numbers of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance book or sign-in cards handed in plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronically.

The chair shall announce the commencement of the meeting as soon as the appointed time arrives. However, if those in attendance represent less than half of the Company's current outstanding shares, the chair may announce to postpone the meeting up to two times, for a period totaling no more than one hour. The chair shall dismiss the meeting if shareholders in attendance represent less than one-third of current outstanding shares after two postponements.

If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of current outstanding shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, Paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within 1 month.

When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending Shareholders represent a majority of the total number of current outstanding shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders' meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.

commencement of the meeting as soon as the appointed time arrives. However, if those attendance represent less than half of the Company's current outstanding shares, the chair may announce to postpone the meeting up to two times, for a period totaling no more than one hour. If the quorum is not met after two postponements, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of current outstanding shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175 of the Company Act.

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operatio
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When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending Shareholders represent a majority of the total number of current outstanding shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders' meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.

Article 9

(Discussion of proposals)

If a shareholders' meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting agenda shall be set by the board of directors. Relevant agenda items (including special motions and amendments to the original agendum) shall be voted on respectively. The meeting shall proceed in the order set by the agenda, which may not be changed without a resolution of the shareholders meeting.

The preceding paragraph applies mutatis mutandis where the shareholders' meeting is convened by any authorized party other than the board of directors.

The chair may not declare the meeting adjourned prior to completion of deliberation on the meeting agenda of the preceding two paragraphs (including extraordinary motions), except by a resolution of the shareholders meeting. If the chair violates the rules of procedure by dismissing the meeting when it is not allowed to do so, other members of the board shall immediately assist the attending Shareholders to elect another chair with the support of more than half of the voting rights represented and continue the meeting.

The chair shall allow ample <u>opportunity</u> <u>during</u> the meeting for explanation and discussion of proposals and of amendments or special motions put forward by the Shareholders; when the chair is of the opinion that a proposal has been discussed sufficiently to put it to a vote, the chair may announce the discussion closed and call for a vote, <u>and arrange ample voting time</u>.

- If a shareholders' meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting agenda shall be set by the board of directors. The meeting shall proceed in the order set by the agenda, which may not be changed without a resolution of the shareholders meeting.
- The preceding paragraph applies mutatis mutandis where the shareholders' meeting is convened by any authorized party other than the board of directors.

The chair may not declare the meeting adjourned prior to completion of deliberation on the meeting agenda of the preceding two paragraphs (including extraordinary motions), except by a resolution of the shareholders meeting.

After the meeting is adjourned, Shareholders may not separately elect a chair and resume the meeting at the original or another venue. However, if the chair violates the rules of procedure by dismissing the meeting when it is not allowed to do so, the attending Shareholders may elect another chair with the support of more than half of voting rights represented and continue the meeting.

Article 10

(Shareholders' opinions)

Shareholders who wish to speak during the meeting must produce a speech note detailing the topics and the Shareholder's account number (or the attendance card serial number). The order of Shareholders'

Shareholders who wish to speak during the meeting must produce a speech note detailing the topics and the Shareholder's account number

- Amendm ent to the wording.
- 4. In consider ation of the laws and regulations and requirem ents for practical operations.

In consider ation of the laws and regulatio

comments shall be determined by the chair. Shareholders who submit a speech note without actually speaking are considered to have remained silent. If the Shareholder's actual comments differ from those stated on the speech note, only the actual comments expressed shall be recorded.

Each shareholder shall speak no more than twice, for five minutes each, on the same agenda item unless otherwise agreed by the chair. The chair may stop Shareholders from speaking if they violate the rules or speak outside the agenda item under discussion.

While a Shareholder is speaking, other Shareholders shall not speak simultaneously or interfere in any way unless allowed by the chair and the person speaking. Any violators shall be restrained by the chair.

Where a corporate shareholder has appointed two or more representatives to attend the shareholders' meeting, only one representative may speak per agenda item.

After the Shareholder has finished speaking, the chair may answer the Shareholder's queries personally or appoint any relevant personnel to do so.

(or the attendance card serial The order number). Shareholders' comments shall be determined by the chair. Shareholders who submit a speech note without actually speaking are considered to have remained silent. If the Shareholder's actual comments differ from those stated on the speech note, only comments actual expressed shall be recorded.

ns and requirem ents for practical operations.

While a Shareholder is speaking, other Shareholders shall not speak simultaneously or interfere in any way unless allowed by the chair and the person speaking. Any violators shall be restrained by the chair.

Article 11

(Calculation of voting shares and recusals)

Voting at a shareholders meeting shall be calculated based the number of shares.

With respect to resolutions of Shareholders Meetings, the number of shares held by a shareholder with no voting rights shall not be calculated as part of the total number of issued shares.

When a shareholder is an interested party in relation to an agenda item, and there is the likelihood that such a relationship would prejudice the interests of the Company, that shareholder may not vote on that item, and may not exercise voting rights as proxy for any other shareholder.

The number of shares for which voting rights may not be exercised under the preceding paragraph shall not be calculated as part of the voting rights represented by attending shareholders.

With the exception of a trust enterprise or a shareholder services agent approved by the Taiwan competent securities authority, when one person is concurrently appointed as proxy by two or more shareholders, the voting rights represented by that proxy may not exceed 3 percent of the voting rights represented by the total number of issued shares. If that percentage is exceeded, the voting rights in excess of that percentage shall not be included in the calculation.

Each Shareholder shall speak no more than twice, for five minutes each, on the same agenda item unless otherwise allowed by the chair.

The chair may stop Shareholders from speaking if they violate the rules or speak outside the agenda item under discussion.

- 1. Revised
 Article
 number
- 2. This article is amended in consider ation of the laws and regulatio ns and the requirem ents for practical operatio ns.

Article 12

Each share is entitled to one voting right, except for shares where voting rights are restricted as described in Article 179, Paragraph 2 of the Company Act.

Voting rights shall be exercised electronically and may be exercised in writing during a shareholders' meeting; the shareholders' meeting notice must explain the methods through which shareholders may exercise voting rights in writing or in electronic form. Shareholders who have voted in writing or using the electronic method are considered to have attended shareholders' meeting in person. However, the Shareholder will be

Article 12

For legal persons that have been designated as proxy attendants, such legal persons shall only appoint one representative to attend the shareholders' meeting.

Where a corporate shareholder has appointed two or more representatives to attend the shareholders' meeting, only one representative may speak per agenda item.

Article 13

- Revised
 Article
 number.
- Amendm ent to the wording.
- In consider ation of the laws and regulations and requirements for

deemed to have waived his/her rights with respect to the special motions and amendments to original proposals of that meeting; it is therefore advisable that the Company avoids the submission of special motions and amendments to original proposals.

Instructions to exercise written and electronic votes must be delivered to the Company at least two days before the shareholders' meeting. In the event where there are duplicate submissions, the earliest submission shall be taken into record. However, exception shall be granted if the Shareholder issues a proper declaration to withdraw the previous vote.

If the Shareholder decides to attend the shareholders' meeting in person after submitting a written or electronic vote, a proper declaration of withdrawal must be issued in the same method as the original vote no later than two days before the shareholders' meeting. If the withdrawal is not received in time, then the written or electronic vote shall be taken into record. If the Shareholder has exercised written or electronic votes, and at the same time delegated a proxy to attend the shareholders meeting, then the voting decision exercised by the proxy shall prevail.

Unless otherwise regulated by the Company Act or the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, an agenda item is passed when supported by shareholders who represent more than half of the total voting rights in the meeting. At the time of a vote, the Shareholders shall vote on each item separately. After the conclusion of the meeting, on the same day it is held, the results for each proposal, based on the numbers of votes for and against and the number of abstentions, shall be entered into the MOPS. When there are any amendments or alternative solutions for the same proposal, the shall combine amendments/alternative solutions with the original proposal and decide their priority for After the Shareholder has finished speaking, the chair may answer the Shareholder's queries personally or appoint any relevant personnel to do so.

Article 17

When the Company holds a shareholders' meeting, the Shareholders may exercise voting rights correspondence or electronic means. When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Company Act and other relevant laws and regulations. Unless otherwise regulated by the Company Act or the Articles of Incorporation, an agenda item is passed when supported by Shareholders who represent more than half of the total voting rights in the meeting. When a proposal comes to a vote, the matter is deemed approved if the chair puts the matter before all at the meeting and none voices an objection. The effect of which shall be the same as a vote.

Article 18

When there are any amendments or alternative solutions for the same proposal, the chair shall combine these amendments/alternative solutions with the original proposal and decide their priority for voting. If any resolution is passed, all other proposals shall be deemed rejected and no further voting

practical operations.

	T		
	voting. If any resolution is passed, all other	is necessary.	
	proposals shall be deemed rejected and no		
	further voting is necessary.		
	The chair will appoint a ballot scrutineer and a		
	ballot counter; the ballot scrutineer must be a		
	Shareholder.		
	Vote counting for shareholders meeting		
	proposals or elections shall be conducted in		
	public at the place of the shareholders		
	meeting. Immediately after vote counting has		
	been completed, the results of the voting,		
	including the statistical tallies of the numbers		
	of votes, shall be announced on-site at the		
	meeting, and a record made of the vote.		
Article <u>13</u>	(Election)		1. This is a
	Where the shareholders' meeting involves re-		new
	election of directors, the election must		article.
	proceed according to the Company's Election		2. In
	Policy, with outcomes announced immediately		consider
	on-site, including the names of those elected as		ation of
	directors and the numbers of votes with which		the laws
	they were elected.		and
	The ballots for the election referred to in the		regulatio
	preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the		ns and
	signatures of the ballot scrutineer and kept in		requirem
	proper custody for at least one year. If,		ents for
	however, a Shareholder files a lawsuit		practical
	pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act,		operatio
	the ballots shall be retained until the		ns.
	conclusion of the litigation.		
Article <u>14</u>	(Meeting minutes.)		1. This is a
	Shareholders' meeting resolutions shall be		new
	compiled into detailed minutes, and signed or		article.
	sealed by the chair then disseminated to each		2. In
	Shareholder no later than 20 days after the		consider
	meeting. Preparation and distribution of		ation of
	meeting minutes can be made in electronic		the laws
	form.		and
	The Company may distribute meeting minutes		regulatio
	by posting details onto MOPS. The meeting		ns and
	minutes shall accurately record the year,		requirem
	month, day, and place of the meeting, the		ents for
	chair's full name, the methods by which		practical
	resolutions were adopted, and a summary of		operatio
	the deliberations and their results (including		ns.
	the statistical tallies of the numbers of votes).		
	Where there is an election of the directors, the		

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	number of votes received by each candidate		
	shall be disclosed. The meeting minutes shall		
	be retained for the duration of the existence of		
	the Company.		
Article <u>15</u>	(Public announcements)		1. This is a
	On the day of a shareholders meeting, the		new
	Company shall compile in the prescribed		article.
	format a statistical statement of the number of		2. In
	shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation and the number of shares		consider
	represented by proxies, and shall make an		ation of
	express disclosure of the same at the place of		the laws
	the shareholders meeting.		_
	The Company must disclose on MOPS any		and
	shareholders' meeting resolutions that		regulatio
	constitute material information as defined by		ns and
	law or the rules of the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation within the prescribed time period.		requirem
	corporation within the presented time period.		ents for
			practical
			operatio
			ns.
Article <u>16</u>	(Order in the meeting)	Article <u>14</u>	1. Revised
	Organizers of the shareholders' meeting must	When the chair at a Board	Article
	wear proper identification or arm bands.	meeting is of the opinion that a	number.
	The chair may instruct marshals or security	proposal has been discussed	2. Amendm
	staff to help maintain order in the meeting.	sufficiently to put it to a vote,	ent to the
	While maintaining order in the meeting, all	the chair may announce the	wording.
	marshals or security staff must wear arm bands	discussion closed and call a	3. In
	or identification which identify their roles as	vote.	consider
	"Marshall."		ation of
	The chair may stop anyone who attempts to	Article <u>15</u>	the laws
	speak using speaker equipment not provided	The chair will appoint a ballot	and
	by the Company.	scrutineer and a ballot counter;	regulatio
	The chair may instruct marshals or security	the ballot scrutineer must be a	· .
	staff to escort Shareholders who continue to		
	violate the meeting rules despite being warned	Shareholder. The result of a	requirem
	by the chair from the meeting.	vote shall be made known	ents for
		immediately and recorded in	practical
		writing.	operatio
		Article <u>19</u>	ns.
		The chair may instruct	
		marshals or security staff to	
		help maintain order in the	
		meeting. While maintaining	
		order in the meeting, all	
		marshals or security staff must	
		wear arm bands or	
		identification which identify	
		their roles as "Marshall."	
Article <u>17</u>	(Recess and resumption of meeting)	Article 16	1. Revised
	medess and resumption of meeting)	7 11 CICIC <u>10</u>	T. NEVISEU

	The chair may put the meeting in recess at	The chair may put the masting	Article
	The chair may put the meeting in recess at	The chair may put the meeting	
	appropriate times. In the occurrence of force	in recess at appropriate times.	number.
	majeure events, the chair may suspend the		2. Amendm
	meeting temporarily and resume at another		ent to the
	time.		wording.
	If the shareholders' meeting is unable to		3. In
	conclude all scheduled agenda items (including		consider
	special motions) before the venue is due to be		ation of
	returned, participants may resolve to continue		the laws
	the meeting at an alternative location.		and
	A resolution may be adopted at a shareholders'		regulatio
	meeting to defer or resume the meeting within		ns and
	5 days in accordance with Article 182 of the		requirem
	Company Act.		ents for
			practical
			operatio
			ns.
Article <u>18</u>	(Date of establishment and amendment)	Article 20	Amended
	These Rules, and any amendments hereto,	These Rules, and any	the present
	shall be implemented after adoption by	amendments hereto, shall be	number of
	shareholders' meetings. The third amendment	implemented after adoption	amendment
	is approved by the annual shareholders'	by shareholders' meetings. The	s to include
	meeting. approved on June 12, 2015. The 4th	third amendment is approved	
	amendment was on June 12, 2020.	by the annual shareholders'	this
		meeting. approved on June 12,	amendment
		2015.	and its date.
		2013.	