

**SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL
CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT
JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021**

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR22000124

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Synnex Technology International Corporation

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Synnex Technology International Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and six months then ended, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six months then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for qualified conclusion

As explained in Notes 4(3) and 6(9), the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for under the equity method, as well as the amounts included in respect of these subsidiaries and investees and the information disclosed in Note 13, were not reviewed by independent auditors. Total assets of these subsidiaries and the balances of these investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$33,524,527 thousand and NT\$34,312,362

thousand, constituting 17% and 21% of the consolidated total assets as at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Total liabilities amounted to NT\$8,451,660 thousand and NT\$4,365,580 thousand, constituting 6% and 4% of the consolidated total liabilities as at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Net income of these subsidiaries and investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$815,349 thousand, NT\$1,199,088 thousand, NT\$1,764,542 thousand and NT\$2,107,413 thousand, constituting 33%, 35%, 34% and 35% of the total net income and the balances of recognised investment profit or loss which is adopting equity method for the three months and six months then ended, respectively, and the comprehensive income and the balances of recognised investment profit or loss and other comprehensive income which is adopting equity method amounted to NT\$654,681 thousand, NT\$1,365,194 thousand, NT\$1,590,743 thousand and NT\$2,301,611 thousand, constituting (285%), 58%, 30% and 46% of the consolidated comprehensive income for the three months and six months then ended, respectively.

Qualified conclusion

Except for the adjustments to the financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for under the equity method as well as the information disclosed in Note 13 been reviewed by independent auditors as described in the *Basis for qualified conclusion* section above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance for the three months and six months then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six months then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Yeh, Tsui-Miao

Liang Yi Chang

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

August 4, 2022

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' review report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
JUNE 30, 2022, DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND JUNE 30, 2021
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)
(The balance sheets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 are reviewed, not audited)

Assets		Notes	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		June 30, 2021	
			AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
Current assets								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 5,861,619	3	\$ 7,052,958	4	\$ 12,845,628	8
1110	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6(2) and 12(3)	790,335	-	2,323,570	1	3,801,612	2
1120	Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3) and 12(3)	10,468,198	5	12,240,488	6	-	-
1136	Current financial assets at amortised cost	6(4)	59,540	-	-	-	30,000	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5)	5,064,926	3	6,380,332	3	7,028,032	4
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5), 8 and 12(2)	71,039,675	35	78,379,888	39	57,426,567	35
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties, net	6(5) and 7(2)	415,748	-	701,473	-	408,637	-
1200	Other receivables	6(7) and 7(2)	8,144,845	4	6,283,010	3	6,382,395	4
1220	Current income tax assets		137,260	-	47,909	-	15,008	-
130X	Inventories	6(8) and 8	56,498,038	28	47,713,272	24	32,928,188	20
1410	Prepayments		7,750,974	4	4,928,721	2	4,967,461	3
11XX	Total current assets		166,231,158	82	166,051,621	82	125,833,528	76
Non-current assets								
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3) and 12(3)	5,603,435	3	6,613,070	3	6,166,226	4
1535	Non-current financial assets at amortised cost	6(4) and 8	1,499,728	1	1,439,507	1	1,562,702	1
1550	Investments accounted for under equity method	6(9)	14,076,955	7	12,662,828	6	16,791,874	10
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(10)	9,725,052	5	9,568,187	5	9,581,881	6
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(11)	974,907	-	1,105,654	1	1,134,609	1
1760	Investment property, net	6(13)	1,009,252	1	1,004,071	1	1,018,400	1
1780	Intangible assets	6(14)	653,639	-	639,919	-	627,109	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets		952,858	-	970,043	-	902,027	-
1900	Other non-current assets	6(5)(12)(15)	1,619,533	1	1,628,806	1	1,005,261	1
15XX	Total non-current assets		36,115,359	18	35,632,085	18	38,790,089	24
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 202,346,517	100	\$ 201,683,706	100	\$ 164,623,617	100

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
JUNE 30, 2022, DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND JUNE 30, 2021
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)
(The balance sheets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 are reviewed, not audited)

	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		June 30, 2021	
			AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities							
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(16)	\$ 61,779,096	30	\$ 53,326,707	26	\$ 41,172,082	25
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(17)	10,020,000	5	12,490,000	6	13,200,000	8
2120	Current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6(2) and 12(3)	577	-	700	-	-	-
2150	Notes payable		525,525	-	1,046,556	1	924,474	-
2170	Accounts payable	7(2)	40,028,509	20	49,046,067	24	34,120,516	21
2200	Other payables	6(18) and 7(2)	16,261,164	8	7,204,272	4	11,335,632	7
2230	Current income tax liabilities		1,204,562	1	1,275,524	1	1,879,761	1
2280	Current lease liabilities		205,994	-	222,101	-	228,431	-
2300	Other current liabilities	6(19)	3,300,681	2	4,781,962	2	4,260,913	3
21XX	Total current liabilities		<u>133,326,108</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>129,393,889</u>	<u>64</u>	<u>107,121,809</u>	<u>65</u>
	Non-current liabilities							
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(20)	1,500,000	1	1,500,000	1	-	-
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities		4,116,191	2	4,110,062	2	133,129	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities		116,629	-	223,920	-	243,777	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities		448,784	-	564,758	-	829,639	1
25XX	Total non-current liabilities		<u>6,181,604</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>6,398,740</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>1,206,545</u>	<u>1</u>
2XXX	Total liabilities		<u>139,507,712</u>	<u>69</u>	<u>135,792,629</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>108,328,354</u>	<u>66</u>
	Equity attributable to owners of parent							
	Share capital	6(22)						
3110	Share capital - ordinary share		16,679,470	8	16,679,470	8	16,679,470	10
	Capital surplus	6(23)						
3200	Capital surplus		14,256,898	7	14,199,960	7	14,735,120	9
	Retained earnings	6(24)						
3310	Legal reserve		11,368,673	6	9,673,477	5	9,673,477	6
3320	Special reserve		8,247,113	4	6,336,545	3	6,336,545	4
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		17,945,325	9	24,968,224	13	13,895,718	8
	Other equity interest	6(25)						
3400	Other equity interest		(8,198,390)	(4)	(8,247,112)	(4)	(7,027,302)	(4)
31XX	Total equity attributable to owners of parent		<u>60,299,089</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>63,610,564</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>54,293,028</u>	<u>33</u>
36XX	Non-controlling interest		<u>2,539,716</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2,280,513</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2,002,235</u>	<u>1</u>
3XXX	Total equity		<u>62,838,805</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>65,891,077</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>56,295,263</u>	<u>34</u>
	Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments	9						
	Significant events after the balance sheet date	11						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		<u>\$ 202,346,517</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 201,683,706</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 164,623,617</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
THREE MONTHS AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

Items	Notes	Three months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30			
		2022		2021		2022		2021	
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
4000 Operating revenue	6(26) and 7(2)	\$ 103,353,405	100	\$ 96,566,850	100	\$ 204,218,590	100	\$ 183,311,461	100
5000 Operating costs	6(8) and 7(2)	(99,223,633)	(96)	(92,497,629)	(96)	(195,805,588)	(96)	(175,172,588)	(96)
5950 Net operating margin		<u>4,129,772</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>4,069,221</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>8,413,002</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>8,138,873</u>	<u>4</u>
Operating expenses	6(31)(32)								
6100 Selling expenses		(1,722,894)	(2)	(1,619,285)	(2)	(3,360,022)	(2)	(3,184,963)	(2)
6200 General and administrative expenses		(358,324)	-	(369,877)	-	(744,454)	-	(702,083)	-
6450 Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS 9	12(2)	(61,981)	-	(37,401)	-	(27,017)	-	(50,832)	-
6000 Total operating expenses		(2,143,199)	(2)	(2,026,563)	(2)	(4,131,493)	(2)	(3,937,878)	(2)
6900 Operating profit		<u>1,986,573</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2,042,658</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>4,281,509</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>4,200,995</u>	<u>2</u>
Non-operating income and expenses									
7100 Interest income	6(27)	72,656	-	73,999	-	125,165	-	144,248	-
7010 Other income	6(28) and 7(2)	453,461	-	381,825	-	727,294	-	554,802	-
7020 Other gains and losses	6(29)	705	-	704,435	1	117,614	-	810,189	1
7050 Finance costs	6(30)	(222,226)	-	(117,752)	-	(387,643)	-	(237,168)	-
7060 Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(9)	<u>738,904</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>755,147</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1,409,535</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1,427,789</u>	<u>1</u>
7000 Total non-operating income and expenses		<u>1,043,500</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1,797,654</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1,991,965</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2,699,860</u>	<u>2</u>
7900 Profit before income tax		3,030,073	3	3,840,312	4	6,273,474	3	6,900,855	4
7950 Income tax expense	6(33)	(586,177)	(1)	(414,242)	(1)	(1,131,495)	-	(800,395)	(1)
8200 Profit for the period		<u>\$ 2,443,896</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>\$ 3,426,070</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>\$ 5,141,979</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>\$ 6,100,460</u>	<u>3</u>

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
THREE MONTHS AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

Items	Notes	Three months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30					
		2022		2021		2022		2021			
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%		
Other comprehensive income											
Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss											
8316	Unrealised gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3)									
				(\$ 2,526,202)	(2)	\$ 428,201	1	(\$ 3,545,977)	(2)	\$ 980,757	1
8320	Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	6(9)(25)									
				2,534	-	2,705	-	13,055	-	21,673	-
8310	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			(2,523,668)	(2)	430,906	1	(3,559,032)	(2)	1,002,430	1
Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss											
8361	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	6(25)		13,520	-	(1,681,797)	(2)	3,831,351	2	(2,319,683)	(1)
8370	Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	6(9)(25)									
				(163,203)	-	163,400	-	(160,744)	-	172,524	-
8360	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss			(149,683)	-	(1,518,397)	(2)	3,670,607	2	(2,147,159)	(1)
8300	Total other comprehensive income (loss)			(\$ 2,673,351)	(2)	(\$ 1,087,491)	(1)	\$ 111,575	-	(\$ 1,144,729)	-
8500	Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period			(\$ 229,455)	-	\$ 2,338,579	2	\$ 5,253,554	3	\$ 4,955,731	3
Profit, attributable to:											
8610	Owners of parent			\$ 2,377,642	2	\$ 3,335,393	3	\$ 4,922,600	3	\$ 5,872,968	3
8620	Non-controlling interest			66,254	-	90,677	-	219,379	-	227,492	-
	Profit for the period			\$ 2,443,896	2	\$ 3,426,070	3	\$ 5,141,979	3	\$ 6,100,460	3
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:											
8710	Owners of parent			(\$ 278,763)	-	\$ 2,476,527	2	\$ 4,971,322	3	\$ 5,182,212	3
8720	Non-controlling interest			49,308	-	(137,948)	-	282,232	-	(226,481)	-
	Comprehensive income (loss) for the period			(\$ 229,455)	-	\$ 2,338,579	2	\$ 5,253,554	3	\$ 4,955,731	3
Earnings per share											
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(34)		\$ 1.43		\$ 2.00		\$ 2.95		\$ 3.52	
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(34)		\$ 1.43		\$ 2.00		\$ 2.95		\$ 3.52	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent										
Retained Earnings										
Other equity interest										
Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income										
Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations										
Total										
Non-controlling interest										
Total equity										
Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
Six months ended June 30, 2021										
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,709,395	\$ 8,855,413	\$ 7,295,010	\$ 13,380,084	(\$ 8,690,313)	\$ 2,353,767	\$ 54,582,826	\$ 2,267,342	\$ 56,850,168
Profit	-	-	-	-	5,872,968	-	-	5,872,968	227,492	6,100,460
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(25)	-	-	-	-	(1,690,862)	1,000,106	(690,756)	(453,973)	(1,144,729)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	5,872,968	(1,690,862)	1,000,106	5,182,212	(226,481)	4,955,731
Appropriations of 2020 earnings	6(24)									
Legal reserve	-	-	818,064	-	(818,064)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	(958,465)	958,465	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	(5,504,225)	-	-	(5,504,225)	-	(5,504,225)
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(23)	-	24,039	-	6,490	-	-	30,529	-	30,529
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired	6(35)	-	1,206	-	-	-	-	1,206	(38,626)	(37,420)
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends	6(23)	-	480	-	-	-	-	480	-	480
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,735,120	\$ 9,673,477	\$ 6,336,545	\$ 13,895,718	(\$ 10,381,175)	\$ 3,353,873	\$ 54,293,028	\$ 2,002,235	\$ 56,295,263
Six months ended June 30, 2022										
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,199,960	\$ 9,673,477	\$ 6,336,545	\$ 24,968,224	(\$ 10,641,478)	\$ 2,394,366	\$ 63,610,564	\$ 2,280,513	\$ 65,891,077
Profit	-	-	-	-	4,922,600	-	-	4,922,600	219,379	5,141,979
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(25)	-	-	-	-	3,607,634	(3,558,912)	48,722	62,853	111,575
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	4,922,600	3,607,634	(3,558,912)	4,971,322	282,232	5,253,554
Appropriations of 2021 earnings	6(24)									
Legal reserve	-	-	1,695,196	-	(1,695,196)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	1,910,568	(1,910,568)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	(8,339,735)	-	-	(8,339,735)	-	(8,339,735)
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(23)	-	54,259	-	-	-	-	54,259	-	54,259
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired	6(35)	-	2,085	-	-	-	-	2,085	(23,029)	(20,944)
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends	6(23)	-	594	-	-	-	-	594	-	594
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,256,898	\$ 11,368,673	\$ 8,247,113	\$ 17,945,325	(\$ 7,033,844)	(\$ 1,164,546)	\$ 60,299,089	\$ 2,539,716	\$ 62,838,805

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

		Six months ended June 30	
	Notes	2022	2021
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Profit before tax		\$ 6,273,474	\$ 6,900,855
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	6(31)	150,722	159,917
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	6(31)	120,663	133,547
Depreciation charges on investment property	6(31)	18,245	23,551
Amortization charges on intangible assets	6(31)	20,543	19,426
Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS 9	12(2)	27,017	50,832
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6(29)	105	(162,861)
Loss on decline in (gain on reversal of) market value and obsolete and slow-moving inventories	6(8)	289,616	(17,379)
Interest expense	6(30)	387,643	237,168
Interest income	6(27)	(125,165)	(144,248)
Dividend income	6(28)	(279,827)	(152,704)
Share of profit of associates accounted for under equity method	6(9)	(1,409,535)	(1,427,789)
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment property	6(29)	(14,057)	(870)
Gain on disposal of investments	6(29)	-	(842,231)
Gain on lease modification	6(11)	(194)	(164)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Notes and accounts receivable		9,042,128	(387,167)
Other receivables		(1,704,854)	82,839
Inventories		(9,074,382)	(2,024,144)
Prepayments		(2,822,253)	(469,483)
Long-term notes and overdue receivables		(52,178)	15,768
Long-term lease receivables		24,572	19,605
Changes in operating liabilities			
Notes and accounts payable		(9,538,589)	1,455,744
Other payables		717,751	688,839
Other current liabilities		(1,481,281)	697,878
Other non-current liabilities		(92,640)	11,158
Cash (outflow) inflow generated from operations		(9,522,476)	4,868,087
Dividends received from investments accounted for under equity method		686,932	445,629
Interest paid		(387,643)	(237,168)
Interest received		125,165	144,248
Dividends received		148,716	73,091
Income taxes paid		(1,268,496)	(1,107,860)
Net cash flows (used in) from operating activities		(10,217,802)	4,186,027

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

		Six months ended June 30	
	Notes	2022	2021
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Decrease (increase) in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		\$ 1,490,739	(\$ 3,628,402)
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for under equity method		-	1,076,039
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(159,974)	(314,361)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		21,796	8,192
Acquisition of investment property	6(13)	(1,712)	-
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(14)	(7,453)	(6,848)
Increase in refundable deposits		(17,698)	(290)
Decrease in refundable deposits		4,421	553,600
Increase in restricted time deposits		(61,097)	(406,744)
Decrease in restricted time deposits		876	99,180
Increase in other non-current assets		(17,029)	(11,256)
Increase in time deposits maturing over three months		(208,390)	(226,386)
Decrease in time deposits maturing over three months		148,850	205,776
Net cash flow on loss of control of subsidiary	6(37)	-	189,657
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities		<u>1,193,329</u>	<u>(2,461,843)</u>
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	6(36)	8,452,389	(1,795,122)
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	6(36)	(2,470,000)	(530,000)
Payments of lease liabilities	6(36)	(115,427)	(124,223)
Increase in guarantee deposits received	6(36)	86,985	259,056
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	6(36)	(64,970)	(12,075)
Acquisition of additional shares in subsidiary	6(35)	(20,944)	(37,420)
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities		<u>5,868,033</u>	<u>(2,239,784)</u>
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates		<u>1,965,101</u>	<u>(1,868,545)</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(1,191,339)	(2,384,145)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		<u>7,052,958</u>	<u>15,229,773</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		<u>\$ 5,861,619</u>	<u>\$ 12,845,628</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS,
EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

Synnex Technology International Corporation (the “Company”) was incorporated in 1988 under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the “Group”) are primarily engaged in:

- A. Assembly and sale of computers and computer peripherals;
- B. Sale of communication products;
- C. Sale of consumer electronic products;
- D. Sale of electronic products and components;
- E. Warehouse and logistics services; and
- F. Maintenance and technical services for the products mentioned above.

The Company’s shares have been traded on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since December 1995.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on August 4, 2022.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”)

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Amendments to IFRS 3, ‘Reference to the conceptual framework’	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, ‘Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use’	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, ‘Onerous contracts — cost of fulfilling a contract’	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group’s consolidated financial condition and consolidated financial performance based on the Group’s assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2023 are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction'	January 1, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's consolidated financial condition and consolidated financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 — comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's consolidated financial condition and consolidated financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
- (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
- (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-Group transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
 - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary

should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

(a) June 30, 2022 and 2021:

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)		Description
			June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Global Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	Sales of 3C products	100	100	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	E-Fan Investments CO., LTD.	Investment holding	100	100	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Technology Services Corporation	Maintenance and technical services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Sales of 3C products	100	98.06	-
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Bizwave Tech Co., Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Peer Developments Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Mauritius Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Electronics Hong Kong Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	100	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	100	-

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)		Description
			June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Fortune Ideal Ltd.	Real estate investments	100	100	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Real estate investments	100	100	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia and subsidiaries	Sales of 3C products	50	50	Note 1
Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	Laser Computer (China) Ltd. (Note 3)	Sales of 3C products	-	100	Note 2
Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and subsidiaries	Sales of 3C products	100	100	-
Peer Developments Ltd.	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	100	Note 1
Peer Developments Ltd.	Synergy Intelligent Logistics (HK) Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	-
Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Leveltech Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Beijing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	Sales of electronic components and warehouse and logistics services	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Tianjin) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Chengdu) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Hangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Qingdao) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Guangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)		Description
			June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Xi'an) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Suzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Wuhan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Jinan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Changsha) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Zhengzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Hefei) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Nanchang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Xiamen) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Yude (Shanghai) Warehouse Co., Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	97.96	97.96	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology Development Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Jifu Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1

(b) December 31, 2021:

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)		Description
			December 31, 2021		
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Global Ltd.	Investment holding	100		-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	Sales of 3C products	100		-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	E-Fan Investments CO., LTD.	Investment holding	100		-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	100		-

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)	Description
			December 31, 2021	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Sales of 3C products	98.93	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Technology Services Corporation	Maintenance and technical services	100	-
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Bizwave Tech Co., Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Peer Developments Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Mauritius Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Electronics Hong Kong Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Fortune Ideal Ltd.	Real estate investments	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Real estate investments	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia and subsidiaries	Sales of 3C products	50	-
Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and subsidiaries	Sales of 3C products	100	-
Peer Developments Ltd.	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	-
Peer Developments Ltd.	Synergy Intelligent Logistics (HK) Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)	
			December 31, 2021	Description
Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Leveltech Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Beijing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	Sales of electronic components and warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Tianjin) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Chengdu) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Hangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Qingdao) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Guangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Xi'an) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Suzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Wuhan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Jinan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Changsha) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Zhengzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Hefei) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Nanchang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)	Description
			December 31, 2021	
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Xiamen) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Yude (Shanghai) Warehouse Co., Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	97.96	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology Development Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Jifu Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-

Note 1: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were not reviewed by the independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.

Note 2: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2021 were not reviewed by the independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.

Note 3: The Company's subsidiary – Laser Computer (China) Ltd. cancelled its registration on October 6, 2021.

Note 4: The above subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 were audited by the Company's auditors, apart from Fortune Ideal Ltd. and Golden Thinking Ltd., which were audited by other auditors.

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.

E. Significant restrictions: None.

F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-

monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (c) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that

meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investments. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost and lease receivables, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred; however, the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

(13) Leasing arrangements (lessor) — lease receivables/operating leases

- A. Based on the terms of a lease contract, a lease is classified as a finance lease if the lessee assumes substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased asset.
 - (a) At commencement of the lease term, the lessor should record a finance lease in the balance sheet as ‘lease receivables’ at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease (including initial direct costs). The difference between gross lease receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as ‘unearned finance income of finance lease’.
 - (b) The lessor should allocate finance income over the lease term based on a systematic and rational basis reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor’s net investment in the finance lease.
 - (c) Lease payments (excluding costs for services) during the lease term are applied against the gross investment in the lease to reduce both the principal and the unearned finance income.
- B. Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

- A. Cost of inventory purchases includes purchasing price, import taxes and all the related costs involved in the process of obtaining inventory. Discounts, allowances and etc. shall be deducted from the cost of inventory purchases.
- B. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the moving-average method. The item-by-item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(15) Investments accounted for using equity method / associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- B. The Group’s share of its associates’ post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group’s share of losses in an associate equals or

exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognises change in ownership interests in the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.
- G. When the Group disposes of its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- H. When the Group disposes of its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

(16) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if

appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	20 - 50 years
Utilities equipment	7 - 15 years
Computer equipment	3 - 7 years
Transportation equipment	10 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Tools	5 - 20 years
Leasehold improvements	3 years

(17) Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/lease liabilities

A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:

- (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability; and
- (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease and recognise the difference from remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(18) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives of investment property are as follows:

Buildings and structures	20 - 50 years
Utilities equipment	7 - 15 years

(19) Intangible assets

A. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 to 7 years.

B. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

(20) Impairment of non-financial assets

A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

B. The recoverable amount of goodwill is evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.

C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(21) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(22) Notes and accounts payable

A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.

B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(23) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

A. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are designated as at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition:

(a) Hybrid (combined) contracts; or

(b) They eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or

(c) They are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management policy.

B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related

transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(24) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(25) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(26) Non-hedging and embedded derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

(27) Provisions

Warranties provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Warranties provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

(28) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.

ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive

- income in the period in which they arise and recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.
 - iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- C. Termination benefits
- Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognises expense as it can no longer withdraw an offer of termination benefits or as it recognises relating restructuring costs, whichever is earlier. Benefits that are expected to be due more than 12 months after balance sheet date shall be discounted to their present value.
- D. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration
- Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the subsequently resolved distributed amounts and the estimated amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(29) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Group and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.

- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- H. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(30) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(31) Dividends

Cash dividends were recorded as liabilities in the Company's financial statements after the special resolution of the Board of Directors in accordance with Article 240 of Company Act and Articles of Incorporation. Stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed when they are resolved by the Company's shareholders and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(32) Revenue recognition

A. Sales of goods

- (a) The Group sells information, communication, electronic and consumer electronic products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated sales return, volume discounts, sales discounts and allowances. The estimated volume discounts, sales discounts and allowances given to customers are based on the expected purchase volume and accumulated experience. A refund liability is recognised for expected sales return, volume discounts, sales discounts and allowances payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The estimation is subject to an assessment at each reporting date.
- (c) The Group's obligation to provide a refund for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- (d) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the

consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

B. Service revenue

The Group provides services of inventory management, installation and maintenance services. Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

C. Financing components

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Company does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

(33) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

Revenue recognition on a net/gross basis

The Group determines whether the nature of its performance obligation is to provide the specified goods or services itself (i.e. the Group is a principal) or to arrange for the other party to provide those goods or services (i.e. the Group is an agent) based on the transaction model and its economic substance. The Group is a principal if it controls a promised good or service before it transfers the good or service to a customer. The Group recognises revenue at gross amount of consideration to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services transferred. The Group is an agent if it does not control a promised good or service before the good or service is transferred to a customer. The Group recognises revenue at the amount of any fee or commission to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for arranging for the other party to provide its goods or services.

Indicators that the Group controls the good or service before it is provided to a customer include the following:

- A. The Group is primarily responsible for the provision of goods or services;
- B. The Group assumes the inventory risk before transferring the specified goods or services to the customer or after transferring control of the goods or services to the customer; and
- C. The Group has discretion in establishing prices for the goods or services.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Assessment of allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable

During the assessment process of allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable, the Group has to utilize judgements and estimates to determine the recoverable amount of accounts receivable. The recoverable amount is affected by various factors such as customers' financial conditions, Group's internal credit ratings, historical transaction records, current economic conditions, and other factors that could affect customers' paying ability. If there is a concern regarding the collectability of the account, the Group shall assess the account's collectability individually and recognize appropriate allowances. Management makes critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events as of balance sheet date, which may differ from actual results. Thus, there might be material changes to the assessment.

B. Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such evaluation of inventories is primarily based on the demand for the products within a specific period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

C. Accrual of inventory purchase rebates

Accrual of inventory purchase rebates is estimated based on contract terms and expected achievement rate. However, contract terms for rebates could be in various types, with complicated calculations and entered into with different counterparties. Therefore, a substantial volume of purchase and sale information has to be matched with individual merchandise item manually in order to calculate rebates. Management makes critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events as of balance sheet date, which may differ from actual results. Thus, there might be material changes to the assessment.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$ 546	\$ 540	\$ 660
Checking accounts and demand deposits	5,515,105	7,012,599	10,780,661
Time deposits	345,968	39,819	2,064,307
	<u>\$ 5,861,619</u>	<u>\$ 7,052,958</u>	<u>\$ 12,845,628</u>

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. For information regarding cash and cash equivalents pledged as collateral and reclassified as financial assets at amortised cost, please refer to Notes 6(4) and 8.

(2) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Current items:			
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss			
Listed stocks	\$ 23,646	\$ 23,314	\$ 23,343
Financial products	599,506	2,046,087	3,628,402
Non-hedging derivatives — forward exchange	863	-	946
	624,015	2,069,401	3,652,691
Valuation adjustment	166,320	254,169	148,921
	<u>\$ 790,335</u>	<u>\$ 2,323,570</u>	<u>\$ 3,801,612</u>

Financial liabilities held for trading

Non-hedging derivatives —

forward exchange	\$ 577	\$ 700	\$ -
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A. The Group recognised net gain of \$(18,907), \$87,555, \$2,190 and \$161,671 on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

B. The subsidiaries entered into contracts relating to derivative financial instruments which were not accounted for under hedge accounting. The information is as follows:

		<u>June 30, 2022</u>	
			Nominal Principal
<u>The subsidiaries</u>	<u>Items</u>	<u>Book Value</u>	<u>(in thousands)</u>
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy USD sell NZD	\$ 881	USD 910
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy AUD sell NZD (	18)	AUD 440
Synnex Technology International (HK)	Forward exchange - buy USD sell HKD (	577)	USD 40,000
		<u>\$ 286</u>	
		<u>December 31, 2021</u>	
			Nominal Principal
<u>The subsidiaries</u>	<u>Items</u>	<u>Book Value</u>	<u>(in thousands)</u>
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy USD sell NZD	(\$ 756)	USD 2,840
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy AUD sell NZD	56	AUD 550
		<u>(\$ 700)</u>	

		June 30, 2021	
		Book Value	Nominal Principal (in thousands)
The subsidiaries	Items		
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy USD sell NZD	\$ 1,041	USD 1,960
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy AUD sell NZD (	95)	AUD 1,950
		<u>\$ 946</u>	

For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the subsidiaries of the Company undertook forward exchange contracts with local banks to hedge risks of foreign currency assets and liabilities arising from fluctuations in exchange rates. The Group recognised (loss) gain on valuation amounting \$3,427, (\$458), (\$2,295) and \$1,190, respectively, for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

C. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others.

D. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Current items:			
Equity instruments			
Listed stocks	\$ 14,601,470	\$ 13,600,899	\$ -
Valuation adjustment	(4,133,272)	(1,360,411)	-
	<u>\$ 10,468,198</u>	<u>\$ 12,240,488</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Non-current items:			
Equity instruments			
Listed stocks	\$ 835,880	\$ 835,880	\$ 820,687
Non-listed (TSE and OTC) stock	2,042,002	2,037,306	2,016,375
Valuation adjustment	<u>2,725,553</u>	<u>3,739,884</u>	<u>3,329,164</u>
	<u>\$ 5,603,435</u>	<u>\$ 6,613,070</u>	<u>\$ 6,166,226</u>

A. The Group has elected to classify share investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments as at June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021 is listed in the table above.

B. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

		Three months ended June 30,	
		2022	2021
<u>Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income</u>			
Change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income		(\$ 2,526,202)	\$ 428,201

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income	(\$ 3,545,857)	\$ 980,757
C. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral.		

(4) Financial assets at amortised cost

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Current items:			
Time deposits maturing over three months	\$ 59,540	\$ -	\$ 30,000
Non-current items:			
Pledged time deposits	\$ 1,499,728	\$ 1,439,507	\$ 1,562,702
A. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.			
B. The counterparties of the Group's investments in certificates of deposits are financial institutions with high credit quality, so the Group expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.			

(5) Notes, accounts and overdue receivable

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Notes receivable	\$ 5,079,665	\$ 6,396,329	\$ 7,042,202
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(14,739)	(15,997)	(14,170)
	\$ 5,064,926	\$ 6,380,332	\$ 7,028,032
Accounts receivable	\$ 71,043,468	\$ 78,414,180	\$ 57,345,429
Accounts receivable due from related parties	415,748	701,473	408,637
Lease receivables (expiring within one year)	138,956	152,814	152,491
	71,598,172	79,268,467	57,906,557
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(142,749)	(187,106)	(71,353)
	71,455,423	79,081,361	57,835,204
Overdue receivables (recorded as other non-current assets)	3,607,665	3,550,763	2,919,978
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(2,270,997)	(2,202,041)	(2,210,873)
	1,336,668	1,348,722	709,105
	\$ 72,792,091	\$ 80,430,083	\$ 58,544,309

Overdue receivables consist primarily of amounts due from customers under bankruptcy proceedings and are stated at their estimated net realizable value. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021, the Group received certain security for a portion of the amounts due.

- A. The ageing analysis of notes receivable and accounts receivable (including related parties) is as follows:

	June 30, 2022			
	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Overdue receivables	Total
Not past due	\$ 5,079,665	\$ 62,977,862	\$ -	\$ 68,057,527
Up to 60 days past due	-	6,313,529	25,667	6,339,196
61-120 days past due	-	1,780,425	36,072	1,816,497
121-180 days past due	-	287,623	46,834	334,457
More than 181 days past due	-	238,733	3,499,092	3,737,825
	<u>\$ 5,079,665</u>	<u>\$ 71,598,172</u>	<u>\$ 3,607,665</u>	<u>\$ 80,285,502</u>
	December 31, 2021			
	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Overdue receivables	Total
Not past due	\$ 6,396,329	\$ 71,824,208	\$ -	\$ 78,220,537
Up to 60 days past due	-	6,267,609	-	6,267,609
61-120 days past due	-	648,532	23,714	672,246
121-180 days past due	-	139,415	5,477	144,892
More than 181 days past due	-	388,703	3,521,572	3,910,275
	<u>\$ 6,396,329</u>	<u>\$ 79,268,467</u>	<u>\$ 3,550,763</u>	<u>\$ 89,215,559</u>
	June 30, 2021			
	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Overdue receivables	Total
Not past due	\$ 7,042,202	\$ 51,317,055	\$ 320	\$ 58,359,577
Up to 60 days past due	-	5,280,893	2,212	5,283,105
61-120 days past due	-	876,911	17,000	893,911
121-180 days past due	-	301,653	10,313	311,966
More than 181 days past due	-	130,045	2,890,133	3,020,178
	<u>\$ 7,042,202</u>	<u>\$ 57,906,557</u>	<u>\$ 2,919,978</u>	<u>\$ 67,868,737</u>

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2021, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$67,492,012.
- C. Details of the Group's accounts receivable pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- D. Certain notes receivable that were discounted to banks (pertaining to bankers' acceptance) met the derecognition criteria for financial assets. The Group has payment obligation when the acceptors (acceptance banks) of the notes refuse to pay the notes at maturity. However, the credit rating of the aforesaid acceptors (acceptance banks) is high. In general, the Group does not expect that the acceptors (acceptance banks) of the notes would refuse to pay for the notes at maturity. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021, the Group had derecognized notes receivable (pertaining to bankers' acceptance) that were discounted to banks but not yet matured amounting to \$744,869, \$310,957, and \$2,205, respectively.
- E. Lease receivables
Information relating to lease receivables is provided in Note 6(12).

F. Information relating to credit risk of notes and accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(6) Transfer of financial assets

Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety

The Group entered into factoring agreements with banks to sell its accounts receivable. Under the agreements, the Group is not obligated to bear the default risk of the transferred accounts receivable, but is liable for the losses incurred in any business dispute. The Group does not have any continuing involvement in the transferred accounts receivable. Thus, the Group derecognised the factored accounts receivable, and the related information is as follows:

(Unit: USD thousand)

June 30, 2022				
Accounts receivable transferred	Amount derecognized	Facilities	Amount advanced	
<u>The Company</u>				
\$ 669,562	\$ 669,562	US\$57,500	\$ 669,562	
(US\$22,552)	(US\$22,552)		(US\$22,552)	
<u>Subsidiaries</u>				
\$ 2,191,248	\$ 2,191,248	US\$115,000	\$ 2,191,248	
(US\$73,606)	(US\$73,606)		(US\$73,606)	

(Unit: USD thousand)

December 31, 2021				
Accounts receivable transferred	Amount derecognized	Facilities	Amount advanced	
<u>The Company</u>				
\$ 529,170	\$ 529,170	US\$57,500	\$ 529,170	
(US\$18,980)	(US\$18,980)		(US\$18,980)	
<u>Subsidiaries</u>				
\$ 779,284	\$ 779,284	US\$107,000	\$ 779,284	
(US\$28,103)	(US\$28,103)		(US\$28,103)	

(Unit: USD thousand)

June 30, 2021				
Accounts receivable transferred	Amount derecognized	Facilities	Amount advanced	
<u>The Company</u>				
\$ 248,306	\$ 248,306	US\$57,500	\$ 248,306	
(US\$8,893)	(US\$8,893)		(US\$8,893)	
<u>Subsidiaries</u>				
\$ 1,008,503	\$ 1,008,503	US\$107,000	\$ 1,008,503	
(US\$36,134)	(US\$36,134)		(US\$36,134)	

A. The counterparties of the Group's accounts receivable factoring mainly were Taishin International Bank, Chang Hwa Bank, E.SUN Commercial Bank, and other financial institutions. As of June

30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021, the interest rate of amount advanced was 0.99%~2.35%, 0.64%~0.71%, and 0.69%~0.71%, respectively.

B. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021, the commercial papers issued for accounts receivable factoring amounted to US\$43,000 thousand, US\$42,200 thousand, and US\$42,200 thousand, respectively.

(7) Other receivables

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Receivables from suppliers	\$ 6,832,796	\$ 5,323,567	\$ 5,306,094
Tax refund receivable - business tax	1,000,033	833,084	768,723
Other non-operating receivables, others (including related parties)	312,016	126,359	307,578
	<u>\$ 8,144,845</u>	<u>\$ 6,283,010</u>	<u>\$ 6,382,395</u>

(8) Inventories

	June 30, 2022		
	Cost	Allowance for Valuation loss	Book value
Merchandise inventories	\$ 57,260,179	(\$ 777,803)	\$ 56,482,376
Inventory in transit	15,662	-	15,662
	<u>\$ 57,275,841</u>	<u>(\$ 777,803)</u>	<u>\$ 56,498,038</u>

	December 31, 2021		
	Cost	Allowance for Valuation loss	Book value
Merchandise inventories	\$ 47,395,461	(\$ 488,187)	\$ 46,907,274
Inventory in transit	805,998	-	805,998
	<u>\$ 48,201,459</u>	<u>(\$ 488,187)</u>	<u>\$ 47,713,272</u>

	June 30, 2021		
	Cost	Allowance for Valuation loss	Book value
Merchandise inventories	\$ 33,295,336	(\$ 489,716)	\$ 32,805,620
Inventory in transit	122,568	-	122,568
	<u>\$ 33,417,904</u>	<u>(\$ 489,716)</u>	<u>\$ 32,928,188</u>

A. Information relating to inventories pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

B. The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Cost of inventories sold	\$ 99,083,349	\$ 92,468,388
Loss on decline in market value	140,284	29,241
	<u>\$ 99,223,633</u>	<u>\$ 92,497,629</u>
	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Cost of inventories sold	\$ 195,515,972	\$ 175,189,967
Loss on decline in (gain on reversal of) market value	289,616	(17,379)
	<u>\$ 195,805,588</u>	<u>\$ 175,172,588</u>

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, gain on reversal of valuation loss and obsolescence arose after the inventories were scrapped or sold.

(9) Investments accounted for under equity method

A. The details are as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Associates:			
TD Synnex Corporation (Notes 2 and 3)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,761,399
Concentrix Corporation (Notes 1)	5,572,553	4,966,657	4,827,658
Redington (India) Ltd.	5,764,588	4,787,716	4,638,065
Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company	1,430,473	1,591,778	1,252,123
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	1,286,364	1,287,583	1,242,728
Other	22,977	29,094	69,901
	<u>\$ 14,076,955</u>	<u>\$ 12,662,828</u>	<u>\$ 16,791,874</u>

The information on shareholding ratio is provided in table 8.

B. The above investments accounted for under equity method are profit/(loss) and share of other comprehensive income of associates recognised based on financial statements that were not reviewed by the investees' auditors. Details are as follows:

	Profit/(loss) of associates	
	Three months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
TD Synnex Corporation (Note 3)	\$ -	\$ 194,236
Concentrix Corporation	212,804	159,015
Redington (India) Ltd.	369,502	250,026
Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company	93,892	77,144
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	64,618	75,868
Other	(1,912)	(1,142)
	<u>\$ 738,904</u>	<u>\$ 755,147</u>

	Profit/(loss) of associates	
	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
TD Synnex Corporation (Note 3)	\$ -	\$ 380,189
Concentrix Corporation	416,467	337,874
Redington (India) Ltd.	603,501	414,448
Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company	254,283	153,761
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	140,201	145,374
Other	(4,917)	(3,857)
	<u>\$ 1,409,535</u>	<u>\$ 1,427,789</u>

	Share of other comprehensive income of associates	
	Three months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
TD Synnex Corporation (Note 3)	\$ -	\$ 72,879
Concentrix Corporation	(163,203)	90,521
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	2,534	2,705
	<u>(\$ 160,669)</u>	<u>\$ 166,105</u>

	Share of other comprehensive income of associates	
	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
TD Synnex Corporation (Note 3)	\$ -	\$ 103,747
Concentrix Corporation	(160,744)	68,777
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	(13,055)	21,673
	<u>(\$ 173,799)</u>	<u>\$ 194,197</u>

Note 1: The Group is one of the major shareholders of Concentrix Corporation and has significant influence over Concentrix Corporation.

Note 2: The Group was one of the major shareholders of TD Synnex Corporation, and the Group's Chairman Mr. Matthew Miao served as TD Synnex's honorary chairman. Thus, the Group had significant influence over TD Synnex Corporation. The Group lost significant influence over TD Synnex and its ownership decreased to 4.02% due to the issuance of new shares for a merger by TD Synnex on September 1, 2021. On the same date, the Group derecognised the carrying amount of the investment accounted for using equity method, and the investment was remeasured to its fair value and recognised as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The difference was recognised in gains on disposal of investments amounting to USD 320,651 thousand, equivalent to \$9,017,328.

Note 3: Synnex Corporation announced the change in its company name to TD Synnex Corporation on September 1, 2021.

C. Associates

The Group has no material associates as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021.

(a) The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarized below:

As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$14,076,955, \$12,662,828, and \$16,791,874, respectively.

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Profit or loss for the period from continuing operations	\$ 1,409,535	\$ 1,427,789
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(173,799)	194,197
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 1,235,736</u>	<u>\$ 1,621,986</u>

- (b) The fair value calculated proportionately based on ownership shares of the Group's associates with quoted market prices is as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
TD Synnex Corporation	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,117,135
Concentrix Corporation	\$ 14,528,260	\$ 17,820,792	\$ 16,147,056
Redington (India) Ltd.	\$ 8,933,597	\$ 10,159,445	\$ 9,474,856
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	\$ 5,205,331	\$ 10,255,666	\$ 7,784,322

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(10) Property, plant and equipment

2022

	Buildings and structures				Utilities equipment	Computer equipment	Transportation equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Tools	Leasehold improvements	Construction in progress and equipment to be inspected	Total
	Land	Owner	Lease	Subtotal	Owner	Owner	Owner	Owner	Owner	Owner	Owner	
	-occupied	-occupied			-occupied	-occupied	-occupied	-occupied	-occupied	-occupied	-occupied	
<u>At January 1</u>												
Cost	\$ 1,444,237	\$ 3,935,891	\$ 1,601,720	\$ 5,537,611	\$ 428,854	\$ 270,128	\$ 182,227	\$ 79,859	\$ 558,903	\$ 69,502	\$ 3,076,245	\$ 11,647,566
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(1,035,263)	(271,765)	(1,307,028)	(219,107)	(156,952)	(84,905)	(61,785)	(195,915)	(53,687)	-	(2,079,379)
	<u>\$ 1,444,237</u>	<u>\$ 2,900,628</u>	<u>\$ 1,329,955</u>	<u>\$ 4,230,583</u>	<u>\$ 209,747</u>	<u>\$ 113,176</u>	<u>\$ 97,322</u>	<u>\$ 18,074</u>	<u>\$ 362,988</u>	<u>\$ 15,815</u>	<u>\$ 3,076,245</u>	<u>\$ 9,568,187</u>
Opening net book amount	\$ 1,444,237	\$ 2,900,628	\$ 1,329,955	\$ 4,230,583	\$ 209,747	\$ 113,176	\$ 97,322	\$ 18,074	\$ 362,988	\$ 15,815	\$ 3,076,245	\$ 9,568,187
Additions	-	28,714	-	28,714	(1,200)	3,522	-	3,889	11,872	734	112,443	159,974
Disposals	(1,529)	(97)	-	(97)	-	(76)	(5,334)	-	(69)	-	(634)	(7,739)
Reclassifications	-	(35,644)	35,644	-	5,521	-	25,870	-	1,433	4,471	(5,521)	31,774
Depreciation charge	-	(51,745)	(20,309)	(72,054)	(18,934)	(20,941)	(9,628)	(4,633)	(20,647)	(3,885)	-	(150,722)
Effect of exchange rate changes	15,990	58,772	28,802	87,574	4,865	289	93	482	6,025	190	8,070	123,578
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 1,458,698</u>	<u>\$ 2,900,628</u>	<u>\$ 1,374,092</u>	<u>\$ 4,274,720</u>	<u>\$ 199,999</u>	<u>\$ 95,970</u>	<u>\$ 108,323</u>	<u>\$ 17,812</u>	<u>\$ 361,602</u>	<u>\$ 17,325</u>	<u>\$ 3,190,603</u>	<u>\$ 9,725,052</u>
<u>At June 30</u>												
Cost	\$ 1,458,698	\$ 3,989,597	\$ 1,673,373	\$ 5,662,970	\$ 432,654	\$ 261,387	\$ 191,704	\$ 85,787	\$ 579,441	\$ 71,556	\$ 3,190,603	\$ 11,934,800
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(1,088,969)	(299,281)	(1,388,250)	(232,655)	(165,417)	(83,381)	(67,975)	(217,839)	(54,231)	-	(2,209,748)
	<u>\$ 1,458,698</u>	<u>\$ 2,900,628</u>	<u>\$ 1,374,092</u>	<u>\$ 4,274,720</u>	<u>\$ 199,999</u>	<u>\$ 95,970</u>	<u>\$ 108,323</u>	<u>\$ 17,812</u>	<u>\$ 361,602</u>	<u>\$ 17,325</u>	<u>\$ 3,190,603</u>	<u>\$ 9,725,052</u>

	Land			Buildings and structures			Utilities equipment			Computer equipment	Transportation equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Tools			Leasehold improvements	Construction in progress and equipment to be inspected	Total
	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Lease	Subtotal	Owner-occupied	Lease	Subtotal	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Lease	Subtotal	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied			
<u>At January 1</u>																		
Cost	\$ 1,516,732	\$ 4,783,716	\$ 842,822	\$ 5,626,538	\$ 483,048	\$ 71,372	\$ 554,420	\$ 265,589	\$ 169,397	\$ 87,875	\$ 595,050	\$ 2,341	\$ 597,391	\$ 83,498	\$ 2,764,464	\$ 11,665,904		
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(1,078,113)	(148,428)	(1,226,541)	(267,323)	(31,903)	(299,226)	(152,873)	(79,580)	(64,421)	(187,615)	(1,115)	(188,730)	(54,611)	(45)	(2,066,027)		
	<u>\$ 1,516,732</u>	<u>\$ 3,705,603</u>	<u>\$ 694,394</u>	<u>\$ 4,399,997</u>	<u>\$ 215,725</u>	<u>\$ 39,469</u>	<u>\$ 255,194</u>	<u>\$ 112,716</u>	<u>\$ 89,817</u>	<u>\$ 23,454</u>	<u>\$ 407,435</u>	<u>\$ 1,226</u>	<u>\$ 408,661</u>	<u>\$ 28,887</u>	<u>\$ 2,764,419</u>	<u>\$ 9,599,877</u>		
Opening net book amount	\$ 1,516,732	\$ 3,705,603	\$ 694,394	\$ 4,399,997	\$ 215,725	\$ 39,469	\$ 255,194	\$ 112,716	\$ 89,817	\$ 23,454	\$ 407,435	\$ 1,226	\$ 408,661	\$ 28,887	\$ 2,764,419	\$ 9,599,877		
Additions	-	21,624	2,976	24,600	6,130	-	6,130	6,488	2,255	3,317	7,259	22	7,281	114	264,176	314,361		
Disposals	-	738	-	738	(5,248)	-	(5,248)	(1,318)	(1,283)	(23)	(188)	-	(188)	-	-	(7,322)		
Reclassifications	-	(772,438)	782,092	9,654	36,604	(36,350)	254	-	-	(419)	1,530	(1,111)	419	-	(9,822)	86		
Depreciation charge	-	(50,610)	(20,993)	(71,603)	(21,193)	(2,633)	(23,826)	(20,896)	(8,404)	(5,194)	(19,697)	(137)	(19,834)	(10,160)	-	(159,917)		
Effect of exchange rate changes	(44,901)	(66,595)	(15,619)	(82,214)	(3,281)	(486)	(3,767)	(616)	(366)	(938)	(12,467)	-	(12,467)	(268)	(19,667)	(165,204)		
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 1,471,831</u>	<u>\$ 2,838,322</u>	<u>\$ 1,442,850</u>	<u>\$ 4,281,172</u>	<u>\$ 228,737</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 228,737</u>	<u>\$ 96,374</u>	<u>\$ 82,019</u>	<u>\$ 20,197</u>	<u>\$ 383,872</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 383,872</u>	<u>\$ 18,573</u>	<u>\$ 2,999,106</u>	<u>\$ 9,581,881</u>		
<u>At June 30</u>																		
Cost	\$ 1,471,831	\$ 3,809,119	\$ 1,718,260	\$ 5,527,379	\$ 530,069	\$ -	\$ 530,069	\$ 244,734	\$ 187,386	\$ 78,683	\$ 584,035	\$ -	\$ 584,035	\$ 78,460	\$ 2,999,106	\$ 11,701,683		
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(970,797)	(275,410)	(1,246,207)	(301,332)	-	(301,332)	(148,360)	(105,367)	(58,486)	(200,163)	-	(200,163)	(59,887)	-	(2,119,802)		
	<u>\$ 1,471,831</u>	<u>\$ 2,838,322</u>	<u>\$ 1,442,850</u>	<u>\$ 4,281,172</u>	<u>\$ 228,737</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 228,737</u>	<u>\$ 96,374</u>	<u>\$ 82,019</u>	<u>\$ 20,197</u>	<u>\$ 383,872</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 383,872</u>	<u>\$ 18,573</u>	<u>\$ 2,999,106</u>	<u>\$ 9,581,881</u>		

Note 1: The significant components of buildings include office buildings and warehouse with main buildings and improvements, which are depreciated over 20~55 and 10~35 years, respectively.

Note 2: The Group's property in Nangang District, Taipei City has been under construction since February 2020 and was shown under construction in progress. Thus, for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the interest of property, plant and equipment has been capitalized. Amount of borrowing costs for property, plant and equipment capitalised and interest rate range are as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Amount capitalised	\$ 5,343	\$ 5,167
Range of the interest rates for capitalisation	0.93%~1.04%	0.81%

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Amount capitalised	\$ 10,491	\$ 10,536
Range of the interest rates for capitalisation	0.82%~1.04%	0.81%~0.83%

Note 3: The Group had no property, plant and equipment pledged to others as collateral as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021.

(11) Leasing arrangements — lessee

A. The Group leases various assets including land use rights and buildings. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 5 years for buildings and 43 to 50 years for land use rights. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

B. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	Land use rights	Buildings	Total
January 1, 2022	\$ 678,316	\$ 427,338	\$ 1,105,654
Additions	-	12,524	12,524
Depreciation charge	(9,239)	(111,424)	(120,663)
Lease modifications	(16,087)	(16,491)	(32,578)
Early termination of leases	-	(12,315)	(12,315)
Effect of exchange rate changes	14,654	7,631	22,285
June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 667,644</u>	<u>\$ 307,263</u>	<u>\$ 974,907</u>

	Land use rights	Buildings	Total
January 1, 2021	\$ 741,742	\$ 523,154	\$ 1,264,896
Additions	-	66,180	66,180
Depreciation charge	(9,317)	(124,230)	(133,547)
Lease modifications	-	(6,797)	(6,797)
Effect of decrease in consolidated entities	(40,614)	-	(40,614)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(8,645)	(6,864)	(15,509)
June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 683,166</u>	<u>\$ 451,443</u>	<u>\$ 1,134,609</u>

C. Information on profit or loss relating to lease contracts is as follows:

		Three months ended June 30,	
		2022	2021
<u>Items affecting profit or loss</u>			
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	1,327	\$ 2,494
Expense on short-term lease contracts		50,224	13,490
Expense on leases of low-value assets		2,203	2,550
Gain (loss) on lease modification	(	194)	-
		Six months ended June 30,	
		2022	2021
<u>Items affecting profit or loss</u>			
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	3,057	\$ 5,208
Expense on short-term lease contracts		68,996	26,208
Expense on leases of low-value assets		4,568	4,981
Gain (loss) on lease modification	(	194)	(164)

D. Apart from the cash outflow relating to the lease expense mentioned above in (11)C, the Group's cash outflow arising from the payment of lease liabilities amounted to \$115,427 and \$124,223 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(12) Leasing arrangements — lessor

- A. The Group leases various assets including office buildings. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 10 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. To protect the lessor's ownership rights on the leased assets, leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes, or a residual value guarantee was required.
- B. The Group leases computers and computer peripherals assets to others under a finance lease. Based on the terms of the lease contract, the ownership of the assets will be transferred to lessees provided that the lessees exercise the purchase option when the leases expire. Information on profit or loss in relation to lease contracts is as follows:

		Three months ended June 30,	
		2022	2021
Sales profit	\$	10,218	\$ 9,056
Finance income from the net investment in the finance lease		3,067	3,926
	\$	<u>13,285</u>	<u>\$ 12,982</u>

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Sales profit	\$ 18,178	\$ 25,836
Finance income from the net investment in the finance lease	6,399	7,888
	<u>\$ 24,577</u>	<u>\$ 33,724</u>

C. The maturity analysis of the undiscounted lease payments in the finance lease is as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Within 1 year	\$ 163,753	\$ 180,497	\$ 182,238
1-5 year(s)	118,656	147,059	180,534
	<u>\$ 282,409</u>	<u>\$ 327,556</u>	<u>\$ 362,772</u>

D. Reconciliation of the undiscounted lease payments and the net investment in the finance lease is provided as follows:

	June 30, 2022		
	Current	Non-current	Total
Undiscounted lease payments	\$ 163,753	\$ 118,656	\$ 282,409
Unearned finance income	(24,797)	(16,889)	(41,686)
Net investment in the lease	<u>\$ 138,956</u>	<u>\$ 101,767</u>	<u>\$ 240,723</u>
	December 31, 2021		
	Current	Non-current	Total
Undiscounted lease payments	\$ 180,497	\$ 147,059	\$ 327,556
Unearned finance income	(27,683)	(20,720)	(48,403)
Net investment in the lease	<u>\$ 152,814</u>	<u>\$ 126,339</u>	<u>\$ 279,153</u>
	June 30, 2021		
	Current	Non-current	Total
Undiscounted lease payments	\$ 182,238	\$ 180,534	\$ 362,772
Unearned finance income	(29,747)	(26,094)	(55,841)
Net investment in the lease	<u>\$ 152,491</u>	<u>\$ 154,440</u>	<u>\$ 306,931</u>

E. Gain arising from operating lease agreements for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Rental income (including operating revenue and other income)	<u>\$ 144,198</u>	<u>\$ 155,242</u>
	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Rental income (including operating revenue and other income)	<u>\$ 288,890</u>	<u>\$ 301,276</u>

F. The maturity analysis of the lease payments under the operating leases is as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Within 1 year	\$ 353,176	\$ 409,625	\$ 369,563
1-5 year(s)	919,934	1,034,805	590,560
Over 5 years	211,845	229,094	253,131
	<u>\$ 1,484,955</u>	<u>\$ 1,673,524</u>	<u>\$ 1,213,254</u>

(13) Investment property

	2022		
	Buildings and structures	Utilities equipment	Total
<u>At January 1</u>			
Cost	\$ 1,333,076	\$ 34,973	\$ 1,368,049
Accumulated depreciation	(336,602)	(27,376)	(363,978)
	<u>\$ 996,474</u>	<u>\$ 7,597</u>	<u>\$ 1,004,071</u>
Opening net book amount	\$ 996,474	\$ 7,597	\$ 1,004,071
Additions	-	1,712	1,712
Depreciation charge	(16,027)	(2,218)	(18,245)
Net exchange differences	21,551	163	21,714
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 1,001,998</u>	<u>\$ 7,254</u>	<u>\$ 1,009,252</u>
<u>At June 30</u>			
Cost	\$ 1,361,931	\$ 36,873	1,398,804
Accumulated depreciation	(359,933)	(29,619)	(389,552)
	<u>\$ 1,001,998</u>	<u>\$ 7,254</u>	<u>\$ 1,009,252</u>

	2021		
	Buildings and structures	Utilities equipment	Total
<u>At January 1</u>			
Cost	\$ 1,524,561	\$ 148,160	\$ 1,672,721
Accumulated depreciation	(330,228)	(119,870)	(450,098)
	<u>\$ 1,194,333</u>	<u>\$ 28,290</u>	<u>\$ 1,222,623</u>
Opening net book amount	\$ 1,194,333	\$ 28,290	\$ 1,222,623
Depreciation charge	(16,391)	(7,160)	(23,551)
Effect of decrease in consolidated entities	(159,462)	(8,229)	(167,691)
Net exchange differences	(12,793)	(188)	(12,981)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 1,005,687</u>	<u>\$ 12,713</u>	<u>\$ 1,018,400</u>
<u>At June 30</u>			
Cost	\$ 1,324,587	\$ 132,655	\$ 1,457,242
Accumulated depreciation	(318,900)	(119,942)	(438,842)
	<u>\$ 1,005,687</u>	<u>\$ 12,713</u>	<u>\$ 1,018,400</u>

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Rental income from investment property	<u>\$ 96,535</u>	<u>\$ 104,894</u>
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental income during the period	<u>\$ 14,161</u>	<u>\$ 22,016</u>

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Rental income from investment property	<u>\$ 195,120</u>	<u>\$ 207,754</u>
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental income during the period	<u>\$ 41,948</u>	<u>\$ 44,269</u>

B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021 was \$3,083,161, \$2,846,936 and \$2,829,237, respectively, which is calculated based on the present value of rental revenue for the next 10 years and disposal value. The valuation approach is categorized within level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. The growth rates used are consistent with the forecasts included in market quotation reports and historical experiences. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments.

(14) Intangible assets

	2022		
	Computer software cost	Goodwill	Total
<u>At January 1</u>			
Cost	\$ 185,001	\$ 524,197	\$ 709,198
Accumulated amortisation	(69,279)	-	(69,279)
	<u>\$ 115,722</u>	<u>\$ 524,197</u>	<u>\$ 639,919</u>
Opening net book amount	\$ 115,722	\$ 524,197	\$ 639,919
Additions - acquired separately	7,453	-	7,453
Reclassifications	5,752	-	5,752
Amortisation charge	(20,543)	-	(20,543)
Net exchange differences	542	20,516	21,058
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 108,926</u>	<u>\$ 544,713</u>	<u>\$ 653,639</u>
<u>At June 30</u>			
Cost	\$ 192,022	\$ 544,713	\$ 736,735
Accumulated amortisation	(83,096)	-	(83,096)
	<u>\$ 108,926</u>	<u>\$ 544,713</u>	<u>\$ 653,639</u>
	2021		
	Computer software cost	Goodwill	Total
<u>At January 1</u>			
Cost	\$ 416,663	\$ 532,548	\$ 949,211
Accumulated amortisation	(311,506)	-	(311,506)
	<u>\$ 105,157</u>	<u>\$ 532,548</u>	<u>\$ 637,705</u>
Opening net book amount	\$ 105,157	\$ 532,548	\$ 637,705
Additions - acquired separately	6,848	-	6,848
Reclassifications	10,014	-	10,014
Amortisation charge	(19,426)	-	(19,426)
Net exchange differences	(1,395)	(6,637)	(8,032)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 101,198</u>	<u>\$ 525,911</u>	<u>\$ 627,109</u>
<u>At June 30</u>			
Cost	\$ 161,671	\$ 525,911	\$ 687,582
Accumulated amortisation	(60,473)	-	(60,473)
	<u>\$ 101,198</u>	<u>\$ 525,911</u>	<u>\$ 627,109</u>

A. Amortisation charges on intangible assets were recognised as administrative expenses amounting to \$10,259, \$9,349, \$20,543 and \$19,426 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

B. Goodwill is allocated as follows to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Taiwan	\$ 239,479	\$ 239,479	\$ 239,479
Hong Kong	295,642	275,383	277,171
Indonesia	9,592	9,335	9,261
	<u>\$ 544,713</u>	<u>\$ 524,197</u>	<u>\$ 525,911</u>

C. Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operation segment. The recoverable amount of all cash-generating units has been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period.

The recoverable amount of all cash-generating units calculated using the value-in-use exceeded their carrying amount, so goodwill was not impaired. The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are consideration of gross margin, growth rate, and discount rate.

Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of market development. The growth rates used are consistent with the forecasts included in market quotation reports and historical experiences. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments.

(15) Other non-current assets

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Refundable deposits	\$ 129,660	\$ 113,584	\$ 112,836
Long-term notes and overdue receivables	1,336,668	1,348,722	709,105
Long-term lease receivables	101,767	126,339	154,440
Others	51,438	40,161	28,880
	<u>\$ 1,619,533</u>	<u>\$ 1,628,806</u>	<u>\$ 1,005,261</u>

For details of long-term lease receivables, please refer to Notes 6(5) and (12).

(16) Short-term borrowings

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	\$ 61,021,152	\$ 53,326,707	\$ 41,172,082
Secured borrowings	<u>757,944</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 61,779,096</u>	<u>\$ 53,326,707</u>	<u>\$ 41,172,082</u>
Interest rate range			
Unsecured borrowings	<u>0.78%~3.60%</u>	<u>0.68%~2.28%</u>	<u>0.65%~1.62%</u>
Secured borrowings	<u>3.95%~3.97%</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Collateral			
Unsecured borrowings	None	None	None
Secured borrowings	Accounts receivables and inventories	None	None

(17) Short-term notes and bills payable

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Commercial paper payable	\$ 10,020,000	\$ 12,490,000	\$ 13,200,000
Interest rate range	<u>1.06%~1.49%</u>	<u>0.82%~1.00%</u>	<u>0.73%~1.00%</u>

The above-mentioned short-term notes and bills payables are issued and accepted by financial institutions. The interest includes costs related to issuance.

(18) Other payables

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Dividends receivable	\$ 8,339,735	\$ -	\$ 5,504,225
Temporary receipt of suppliers' payment	5,819,792	4,349,911	3,195,582
Salary and bonus payable	785,664	940,458	682,979
Accrued expenses — others	577,576	956,055	717,737
Other payables — others (including related parties)	<u>738,397</u>	<u>957,848</u>	<u>1,235,109</u>
	<u>\$ 16,261,164</u>	<u>\$ 7,204,272</u>	<u>\$ 11,335,632</u>

(19) Other current liabilities

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Refund liability — dealers' rebates payable	\$ 3,193,998	\$ 4,686,476	\$ 3,989,521
Other current liabilities — others	<u>106,683</u>	<u>95,486</u>	<u>271,392</u>
	<u>\$ 3,300,681</u>	<u>\$ 4,781,962</u>	<u>\$ 4,260,913</u>

(20) Long-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	June 30, 2022
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 30, 2021 to December 30, 2024; principal is repayable in full at maturity; interest is repayable monthly.	1.47%	None	\$ 1,500,000
Less: Current portion				-
				<u>\$ 1,500,000</u>

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2021
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 30, 2021 to December 30, 2024; principal is repayable in full at maturity; interest is repayable monthly.	1.06%	None	\$ 1,500,000
Less: Current portion				-
				<u>\$ 1,500,000</u>

June 30, 2021: None.

(21) Pensions

A. Defined benefit plans

- (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law. The pension benefits are paid based on the service years and the average monthly salaries of the last 1 month prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions to cover the deficit by next March. The subsidiary, PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia, also adopted a defined benefit plan.
- (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs of \$4,714, \$4,678, \$9,343 and \$9,567 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

- (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2022 amount to \$26,276.

B. Defined contribution plans

- (a) No pension plan is established for certain overseas investment holding companies since these companies are not required to have an employee pension plan in accordance with the local legislation. Except for the above, other companies have established a funded defined contribution pension plan and therefore contribute monthly a certain percentage of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund. Except for monthly contributions to the retirement fund, these companies have no further obligations.
- (b) The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$81,897, \$77,513, \$162,049 and \$157,887, respectively.

(22) Share capital

- A. As of June 30, 2022, the Company's authorised capital was \$24,000,000 (including \$500,000 reserved for the conversion of employees' stock options which have not been issued). The total number of ordinary shares, at \$10 (in dollars) par value per share, issued and outstanding, was 1,667,946,968 shares. Shares yet to be issued can be issued several times by the Board of Directors depending on the demand, and some of them can be distributed in the form of preferred shares. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Group's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

	2022	2021
At January 1 (At June 30)	1,667,946,968	1,667,946,968

- B. In 1997 and 1999, the Company issued new shares and Mitac Incorporated and other major shareholders offered part of their shares to jointly participate in the issuance of global depository shares (GDSs). These GDSs were issued in Europe, Asia and the USA. Each GDS represents 4 shares of ordinary share. After several issuances of GDSs by issuing new shares, the total number of GDSs outstanding as of June 30, 2022 was 23,174 units, representing 92,708 shares of ordinary share. The main terms and conditions of the GDSs are as follows:

(a) Voting rights

The holders of GDSs have no right to directly attend any shareholders' meeting of the Company, vote, or speak. However, when the Depositary receives the same instruction from more than 51% of the holders of GDSs on a proposal, the Depositary shall vote on the proposal as instructed by the holders of GDSs.

(b) Conversion of GDSs

Commencing three months after the initial issuance of GDSs, subject to the terms of the Deposit Agreement and applicable laws of the R.O.C., a holder of GDSs may request the Depositary to redeem and deliver or sell the Company's ordinary share represented by the

GDSs.

(c) Dividends

The holders of GDSs are entitled to receive dividends to the same extent as the holders of ordinary shares.

(23) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

	2022					
	Changes in equity					
	Share premium	Treasury share transactions	of associates and joint ventures	Stock options	Others	Total
At January 1	\$ 13,626,940	\$ 340,678	\$ -	\$ 228,445	\$ 3,897	\$ 14,199,960
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures	-	-	54,258	-	-	54,258
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired	-	-	2,085	-	-	2,085
Unclaimed dividends	-	-	-	-	595	595
At June 30	<u>\$ 13,626,940</u>	<u>\$ 340,678</u>	<u>\$ 56,343</u>	<u>\$ 228,445</u>	<u>\$ 4,492</u>	<u>\$ 14,256,898</u>

	2021					
	Changes in equity					
	Share premium	Treasury share transactions	of associates and joint ventures	Stock options	Others	Total
At January 1	\$ 13,626,940	\$ 340,678	\$ 509,915	\$ 228,445	\$ 3,417	\$ 14,709,395
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures	-	-	24,039	-	-	24,039
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired	-	-	1,206	-	-	1,206
Unclaimed dividends	-	-	-	-	480	480
At June 30	<u>\$ 13,626,940</u>	<u>\$ 340,678</u>	<u>\$ 535,160</u>	<u>\$ 228,445</u>	<u>\$ 3,897</u>	<u>\$ 14,735,120</u>

(24) Retained earnings

A. The earnings distribution in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company is as follows:

- (a) The Company's annual earnings at the end of the accounting year shall be first subject to taxation, reimbursement of previous losses, followed by a 10% provision for legal reserve and provision for or reversal of special reserve by law. If there is profit remaining, the Board of Directors shall propose to distribute the balance amount, together with any accumulated non-distributed profit. Where dividends are distributed in the form of stocks, the distribution shall be subject to the approval of the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting. Where dividends are distributed in the form of cash, the Board of Directors is authorized to make such distribution by approval of more than half of directors present at a meeting where more than two-thirds of the directors are in attendance, and the distribution shall also be reported at the shareholders' meeting.

The Board of Directors shall determine the shareholders' cash dividend ratio with the consideration of the financial structure of the Company, future earnings situation, and business development; however, the cash dividend ratio may not be less than 15% of the total current dividend distributed to shareholders.

- (b) Where the Company incurs no loss, the Board of Directors may draft distribution proposals to distribute part or all of the legal reserve and capital surplus specified in Article 241 of the Company Act to shareholders. Where dividends are distributed in the form of stocks, the distribution shall be subject to the approval of the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting. Where dividends are distributed in the form of cash, the Board of Directors is authorized to make such distribution by approval of more than half of the directors present at the meeting where more than two-thirds of the directors are in attendance, and the distribution shall also be reported at the shareholders' meeting.

B. The appropriation of 2021 and 2020 earnings had been proposed at the Board of Directors' meeting on May 30, 2022 and resolved at the shareholders' meeting on July 20, 2021, respectively. Details are summarized below:

	Years ended December 31,			
	2021		2020	
	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)
Provision for legal reserve	\$ 1,695,196		\$ 818,064	
Provision for (reversal of) special reserve	1,910,568		(958,465)	
Cash dividends	8,339,735	\$ 5.00	5,504,225	\$ 3.30

Note: For the year ended December 31, 2020, in accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the appropriation of cash dividend was authorised by the Board of Directors. Thus, the financial statements reflect the dividends payable. Additionally, the

appropriation of cash dividend has been reflected in the consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2021 since the resolution of the proposed distribution of earnings for 2020 has reached the statutory threshold for it to be passed through electronic voting of the shareholders' meeting.

C. For information relating to employees' remuneration (bonus) and directors' remuneration, please refer to Note 6(32).

(25) Other equity items

	Currency translation	Unrealised gains (losses) on valuation	Total
At January 1, 2022	(\$ 10,641,478)	\$ 2,394,366	(\$ 8,247,112)
Revaluation:			
–Group	-	(3,545,857)	(3,545,857)
–Associates	-	(13,055)	(13,055)
Currency translation differences:			
–Group	3,768,378	-	3,768,378
–Associates	(160,744)	-	(160,744)
At June 30, 2022	<u>(\$ 7,033,844)</u>	<u>(\$ 1,164,546)</u>	<u>(\$ 8,198,390)</u>
	Currency translation	Unrealised gains (losses) on valuation	Total
At January 1, 2021	(\$ 8,690,313)	\$ 2,353,767	(\$ 6,336,546)
Revaluation:			
–Group	-	978,433	978,433
–Associates	-	21,673	21,673
Currency translation differences:			
–Group	(1,863,386)	-	(1,863,386)
–Associates	172,524	-	172,524
At June 30, 2021	<u>(\$ 10,381,175)</u>	<u>\$ 3,353,873</u>	<u>(\$ 7,027,302)</u>

(26) Operating revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major product lines:

		Three months ended June 30,	
		2022	2021
Revenue from 3C and electronic component products	Timing of revenue		
	At a point in time	\$ 102,912,863	\$ 96,255,625
Others	Over time	440,542	311,225
		<u>\$ 103,353,405</u>	<u>\$ 96,566,850</u>
		Six months ended June 30,	
		2022	2021
Revenue from 3C and electronic component products	Timing of revenue		
	At a point in time	\$ 203,310,739	\$ 182,619,281
Others	Over time	907,851	692,180
		<u>\$ 204,218,590</u>	<u>\$ 183,311,461</u>

(27) Interest income

		Three months ended June 30,	
		2022	2021
Interest income from bank deposits		\$ 14,110	\$ 21,152
Other interest income		58,546	52,847
		<u>\$ 72,656</u>	<u>\$ 73,999</u>
		Six months ended June 30,	
		2022	2021
Interest income from bank deposits		\$ 28,188	\$ 50,513
Other interest income		96,977	93,735
		<u>\$ 125,165</u>	<u>\$ 144,248</u>

(28) Other income

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Rental income	\$ 143,802	\$ 154,787
Dividend income	214,881	152,704
Others	94,778	74,334
	<u>\$ 453,461</u>	<u>\$ 381,825</u>

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Rental income	\$ 288,104	\$ 300,371
Dividend income	279,827	152,704
Others	159,363	101,727
	<u>\$ 727,294</u>	<u>\$ 554,802</u>

(29) Other gains and losses

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Net gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Financial products	\$ 13,552	\$ 68,584
Other financial assets	(29,032)	18,513
Net currency exchange gains	29,172	14,369
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment property	13,191	874
Related expense charges on investment property	(14,161)	(22,016)
Gains on disposal of investments	-	732,561
Others	(12,017)	(108,450)
	<u>\$ 705</u>	<u>\$ 704,435</u>

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Net gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Financial products	\$ 35,309	\$ 134,359
Other financial assets	(35,414)	28,502
Net currency exchange gains (losses)	115,762	(11,441)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment property	14,057	870
Related expense charges on investment property	(41,948)	(44,269)
Gains on disposal of investments	-	842,231
Others	29,848	(140,063)
	<u>\$ 117,614</u>	<u>\$ 810,189</u>

(30) Finance costs

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Interest expense on bank borrowings	\$ 206,281	\$ 91,154
Interest expense on short-term notes and bills payable	19,961	29,271
Interest expense on lease liabilities	1,327	2,494
Less: Capitalisation of qualifying assets	(5,343)	(5,167)
	<u>\$ 222,226</u>	<u>\$ 117,752</u>
	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Interest expense on bank borrowings	\$ 345,276	\$ 181,579
Interest expense on short-term notes and bills payable	49,801	60,917
Interest expense on lease liabilities	3,057	5,208
Less: Capitalisation of qualifying assets	(10,491)	(10,536)
	<u>\$ 387,643</u>	<u>\$ 237,168</u>

(31) Expenses by nature

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Employee benefit expense	\$ 1,359,328	\$ 1,293,993
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	\$ 75,893	\$ 79,021
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	\$ 57,690	\$ 66,431
Depreciation charges on investment property	\$ 9,157	\$ 11,306
Amortisation charges on intangible assets	\$ 10,259	\$ 9,349

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Employee benefit expense	\$ 2,683,488	\$ 2,509,769
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	\$ 150,722	\$ 159,917
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	\$ 120,663	\$ 133,547
Depreciation charges on investment property	\$ 18,245	\$ 23,551
Amortisation charges on intangible assets	\$ 20,543	\$ 19,426

(32) Employee benefit expense

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Wages and salaries	\$ 1,172,560	\$ 1,115,469
Employee social security expense	64,965	65,206
Pension costs	86,611	82,191
Directors' remuneration	1,975	1,875
Other personnel expenses	33,217	29,252
	<u>\$ 1,359,328</u>	<u>\$ 1,293,993</u>

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Wages and salaries	\$ 2,314,532	\$ 2,151,496
Employee social security expense	130,336	131,694
Pension costs	171,392	167,454
Directors' remuneration	3,950	3,750
Other personnel expenses	63,278	55,375
	<u>\$ 2,683,488</u>	<u>\$ 2,509,769</u>

A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Company's net income before tax before deducting remuneration to employees and directors and after covering for losses in the current fiscal year, should be applied to pay remuneration to employees in an amount not exceeding 10% and not less than 0.01% of the balance, and to directors for an amount not more than 1% of the balance. Employee remuneration may be distributed in stock or cash and

directors' remuneration may be distributed in cash subject to a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors. Employee remuneration may be distributed in stock; remuneration may also be distributed for employees of controlled or affiliated companies that meet the criteria. The Chairman of the Board is authorized to set such criteria.

- B. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, employees' compensation (bonus) was accrued at \$300, \$225, \$600 and \$450, respectively; directors' remuneration was accrued at \$1,975, \$1,875, \$3,950 and \$3,750, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on distributable profit of current year as of the end of reporting period.

For 2021, the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration resolved by the Board of Directors amounted to \$2,200 and \$7,900, respectively. The differences between the amounts resolved by the Board of Directors and the amounts of \$2,100 and \$7,500 recognised in the 2021 financial statements had been adjusted in the profit or loss of 2022.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors and by shareholders in the meetings is posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(33) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the period	\$ 439,413	\$ 670,020
Prior period income tax (overestimation) underestimation	(5,324)	(310,937)
Prepaid income tax	221,932	195,740
Tax on undistributed earnings	(266,327)	-
Total current tax	389,694	554,823
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(69,844)	(140,581)
Total deferred tax	(69,844)	(140,581)
Other:		
Tax on undistributed earnings	266,327	-
Income tax expense	\$ 586,177	\$ 414,242

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the period	\$ 790,533	\$ 1,081,817
Prior period income tax (overestimation) underestimation	(11,334)	(510,934)
Prepaid income tax	328,984	372,146
Tax on undistributed earnings	(266,327)	(140,841)
Total current tax	841,856	802,188
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	23,312	(142,634)
Total deferred tax	23,312	(142,634)
Other:		
Tax on undistributed earnings	266,327	140,841
Income tax expense	\$ 1,131,495	\$ 800,395

(b) For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Group had no income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income.

(c) For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Group had no income tax charged/(credited) to equity during the period.

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2018 and of 2020 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

C. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021, the Group recognised deferred

income tax liabilities of \$3,936,970, \$3,835,227, and \$0, respectively, for the earnings that were assessed to be repatriated by investees.

(34) Earnings per share

Three months ended June 30, 2022			
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 2,377,642	1,667,947	\$ 1.43
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 2,377,642	1,667,947	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	7	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 2,377,642	1,667,954	\$ 1.43
Three months ended June 30, 2021			
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 3,335,393	1,667,947	\$ 2.00
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 3,335,393	1,667,947	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	4	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 3,335,393	1,667,951	\$ 2.00

Six months ended June 30, 2022			
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 4,922,600	1,667,947	\$ 2.95
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 4,922,600	1,667,947	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	18	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 4,922,600	1,667,965	\$ 2.95

Six months ended June 30, 2021			
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 5,872,968	1,667,947	\$ 3.52
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 5,872,968	1,667,947	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	12	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 5,872,968	1,667,959	\$ 3.52

(35) Transactions with non-controlling interests

Acquisition of additional equity interest in a subsidiary

The Group acquired an additional 1.07% and 2.23% shares of Bestcom Infotech Corp. for a cash consideration of \$20,944 and \$37,420 on March 31, 2022 and in the second quarter of 2021, respectively .

The effect of changes in interests in Bestcom Infotech Corp. on the equity attributable to owners of

the parent for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 is shown below:

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Consideration paid to non-controlling interest	(\$ 20,944)	(\$ 37,420)
Decrease in carrying amount of non-controlling interest	23,029	38,626
Capital surplus - difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiary acquired	\$ 2,085	\$ 1,206

(36) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Short-term borrowings	Short-term notes and bills payable	Long-term borrowings	Cash dividends payable	Current/ Non-current lease liabilities	Guarantee deposits received
At January 1, 2022	\$ 53,326,707	\$ 12,490,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$ -	\$ 446,021	\$ 190,368
Cash dividends declared	-	-	-	8,339,735	-	-
Increase in short-term borrowings	8,452,389	-	-	-	-	-
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	-	(2,470,000)	-	-	-	-
Payments of lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	(115,427)	-
Increase in lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	12,524	-
Changes in other non-cash items	-	-	-	-	(29,000)	-
Increase in guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	-	-	86,985
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	-	-	(64,970)
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	-	-	-	-	8,505	(45,349)
At June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 61,779,096</u>	<u>\$ 10,020,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 8,339,735</u>	<u>\$ 322,623</u>	<u>\$ 167,034</u>

	Short-term borrowings	Short-term notes and bills payable	Cash dividends payable	Current/ Non-current lease liabilities	Guarantee deposits received
At January 1, 2021	\$ 42,967,204	\$ 13,730,000	\$ -	\$ 544,541	\$ 152,626
Cash dividends declared	-	-	5,504,225	-	-
Decrease in short-term borrowings	(1,795,122)	-	-	-	-
Increase in short-term notes and bills payable	-	(530,000)	-	-	-
Payments of lease liabilities	-	-	-	(124,223)	-
Changes in other non-cash items	-	-	-	59,219	-
Increase in guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	-	259,056
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	-	(12,075)
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	-	-	-	(7,329)	(4,834)
At June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 41,172,082</u>	<u>\$ 13,200,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,504,225</u>	<u>\$ 472,208</u>	<u>\$ 394,773</u>

(37) Financing activities with no cash flow effect

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Cash dividends declared but not yet paid	\$ 8,339,735	\$ 5,504,225

(38) Supplemental cash flow information

The Group sold 100% of shares in the Mainland China subsidiary — Synnex (Ningbo) Ltd. to Ningbo Jiuyuan Electronic Co., Ltd. on February 28, 2021 and therefore lost control over the subsidiary. The details of the consideration received from the transaction (including cash and cash equivalents) and assets and liabilities relating to the subsidiary are as follows:

	<u>February 28, 2021</u>
Consideration received	
Cash	\$ 189,878
Carrying amount of the assets and liabilities of Synnex (Ningbo) Ltd.	
Cash	\$ 221
Prepayments	25
Other receivables	569
Investment property	167,691
Right-of-use assets	40,614
Deferred tax assets	6,828
Other payables	(1,159)
Other payables - related parties	(150,593)
Other current liabilities	(101)
Other non-current liabilities	(437)
Total net assets	<u>\$ 63,658</u>
Gains on disposal of investments	<u>\$ 126,220</u>
Net cash flow on loss of control of subsidiary for the period	<u>\$ 189,657</u>

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

<u>Names of related parties</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
<u>Associates:</u>	
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd. and its Subsidiaries (Synnex Thailand)	King's Eye's investee accounted for using equity method
Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company and its Subsidiaries (Synnex FPT)	King's Eye's investee accounted for using equity method
Asgard System, Inc.	Indirect investee of Bestcom Infotech Corp.
<u>Other related parties:</u>	
Mitac Incorporated	The Company's chairperson is the related party's chairperson
Mitac Information Technology Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director

<u>Names of related parties</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
Mitac International Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's chairperson
Mitac Digital Technology Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director
Mitac Computing Technology Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director
Getac Holdings Corporation (Original name: Getac Technology Corporation)	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director
Getac Technology Corporation (Original name: Getac Corporation)	Wholly-owned subsidiary of Getac Holdings Corporation
Atemitech Corporation	Wholly-owned subsidiary of Getac Holdings Corporation
Lien Hwa Industrial Holdings Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's chairperson
UPC Technology Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's chairperson
Mitac Communication Co., Ltd.	The related party's director is the second-degree relative of the Company's chairperson
Shunda Computer Factory Co., Ltd.	Indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Mitac International Corporation
Tong Da Investment Corporation	The Company's director is the related party's chairperson
Lien Yuan Investment Corp.	The Company's director is the related party's chairperson
Jetwell Computer Co., Ltd.	The Company's subsidiary, Bestcom Infotech Corp., is the related party's director
Zong Yi Information Co., Ltd.	Wholly-owned subsidiary of Jetwell Computer Co., Ltd.
Inforcom Technology Inc.	2021 Q2: Indirect investee of Bestcom Infotech Corp. 2022 Q2: Bestcom Infotech Corp. lost its significant influence in the fourth quarter of 2021 and is now the director of the related

<u>Names of related parties</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
	party.
Din Yen Technology Inc.	99.97%-owned subsidiary of Inforcom Technology Inc.
Udar Digital Inc.	96.38%-owned subsidiary of Inforcom Technology Inc.
Digitimes Inc.	The Company is the related party's director
Lien Hwa Milling Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director
PT. Mitra Integrasi Informatika (MII)	Subsidiary's other related party
PT. Metrodata Electronics, Tbk (MTDL)	SMI's director
PT. Soltius Indonesia (SI)	Subsidiary's other related party
Packet System Indonesia (PSI)	Subsidiary's other related party
PT. Sinergi Transformasi Digital (STD)	Subsidiary's other related party
PT. CacaFly Metrodata Indonesia (CMI)	Subsidiary's other related party

(2) Significant related party transactions and balances

A. Operating revenue

	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Sales of goods:		
— Associates	\$ 21,204	\$ 29,342
— Other related parties	448,059	466,527
	<u>\$ 469,263</u>	<u>\$ 495,869</u>
	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Sales of goods:		
— Associates	\$ 28,115	\$ 76,836
— Other related parties	1,055,008	916,396
	<u>\$ 1,083,123</u>	<u>\$ 993,232</u>

Goods are sold based on the price lists in force and terms that would be available to third parties. The collection term for related parties is within 30~120 days of the date of billing statement. The collection term for third parties is within 7~75 days after receipt of goods or 20~150 days of the date of billing statement.

B. Receivables from related parties

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Accounts receivable:			
— Associates	\$ 14,980	\$ 311,604	\$ 18,073
— Other related parties	400,768	389,869	390,564
	<u>\$ 415,748</u>	<u>\$ 701,473</u>	<u>\$ 408,637</u>

The receivables from related parties arise mainly from sales of goods. The receivables are unsecured in nature and bear no interest. There are no provisions held against receivables from related parties.

C. Purchases of goods

	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Purchases of goods:		
— Other related parties	\$ 30,235	\$ 58,204
	<u>\$ 30,235</u>	<u>\$ 58,204</u>
	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Purchases of goods:		
— Other related parties	\$ 56,550	\$ 93,821
	<u>\$ 56,550</u>	<u>\$ 93,821</u>

Goods are purchased from associates on normal commercial terms and conditions. The payment term for related parties is within 30~60 days of the date of billing statement. The payment term for third parties is within 1~67 days after receipt of goods or 25~90 days of the date of billing statement.

D. Payables to related parties

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Accounts payable:			
— Other related parties	\$ 16,819	\$ 20,927	\$ 49,698
	<u>\$ 16,819</u>	<u>\$ 20,927</u>	<u>\$ 49,698</u>

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase transactions. The payables bear no interest.

E. Other transactions

The details of other receivables, other payables, dividend receivables and dividend income that the Group provides to related parties are as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Other receivables:			
Associates	\$ -	\$ 40,813	\$ 106,769
Other related parties	105,375	-	80,328
	<u>\$ 105,375</u>	<u>\$ 40,813</u>	<u>\$ 187,097</u>

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Other payables:			
Other related parties	<u>\$ 217</u>	<u>\$ 3,987</u>	<u>\$ 367</u>

	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Other income:		
Associates	\$ 31	\$ -
Other related parties	179,307	152,639
	<u>\$ 179,338</u>	<u>\$ 152,639</u>

	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Other income:		
Associates	\$ 31	\$ -
Other related parties	179,307	152,639
	<u>\$ 179,338</u>	<u>\$ 152,639</u>

(3) Key management compensation

	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 30,103	\$ 31,780
Post-employment benefits (Note)	1,210	1,390
Total	<u>\$ 31,313</u>	<u>\$ 33,170</u>

	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 60,207	\$ 63,560
Post-employment benefits (Note)	2,420	2,780
Total	<u>\$ 62,627</u>	<u>\$ 66,340</u>

Note: Benefits are provisions that are not actually distributed.

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Pledged asset	Book value			Purpose
	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021	
Non-current financial assets at amortised cost:				
Pledged time deposits	\$ 1,499,728	\$ 1,439,507	\$ 1,562,702	Guarantees for purchases
Accounts receivable	1,385,447	1,256,244	1,261,309	Pledged for short-term borrowings (Note)
Inventories	1,412,453	1,281,830	1,285,807	"
	<u>\$ 4,297,628</u>	<u>\$ 3,977,581</u>	<u>\$ 4,109,818</u>	

Note: As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021, the actual drawdown amounts were \$757,994, \$0, and \$0, respectively.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

- A. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021, the Group issued promissory notes to guarantee the suppliers' credit limit amounting to \$8,035,346, \$2,180,466, and \$1,819,627, respectively, for inventory purchases.
- B. On November 24, 2015, Kunshan Kunhao Electromechanical Co. Ltd. (Kunhao) filed a lawsuit against Syntech Asia Ltd. (SAL), the Group's indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, in the Hong Kong High Court for breach of oral contract of sales and requested SAL to compensate Kunhao for its losses amounting to USD 2,964 thousand. SAL disagreed with the request and raised an objection in the Hong Kong High Court on February 1, 2016 and requested the Hong Kong High Court to deny the claim of Kunhao. The case was settled for USD 850 thousand on May 31, 2021 and the settlement was paid on June 7, 2021. The case was closed.
- C. On November 13, 2017, Unisplendour Digital (Suzhou) Group Co. Ltd. (Unisplendour Digital) filed a sales dispute against Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd. in Suzhou Xiangcheng People's Court in China. In the complaint, Unisplendour Digital claimed the goods it received were not the subject matter of the contract and requested for a refund of the payment. On January 22, 2018, the Court dismissed the complaint on the ground that the law enforcement has initiated an investigation. In August 2020, Unisplendour Digital continuously refiled complaints to request for compensation of RMB 28,926 thousand, RMB 17,401 thousand, RMB 5,593 thousand and its penalty for breach of contract on the ground that the law enforcement has cancelled the investigation. In March 2022, Suzhou Xiangcheng People's Court in China rendered a judgment that the Company lost the lawsuit in the final appeal. In May 2022, the Company has paid the compensation in full and will apply for judicial remedy, such as filing for retrial, etc.

(2) Commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 2,516,402	\$ 2,599,276	\$ 2,643,938

It refers to the contract commitments of the Group to acquire the property located in Nangang Dist., Taipei City and to build the second stage of the logistics center in Sydney.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

- (1) The Group's subsidiary, Peer Developments Ltd., lost its significant influence over Concentrix Corporation on July 21, 2022 and will change the accounting treatment for the investments in Concentrix Corporation from 'investments accounted for under equity method' to 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income'. According to IFRS, after recognising the one-time-shot gain and related tax accrual, the net unrealized gain is about NT\$6.7 billion. The gain is estimated based on the evaluation of fair market value, not based on real disposal.
- (2) In line with the adjustment of the Group's internal organisational structure, on August 4, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to directly invest in the following investee companies that were originally indirectly invested by the Company. As the transaction was an intra-group reorganisation, it was accounted for using the book value method.
 - A. Plan to sell 50% of shares of the Indonesian subsidiary, PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia, which were held by the Company's indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, King's Eye Investments Ltd., to the Company.
 - B. Plan to sell 24.13% of shares of the India investee company, Redington (India) Ltd., which were held by the Company's indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, Synnex Mauritius Ltd., to the Company.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the net borrowing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net borrowings divided by shareholders' equity. Net borrowings are calculated as all amounts of short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, and long-term borrowings less all amounts of cash and cash equivalents, financial products at fair value

through profit or loss, and time deposits maturing over three months as shown in the consolidated balance sheet. Shareholders' equity is calculated as total equity as shown in the consolidated balance sheet.

The net borrowing ratios as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021 were 106%, 88%, and 67%, respectively.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss			
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 790,335	\$ 2,323,570	\$ 3,801,612
Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			
Designation of equity instruments	10,468,198	12,240,488	-
Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			
Designation of equity instruments	5,603,435	6,613,070	6,166,226
Financial assets at amortised cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	5,861,619	7,052,958	12,845,628
Time deposits maturing over three months	59,540	-	30,000
Notes receivable, net	5,064,926	6,380,332	7,028,032
Accounts receivable, net	71,039,675	78,379,888	57,426,567
Accounts receivable due from related parties, net	415,748	701,473	408,637
Other receivables	8,144,845	6,283,010	6,382,395
Pledged time deposits — non-current	1,499,728	1,439,507	1,562,702
Other non-current assets			
— Refundable deposits	129,660	113,584	112,836
— Long-term notes and overdue receivables	1,336,668	1,348,722	709,105
— Long-term lease receivables	101,767	126,339	154,440
	<u>\$ 110,516,144</u>	<u>\$ 123,002,941</u>	<u>\$ 96,628,180</u>

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss			
Financial liabilities held for trading	\$ 577	\$ 700	\$ -
Financial liabilities at amortised cost			
Short-term borrowings	61,779,096	53,326,707	41,172,082
Short-term notes and bills payable	10,020,000	12,490,000	13,200,000
Notes payable	525,525	1,046,556	924,474
Accounts payable	40,028,509	49,046,067	34,120,516
Other payables	16,261,164	7,204,272	11,335,632
Long-term borrowings	1,500,000	1,500,000	-
Other non-current liabilities			
— guarantee deposits received	167,034	190,368	394,773
	<u>\$ 130,281,905</u>	<u>\$ 124,804,670</u>	<u>\$ 101,147,477</u>
Current lease liabilities	\$ 205,994	\$ 222,101	\$ 228,431
Non-current lease liabilities	116,629	223,920	243,777
	<u>\$ 322,623</u>	<u>\$ 446,021</u>	<u>\$ 472,208</u>

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, foreign exchange forward contracts are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates, and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury.
- iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange risk by using foreign exchange forward contracts. However, these contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting. The contracts are recorded as financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Please refer to Note 6(2).

iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB, USD and AUD). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

June 30, 2022			
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands) (Note 2)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	\$ 157,129	29.77	\$ 4,677,730
USD:HKD (Note 1)	848,187	7.85	25,250,527
USD:AUD (Note 1)	12,838	1.45	382,187
AUD:NTD (Note 1)	4,660	20.50	95,514
NZD:USD (Note 1)	13,905	0.62	256,650
RMB:HKD (Note 1)	961,587	1.17	4,263,959
USD:IDR (Note 1)	16,289	14,925.37	484,924
HKD:RMB (Note 1)	298,862	0.86	1,133,725
AUD:USD (Note 1)	5,659	0.69	116,243
<u>Non-monetary items</u>			
INR:USD (Note 1)	\$ 15,279,530	0.012673	\$ 5,764,588
THB:USD (Note 1)	1,524,433	0.028345	1,286,364
VND:USD (Note 1)	1,117,461,316	0.000043	1,430,473
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	\$ 143,548	29.77	\$ 4,273,424
USD:HKD (Note 1)	370,770	7.85	11,037,823
USD:AUD (Note 1)	13,916	1.45	414,279
USD:IDR (Note 1)	22,916	14,925.37	682,209
RMB:HKD (Note 1)	683,521	1.17	3,030,933
NTD:RMB (Note 1)	65,288	0.23	65,288
RMB:IDR (Note 1)	52,932	2223.12	234,712

December 31, 2021			
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands) (Note 2)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	\$ 78,872	27.73	\$ 2,187,121
USD:HKD (Note 1)	211,743	7.80	5,871,633
USD:AUD (Note 1)	21,396	1.38	593,311
AUD:NTD (Note 1)	5,789	20.16	116,705
NZD:USD (Note 1)	40,500	0.68	763,684
RMB:HKD (Note 1)	3,340,650	1.22	14,499,700
USD:IDR (Note 1)	28,456	14,285.71	789,085
HKD:RMB (Note 1)	276,700	0.82	984,181
RMB:IDR (Note 1)	29,361	2,235.99	127,435
<u>Non-monetary items</u>			
INR:USD (Note 1)	\$ 12,873,154	0.013412	\$ 4,787,716
THB:USD (Note 1)	1,553,198	0.029895	1,287,583
VND:USD (Note 1)	1,304,607,511	0.000044	1,591,778
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	\$ 63,616	27.73	\$ 1,764,072
USD:HKD (Note 1)	868,272	7.80	24,077,183
USD:AUD (Note 1)	20,911	1.38	579,862
AUD:USD (Note 1)	2,362	0.73	47,814
USD:IDR (Note 1)	22,882	14,285.71	634,518
RMB:HKD (Note 1)	606,230	1.22	2,631,270
NTD:RMB (Note 1)	177,437	0.23	177,437

June 30, 2021			
Foreign currency			
amount			
(in thousands)			
	(Note 2)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	\$ 113,276	27.91	\$ 3,161,533
USD:HKD (Note 1)	318,462	7.77	8,888,274
USD:AUD (Note 1)	18,626	1.33	519,852
AUD:NTD (Note 1)	4,820	20.93	100,895
NZD:USD (Note 1)	17,500	0.70	341,898
RMB:HKD (Note 1)	392,228	1.20	1,691,817
USD:IDR (Note 1)	25,060	14,492.75	699,425
HKD:RMB (Note 1)	324,894	0.83	1,167,615
RMB:IDR (Note 1)	32,122	2,239.75	138,551
<u>Non-monetary items</u>			
INR:USD (Note 1)	\$ 12,342,493	0.013464	\$ 4,638,065
THB:USD (Note 1)	1,420,386	0.031348	1,242,728
VND:USD (Note 1)	1,043,322,826	0.000043	1,252,123
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	\$ 91,579	27.91	\$ 2,555,970
USD:HKD (Note 1)	211,055	7.77	5,890,545
USD:AUD (Note 1)	22,456	1.33	626,747
USD:RMB (Note 1)	1,286	6.47	35,892
AUD:USD (Note 1)	2,356	0.75	49,317
USD:IDR (Note 1)	4,829	14,492.75	134,777
RMB:HKD (Note 1)	229,543	1.20	990,099
NTD:RMB (Note 1)	70,846	0.23	70,846

Note 1: The functional currencies of certain consolidated entities are not NTD; thus, this information has to be considered when reporting. For example, when a subsidiary's functional currency is RMB, the subsidiary's segments that are involved with USD have to be taken into consideration.

Note 2: Including transactions within the Group which are eliminated for preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

- v. For the total exchange gain (loss), including realized and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, please refer to Note 6(29).

vi. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

Six months ended June 30, 2022				
Sensitivity analysis				
	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income	
(Foreign currency: functional currency)				
<u>Financial assets</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	1%	\$ 46,777	\$	-
USD:HKD (Note)	1%	252,505		-
USD:AUD (Note)	1%	3,822		-
AUD:NTD (Note)	1%	955		-
NZD:USD (Note)	1%	2,567		-
RMB:HKD (Note)	1%	42,640		-
USD:IDR (Note)	1%	4,849		-
HKD:RMB (Note)	1%	11,337		-
AUD:USD (Note)	1%	1,162		-
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	1%	(\$ 42,734)	\$	-
USD:HKD (Note)	1%	(110,378)		-
USD:AUD (Note)	1%	(4,143)		-
USD:IDR (Note)	1%	(6,822)		-
RMB:HKD (Note)	1%	(30,309)		-
NTD:RMB (Note)	1%	(653)		-
RMB:IDR (Note)	1%	(2,347)		-

Six months ended June 30, 2021				
Sensitivity analysis				
	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income	
(Foreign currency: functional currency)				
<u>Financial assets</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	1%	\$ 31,615	\$	-
USD:HKD (Note)	1%	88,883		-
USD:AUD (Note)	1%	5,199		-
AUD:NTD (Note)	1%	1,009		-
NZD:USD (Note)	1%	3,419		-
RMB:HKD (Note)	1%	16,918		-
USD:IDR (Note)	1%	6,994		-
HKD:RMB (Note)	1%	11,676		-
RMB:IDR (Note)	1%	1,386		-
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	1%	(\$ 25,560)	\$	-
USD:HKD (Note)	1%	(58,905)		-
USD:AUD (Note)	1%	(6,267)		-
USD:RMB (Note)	1%	(359)		-
AUD:USD (Note)	1%	(493)		-
USD:IDR (Note)	1%	(1,348)		-
RMB:HKD (Note)	1%	(9,901)		-
NTD:RMB (Note)	1%	(708)		-

Note: The functional currencies of certain consolidated entities are not NTD; thus, this information has to be considered when reporting. For example, when a subsidiary's functional currency is RMB, the subsidiary's segments that are involved with USD have to be taken into consideration.

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity instruments, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage the price risk arising from investments in equity instruments, the Group diversifies its portfolio in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

- ii. The Group primarily invests in equity instruments issued by domestic and foreign companies. The prices of equity instruments would be affected by the uncertainty of the future value of underlying investments. If the prices of these equity instruments had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$7,903 and \$38,016, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$160,716 and \$61,662, respectively, as a result of gains/losses from equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's interest rate risk arises mainly from short-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. During the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in NTD, USD, and AUD.
- ii. The Group's borrowings are measured at amortised cost. The borrowings are periodically contractually repriced and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.
- iii. If the borrowing interest rates had increased/decreased by 0.25% with all other variables held constant, pre-tax profit for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 would have decreased/increased by \$179,498 and \$135,930, respectively. The main factor is the changes in interest expense resulting from floating-rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition after taking into consideration the historical experiences.
- iv. In accordance with historical collections and customers' credit rating levels, the default

occurs when the contract payments are past due over certain periods classified based on the credit rating of customers.

- v. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable and lease receivables in accordance with credit rating of customer. The Group applies the modified approach using loss rate method to estimate expected credit loss.
- vi. The Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights on those defaulted financial assets. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights.
- vii. The Group used the forecastability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of notes receivable (including related parties), accounts receivable (including related parties), overdue receivables, and lease receivables. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021, the assessment is as follows:

	Group provision	Individual provision				Total
		Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D	
<u>At June 30, 2022</u>						
Expected loss rate	0.03%-0.3%	15%	50%	75%	100%	
Total book value	\$ 76,677,837	\$ 1,354,442	\$ 281,085	\$ 179,717	\$ 1,792,421	\$ 80,285,502
Loss allowance	\$ 157,488	\$ 203,245	\$ 140,543	\$ 134,788	\$ 1,792,421	\$ 2,428,485

	Group provision	Individual provision				Total
		Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D	
<u>At December 31, 2021</u>						
Expected loss rate	0.03%-0.3%	15%	50%	75%	100%	
Total book value	\$ 85,664,796	\$ 1,415,099	\$ 204,769	\$ 174,012	\$ 1,756,883	\$ 89,215,559
Loss allowance	\$ 203,103	\$ 212,265	\$ 102,384	\$ 130,509	\$ 1,756,883	\$ 2,405,144

	Group provision	Individual provision				Total
		Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D	
<u>At June 30, 2021</u>						
Expected loss rate	0.03%-0.3%	15%	50%	75%	100%	
Total book value	\$ 64,948,759	\$ 635,410	\$ 226,456	\$ 223,114	\$ 1,841,482	\$ 67,875,221
Loss allowance	\$ 85,523	\$ 95,312	\$ 113,228	\$ 167,335	\$ 1,841,482	\$ 2,302,880

viii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), overdue receivables, and lease receivables are as follows:

	2022				
	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Overdue receivables	Total	
At January 1	\$ 15,997	\$ 187,106	\$ 2,202,041	\$ 2,405,144	
Provision for (reversal of) impairment loss	(1,625)	6,034	22,608	27,017	
Write-offs	-	(55,169)	(4,724)	(59,893)	
Effect of exchange rate changes	367	4,778	51,072	56,217	
At June 30	<u>\$ 14,739</u>	<u>\$ 142,749</u>	<u>\$ 2,270,997</u>	<u>\$ 2,428,485</u>	
	2021				
	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Overdue receivables	Other receivables	Total
At January 1	\$ 20,516	\$ 135,571	\$ 2,126,571	\$ 6,565	\$ 2,289,223
Provision for (reversal of) impairment loss	(6,148)	(61,468)	118,448	-	50,832
Write-offs	-	-	(5,326)	-	(5,326)
Effect of exchange rate change:	(198)	(2,750)	(28,820)	(81)	(31,849)
At June 30	<u>\$ 14,170</u>	<u>\$ 71,353</u>	<u>\$ 2,210,873</u>	<u>\$ 6,484</u>	<u>\$ 2,302,880</u>

(c) Liquidity risk

- Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management is transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest-bearing demand deposits, time deposits, money market deposits, and marketable securities, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient head-room as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts.
- The Group's derivative and non-derivative financial liabilities are classified into relevant maturity groups based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. Except for those maturing within a year whose contractual undiscounted cash flows approximate the amounts presented in the balance sheet, the remaining contractual undiscounted cash flows of non-derivative financial liabilities are disclosed in the table below:

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

June 30, 2022	Less than 1 year	Over 1 year	Total
Lease liabilities (current/non-current)	\$ 205,994	\$ 118,746	\$ 324,740
Guarantee deposits received	-	167,034	167,034
Long-term borrowings	22,092	1,533,229	1,555,321

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

December 31, 2021	Less than 1 year	Over 1 year	Total
Lease liabilities (current/non-current)	\$ 228,693	\$ 227,497	\$ 456,190
Guarantee deposits received	-	190,368	190,368
Long-term borrowings	15,957	1,531,958	1,547,915

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

June 30, 2021	Less than 1 year	Over 1 year	Total
Lease liabilities (current/non-current)	\$ 237,235	\$ 250,078	\$ 487,313
Guarantee deposits received	-	394,773	394,773

Derivative financial liabilities:

June 30, 2022	Less than 1 year	Over 1 year	Total
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 577	\$ -	\$ 577

Derivative financial liabilities:

December 31, 2021	Less than 1 year	Over 1 year	Total
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 700	\$ -	\$ 700

Derivative financial liabilities:

June 30, 2021: None.

- iv. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

A. The different levels in which the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in unlisted stocks and derivative instruments is included in Level 2.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity instruments without active market is included in Level 3.

B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(13).

C. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables, other non-current assets – refundable deposits, other non-current assets – long-term notes and overdue receivables, financial assets at amortised cost – pledged time deposits, other non-current assets – long-term lease receivables, short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, long-term borrowings, and other non-current liabilities – guarantee deposits received) are approximate to their fair values.

D. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

(a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

June 30, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity securities	\$ 189,966	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 189,966
Financial products	-	599,506	-	599,506
Forward exchange contracts	-	863	-	863
Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	10,468,198	-	-	10,468,198
Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	1,228,815	160,958	4,213,662	5,603,435
	<u>\$11,886,979</u>	<u>\$ 761,327</u>	<u>\$ 4,213,662</u>	<u>\$16,861,968</u>
Liabilities:				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	\$ 577	\$ -	\$ 577

December 31, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity securities	\$ 221,254	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 221,254
Financial products	-	2,102,316	-	2,102,316
Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	12,240,488	-	-	12,240,488
Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	<u>1,654,581</u>	<u>167,600</u>	<u>4,790,889</u>	<u>6,613,070</u>
	<u>\$14,116,323</u>	<u>\$ 2,269,916</u>	<u>\$ 4,790,889</u>	<u>\$21,177,128</u>
Liabilities:				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 700</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 700</u>
June 30, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity securities	\$ 146,884	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 146,884
Financial products	-	3,653,782	-	3,653,782
Forward exchange contracts	-	946	-	946
Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	<u>2,022,854</u>	<u>156,110</u>	<u>3,987,262</u>	<u>6,166,226</u>
	<u>\$ 2,169,738</u>	<u>\$ 3,810,838</u>	<u>\$ 3,987,262</u>	<u>\$ 9,967,838</u>

(b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

- i. For the instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1), listed shares are measured at closing price at the balance sheet date.
- ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method, or other valuation methods, including calculation by applying model using market information available at the consolidated

balance sheet date.

- iii. When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
 - iv. The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, such as model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments in the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
 - v. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
 - vi. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- E. For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:
- | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|---|---|
| | <u>Non-derivative
equity instrument</u> | <u>Non-derivative
equity instrument</u> |
| At January 1 | \$ 4,790,889 | \$ 3,662,329 |
| Gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income | | |
| Recorded as unrealised gains (losses) on valuation of | | |
| investments in equity instruments measured at fair value | | |
| through other comprehensive income | (581,923) | 325,383 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes | <u>4,696</u> | (450) |
| At June 30 | <u>\$ 4,213,662</u> | <u>\$ 3,987,262</u> |
- G. For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- H. Financial quality management segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming

the resource of information is independent, reliable, in line with other resources, and represented as the exercisable price, frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model, and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.

- I. The following is the quantitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	<u>Fair value at June 30, 2022</u>	<u>Valuation technique</u>	<u>Significant unobservable input</u>	<u>Range (weighted average)</u>	<u>Relationship of inputs to fair value</u>
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 114,927	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	0.7	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Unlisted shares	<u>4,098,735</u>	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Total	<u>\$ 4,213,662</u>				

	<u>Fair value at December 31, 2021</u>	<u>Valuation technique</u>	<u>Significant unobservable input</u>	<u>Range (weighted average)</u>	<u>Relationship of inputs to fair value</u>
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 105,457	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	0.7	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Unlisted shares	<u>4,685,432</u>	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Total	<u>\$ 4,790,889</u>				

	<u>Fair value at June 30, 2021</u>	<u>Valuation technique</u>	<u>Significant unobservable input</u>	<u>Range (weighted average)</u>	<u>Relationship of inputs to fair value</u>
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 112,207	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	0.7	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Unlisted shares	<u>3,875,055</u>	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Total	<u>\$ 3,987,262</u>				

- J. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, using different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorized within Level 3 if the inputs to valuation models have changed:

			June 30, 2022			
			Recognised in profit or loss		Recognised in other comprehensive income	
			Favourable change	Unfavourable change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change
	Input	Change				
Financial assets						
Equity instrument	Discount for lack of marketability	± 10%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,493	(\$ 11,493)
Equity instrument	Net asset value	± 1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,987	(\$ 40,987)
			December 31, 2021			
			Recognised in profit or loss		Recognised in other comprehensive income	
			Favourable change	Unfavourable change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change
	Input	Change				
Financial assets						
Equity instrument	Discount for lack of marketability	± 10%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,546	(\$ 10,546)
Equity instrument	Net asset value	± 1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,854	(\$ 46,854)
			June 30, 2021			
			Recognised in profit or loss		Recognised in other comprehensive income	
			Favourable change	Unfavourable change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change
	Input	Change				
Financial assets						
Equity instrument	Discount for lack of marketability	± 10%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,221	(\$ 11,221)
Equity instrument	Net asset value	± 1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38,751	(\$ 38,751)

(4) Other matter

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and various preventive measures imposed by the government, the Group has adopted various countermeasures, such as split operation, work from home, and use of digital tools, in line with the government's policies. The pandemic has no significant impact on the Group's financial position and operating performance for the six months ended June 30, 2022.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(1) Significant transactions information

- Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or

20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 4.

E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.

H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.

I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Note 6(2).

J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 7.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations, and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 8.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Please refer to table 9.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: None.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 10.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The Group operates in the distribution industry and is primarily engaged in the sale of 3C and electronic component products. Given the characteristics of the industry the Group operates in, the Board of Directors and management team set up operating strategies and allocate resources based on the operating performance of IT/Telecom business and Component business.

(2) Segment information

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

Six months ended June 30, 2022

	IT/Telecom business	Component business	Reconciliation	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$ 137,027,784	\$ 67,190,806	\$ -	\$ 204,218,590
Inter-segment revenue	13,628,463	4,834,977	(18,463,440)	-
Segment revenue	<u>\$ 150,656,247</u>	<u>\$ 72,025,783</u>	<u>(\$ 18,463,440)</u>	<u>\$ 204,218,590</u>
Segment profit	<u>\$ 3,122,094</u>	<u>\$ 1,159,415</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,281,509</u>

Six months ended June 30, 2021

	IT/Telecom business	Component business	Reconciliation	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$ 124,586,366	\$ 58,725,095	\$ -	\$ 183,311,461
Inter-segment revenue	14,141,706	5,537,036	(19,678,742)	-
Segment revenue	<u>\$ 138,728,072</u>	<u>\$ 64,262,131</u>	<u>(\$ 19,678,742)</u>	<u>\$ 183,311,461</u>
Segment profit	<u>\$ 3,219,705</u>	<u>\$ 981,290</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,200,995</u>

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

A. The operating income (loss) of each area reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with revenues and expenses in the statement of comprehensive income.

A reconciliation of reportable segment profit to the income before tax for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 is provided as follows:

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Reportable segment profit	\$ 4,281,509	\$ 4,200,995
Total non-operating income and expenses	1,991,965	2,699,860
Income before tax	<u>\$ 6,273,474</u>	<u>\$ 6,900,855</u>

B. The amounts provided to the chief operating decision-maker with respect to total assets are measured in a manner consistent with those in the financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Loans to others
Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

No.	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the six months	Balance at June 30, 2022	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit on loans granted to a single party	Ceiling on total loans granted	Footnote
					June 30, 2022 (Note 8)								Item	Value			
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	Other receivables	Y	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 61,103	1.08%~1.25%	(Note 1)	\$ -	Operating turnover	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 24,119,636	\$ 24,119,636	(Note 2)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Global Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	2,977,000	2,977,000	-	0.85%~1.64%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	24,119,636	24,119,636	(Note 2)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Other receivables	Y	4,465,500	4,465,500	2,634,645	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	10,040,126	10,040,126	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	14,885,000	14,885,000	701,917	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	70,280,882	100,401,260	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	1,072,450	1,024,850	-	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	70,280,882	100,401,260	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	894,240	833,940	250,182	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	70,280,882	100,401,260	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	3,006,770	3,006,770	2,980,226	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	70,280,882	100,401,260	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	8,931,000	8,931,000	3,855,840	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	70,280,882	100,401,260	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Leveltech Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	1,488,500	1,488,500	232,950	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	70,280,882	100,401,260	(Note 3)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Beijing) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	599,192	589,749	506,386	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	13,526,017	13,526,017	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Jinan) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	243,281	239,447	207,077	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	13,526,017	13,526,017	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	306,354	301,526	291,992	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	13,526,017	13,526,017	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Nanchang) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	234,270	230,578	225,745	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	13,526,017	13,526,017	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex(Changsha) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	234,270	230,578	214,615	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	13,526,017	13,526,017	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	8,109,360	7,981,560	3,990,780	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	13,526,017	13,526,017	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Yude (Shanghai) Warehouse Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	9,010	8,868	3,326	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	5,410,407	5,410,407	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Hefei) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	155,429	152,980	152,093	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	13,526,017	13,526,017	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (ZhenZhou) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	36,042	35,474	34,143	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	13,526,017	13,526,017	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Tianjin) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	24,779	24,388	23,945	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	13,526,017	13,526,017	(Note 4)

No.	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the six months	Balance at June 30, 2022	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit on loans granted to a single party	Ceiling on total loans granted	Footnote
					June 30, 2022 (Note 8)								Item	Value			
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Xiamen) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	\$ 42,799	\$ 42,125	\$ 39,908	1.65%	(Note 1)	\$ -	Operating turnover	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 13,526,017	\$ 13,526,017	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	22,526	22,171	13,303	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	13,526,017	13,526,017	(Note 4)
3	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	11,713,520	11,528,920	11,395,894	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	30,261,546	30,261,546	(Note 5)
3	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	3,604,160	3,547,360	3,015,256	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	30,261,546	30,261,546	(Note 5)
3	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	4,505,200	4,434,200	3,016,711	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	30,261,546	30,261,546	(Note 5)

Note 1: Short-term financing.

Note 2: Limit on loans granted to a single party by Synnex Technology International Corporation and ceiling on total loans granted:

- Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of Synnex Technology International Corporation.
- Ceiling on total loans granted to all parties is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of Synnex Technology International Corporation.

Note 3: Limit on loans granted to a single party by Synnex Global Ltd. and ceiling on total loans granted:

- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company over 80% is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Global Ltd. amounted to \$100,401,260 for the six months ended June 30, 2022.
- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company under 80% is 20% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 5% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Global Ltd. amounted to \$100,401,260 for the six months ended June 30, 2022.
- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose voting rights are directly or indirectly held by the Company and which are located outside Taiwan is 100% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 70% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Global Ltd. amounted to \$100,401,260 for the six months ended June 30, 2022.
- Ceiling on loans granted to the Company's parent company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries which are located in Taiwan is 10% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 10% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Global Ltd. amounted to \$100,401,260 for the six months ended June 30, 2022.

Note 4: Limit on loans granted to a single party by Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. and ceiling on total loans granted:

- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company over 80% is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. amounted to \$13,526,017 for the six months ended June 30, 2022.
- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company under 80% is 20% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 5% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. amounted to \$13,526,017 for the six months ended June 30, 2022.
- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose voting rights are directly or indirectly held by the Company and which are located outside Taiwan is 100% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 100% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. amounted to \$13,526,017 for the six months ended June 30, 2022.

Note 5: Limit on loans granted to a single party by Trade Vanguard Global Ltd. and ceiling on total loans granted:

- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company over 80% is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the aforementioned net assets value. The audited net assets value of Trade Vanguard Global Ltd. amounted to \$13,755,248 for the year ended December 31, 2021.
- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company under 80% is 20% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 5% of the aforementioned net assets value. The audited net assets value of Trade Vanguard Global Ltd. amounted to \$13,755,248 for the year ended December 31, 2021.
- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose voting rights are directly or indirectly held by the Company and which are located outside Taiwan is 220% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 220% of the aforementioned net assets value. The audited net assets value of Trade Vanguard Global Ltd. amounted to \$13,755,248 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Note 6: All the borrowers and lenders are the Company's direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, except for the subsidiary - Yude (Shanghai) Warehouse Co., Ltd., whose 80% share was indirectly held by the Company.

Note 7: Translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate of US: NT=1:29.77.

Note 8: The limit on loans balance are resolved by the Board of Directors.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number	Endorser/ guarantor	Company name	Party being endorsed/guaranteed	Limit on endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party	Maximum outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount as of June 30, 2022	Outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount at June 30, 2022	Actual amount drawn down	Amount of endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided (Note 1)	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by parent company to subsidiary	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China	Footnote
			Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor											
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Global Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	\$ 60,299,089	\$ 27,163,000	\$ 18,457,400	\$ 2,823,573	\$ -	31%	\$ 120,598,178	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,299,089	7,521,534	6,974,475	4,404,472	-	12%	120,598,178	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,299,089	15,224,378	15,224,378	12,653,437	-	25%	120,598,178	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,299,089	1,761,409	1,160,146	724,376	-	2%	120,598,178	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,299,089	2,000,000	1,000,000	334,239	-	2%	120,598,178	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,299,089	14,774,851	14,774,851	10,296,177	-	25%	120,598,178	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,299,089	2,292,290	2,292,290	1,335,359	-	4%	120,598,178	Y	N	Y	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Leveltech Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,299,089	535,860	535,860	181,455	-	1%	120,598,178	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,299,089	1,488,500	1,488,500	1,418,944	-	2%	120,598,178	Y	N	N	(Note)

Note : Endorser/ guarantor: Synnex Technology International Corporation

(1) Limit on endorsements and guarantees provided for a single party is 100% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company.

(2) Ceiling on total endorsements and guarantees provided for all parties is 200% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures)
June 30, 2022

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	General ledger account	As of June 30, 2022				Footnote
				Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Lien Hwa Industrial Holdings Corporation	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,066,962	<u>\$ 115,957</u>	0.15%	<u>\$ 115,957</u>	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	UPC Technology Corporation	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	68,992,033	\$ 1,083,175	5.11%	\$ 1,083,175	
"	Mitac Information Technology Corporation	The issuer's director is the same as the Company's chairperson	"	8,262,486	114,927	5.51%	114,927	
"	Tong Da Investment Corporation	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's director	"	4,848,125	160,958	19.99%	160,958	
"	Mitac Incorporated	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	"	69,547,771	3,860,908	18.37%	3,860,908	
"	Harbinger Venture Capital Corporation	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	"	25,848	-	13.05%	-	
"	Harbinger III Venture Capital Corporation	The issuer's director is the same as the Company's director	"	19,000	391	19.00%	391	
"	Lien Yuan Investment Corp.	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	"	9,217,196	164,988	19.99%	164,988	
"	Taiwan Paging Network Inc.	-	"	1,450,000	-	3.58%	-	
"	Digitimes Inc.	The Company is the issuer's director	"	504,000	8,709	2.56%	8,709	
"	Harbinger Capital Management Co., Ltd.	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	"	862,922	<u>16,807</u>	19.99%	<u>16,807</u>	
Synnex Technology International Corporation			Total non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		<u>\$ 5,410,863</u>		<u>\$ 5,410,863</u>	

Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	General ledger account	As of June 30, 2022				Footnote
				Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Jetwell Computer Co., Ltd.	Bestcom Infotech Corp. is the issuer's director	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,254,524	\$ 145,640	8.34%	\$ 145,640	
"	Inforcom Technology Inc.	Bestcom Infotech Corp. is the issuer's director	"	1,765,424	21,326	10.01%	21,326	
Bestcom Infotech Corp.			Total non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		<u>\$ 166,966</u>		<u>\$ 166,966</u>	
Synnex Global Ltd.	Budworth Investment Ltd.	-	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	125,807	\$ -	13.83%	\$ -	
"	Pilot View Ltd.	-	"	84,457	-	1.21%	-	
Synnex Global Ltd.			Total non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		<u>\$ -</u>		<u>\$ -</u>	
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Hi Food Co., Ltd	-	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,150,000	<u>\$ 25,606</u>	10.00%	<u>\$ 25,606</u>	
"	Listed common stock	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	<u>\$ 74,009</u>	0.51%	<u>\$ 74,009</u>	
Peer Developments Ltd.	TD Synnex Corporation	-	Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,859,888	<u>\$ 10,468,198</u>	4.05%	<u>\$ 10,468,198</u>	
Jifu Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Win-win Stable Day-day Profit	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	<u>\$ 225,258</u>	-	<u>\$ 225,258</u>	
Synnex (Beijing) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	<u>\$ 3,547</u>	-	<u>\$ 3,547</u>	
Synnex (Chengdu) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	<u>\$ 3,991</u>	-	<u>\$ 3,991</u>	
Synnex (Changsha) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	<u>\$ 887</u>	-	<u>\$ 887</u>	
Synnex (Guangzhou) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	<u>\$ 169,387</u>	-	<u>\$ 169,387</u>	
Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	<u>\$ 7,316</u>	-	<u>\$ 7,316</u>	
Synnex (Hefei) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	<u>\$ 3,547</u>	-	<u>\$ 3,547</u>	

Table 3, Page 2

As of June 30, 2022								
Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	General ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Synnex (Hangzhou) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ <u>65,183</u>	-	\$ <u>65,183</u>	
Synnex (Jinan) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ <u>2,661</u>	-	\$ <u>2,661</u>	
Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ <u>8,868</u>	-	\$ <u>8,868</u>	
Synnex (Qingdao) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ <u>27,492</u>	-	\$ <u>27,492</u>	
Synnex (Suzhou) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ <u>34,144</u>	-	\$ <u>34,144</u>	
Synnex (Wuhan) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ <u>27,271</u>	-	\$ <u>27,271</u>	
Synnex (Xi'an) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ <u>16,407</u>	-	\$ <u>16,407</u>	
Synnex(Xiamen) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ <u>3,547</u>	-	\$ <u>3,547</u>	

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital
Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investor	Marketable securities	General ledger account	Counterparty (Note 1)	Relationship with the investor (Note 1)	Transaction currency	Balance as at January 1, 2022		Addition		Disposal			Gain (loss) on disposal	Other Amount	Balance as at June 30, 2022	
						Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Selling price	Book value			Number of shares	Amount
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Tianli Express Net Worth and Win-win Stable Day-day Profit	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	RMB	-	\$ 197,721	-	\$ 5,913,649	-	\$ 6,109,372	\$ 6,109,372	\$ - (Note 2)	(\$ 1,998) (Note 3)	-	\$ -
Laser International Trading (Shanghai) Company Ltd.	Tianli Express Net Worth and Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	"	-	-	RMB	-	466,812	-	886,842	-	1,358,361	1,358,361	- (Note 2)	4,707 (Note 3)	-	-
Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Tianli Express Net Worth and Win-win Stable Day-day Profit	"	-	-	RMB	-	-	-	4,214,723	-	4,222,467	4,222,467	- (Note 2)	7,744 (Note 3)	-	-
Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	"	-	-	RMB	-	846,863	-	1,268,186	-	2,140,221	2,140,221	- (Note 2)	25,172 (Note 3)	-	-
Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	"	-	-	RMB	-	1,736	-	443,422	-	439,323	439,323	- (Note 2)	1,482 (Note 3)	-	7,316

Note 1: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.

Note 2: The general ledger account is 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss'. Due to adoption of IFRS, valuation gains and losses were recognised, and therefore there was no gain (loss) on disposal.

Note 3: It refers to the effect of exchange rate and gains or losses on valuation.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Transaction					Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions		Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		Footnote
			Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)		
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	(Sales)	(\$ 2,557,264)	(8%)	60 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	\$ 52,961	-		
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Purchases	1,888,098	5%	60 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(19,671)	-		
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	Purchases	819,841	2%	30 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(6,420)	-		
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	Purchases	256,714	1%	30 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(46,616)	(1%)		
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	(Sales)	(102,174)	-	60 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	27,640	-		
Seper Technology Corporation	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	(Sales)	(819,841)	(34%)	30 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	6,420	2%		
Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	(Sales)	(256,714)	(58%)	30 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	46,616	51%		
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	Purchases	102,174	2%	60 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(27,640)	(2%)		
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Mitac Information Technology Corporation	Other related party	(Sales)	(119,412)	(2%)	75 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	29,449	1%		
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Jetwell Computer Co., Ltd.	Other related party	(Sales)	(103,803)	(2%)	60 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	32,503	1%		
Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	An affiliate	(Sales)	(4,897,836)	(15%)	90 days after receipt of goods	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	1,648,138	17%		
Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Syntech Asia Ltd.	An affiliate	(Sales)	(3,571,194)	(11%)	30 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	733,867	7%		
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	(Sales)	(1,888,098)	(3%)	60 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	19,671	-		

Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Transaction				Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions		Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		Footnote
			Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	Purchases	\$ 2,557,264	4%	60 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(\$ 52,961)	-	
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	An affiliate	Purchases	3,571,194	5%	30 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(733,867)	(5%)	
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Mitac Computing Technology Corporation	Other related party	(Sales)	(129,110)	-	120 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	109,835	1%	
Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	An affiliate	Purchases	4,897,836	12%	90 days after receipt of goods	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(1,648,138)	(42%)	
Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd.	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	(Sales)	(252,674)	(1%)	30 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	3,161	-	
Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Parent company	Purchases	252,674	78%	30 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(3,161)	(46%)	
PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia	PT. Mitra Integrasi Informatika	Other related party	(Sales)	(399,434)	(3%)	30 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	51,497	1%	
Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	An affiliate	(Sales)	(270,397)	(98%)	90 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	-	-	
LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	An affiliate	Purchases	270,397	41%	90 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	-	-	

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more
June 30, 2022

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at June 30, 2022	Turnover rate	Overdue receivables		Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
					Amount	Action taken		
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	\$ 368,364	8.00	\$ -	-	\$ 321,063	\$ -
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	140,272	8.00	-	-	52,961	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Mitac Incorporated	Other related party	104,322	-	-	-	-	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd	Indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	120,934	-	-	-	-	-
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Mitac Computing Technology Corporation	Other related party	109,835	8.19	-	-	29,173	-
Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	An affiliate	268,597	-	-	-	-	-
Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Syntech Asia Ltd.	An affiliate	743,361	4.26	-	-	743,361	-
Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	An affiliate	4,147,816	4.26	-	-	330,202	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	1,325,831	-	-	-	-	-
Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	An affiliate	1,145,344	2.44	-	-	26,997	-

Note : Refer to table 1 for the details of the accounts receivable arising from loans to others.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Transaction		Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
					Amount	Transaction terms	
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Parent company to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	\$ 2,557,264	The same with third parties	1%
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Parent company to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other income	102,630	Note 9	-
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Parent company to directly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	102,174	The same with third parties	-
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Parent company to directly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	340,724	Notes 5, 6 and 10	-
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Parent company to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other income	116,831	Note 9	-
1	Seper Technology Corporation	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Subsidiary to parent company	Sales	819,841	The same with third parties	-
2	Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Subsidiary to parent company	Sales	256,714	The same with third parties	-
3	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	120,934	Notes 5 and 6	-
4	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to parent company	Sales	1,888,098	The same with third parties	1%
5	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	268,597	Note 6	-
6	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	4,897,836	The same with third parties	2%
6	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Accounts receivable	1,648,138	The same with third parties	1%
6	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	2,499,678	Note 6	1%
6	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	3,571,194	The same with third parties	2%
6	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Accounts receivable	733,867	The same with third parties	-
7	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	1,325,831	Note 6	1%
8	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	270,397	The same with third parties	-

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction			
				General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
9	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	252,674	The same with third parties	-
9	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	1,133,755	Note 6	1%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1)Parent company is ‘0’.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from ‘1’.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

(1)Parent company to subsidiary.

(2)Subsidiary to parent company.

(3)Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Percentage of total consolidated revenues or total assets is calculated using the total consolidated assets at the end of the period when the subject of transaction is an asset/liability, and is calculated using total consolidated revenues during the period when the subject of transaction is a revenue/expense.

Note 4: It is not disclosed for individual transaction below \$100 million.

Note 5: Represents technical service receivable and interest receivable.

Note 6: Inter-company transactions between subsidiaries.

Note 7: For information relating to receivables from related parties arising on financing, please refer to table 1 Loans to others.

Note 8: For information relating to endorsements and guarantees between the Company and subsidiaries, please refer to table 2 Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others.

Note 9: Represents technical service revenue from the Company’s provision of technical service to related parties.

Note 10:Represents dividend receivables from subsidiaries.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Information on investees
Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at June 30, 2022			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six months ended June 30, 2022	Investment income(loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2022	Footnote
				Balance as at June 30, 2022	Balance as at December 31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Global Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	\$ 17,607,381	\$ 17,607,381	548,250,000	100.00	\$ 100,401,264	\$ 4,233,707	\$ 4,233,707	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Taiwan	Sales of 3C products	1,677,762	1,656,818	103,203,296	100.00	2,106,322	257,097	254,970	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	E-Fan Investments CO., LTD.	Taiwan	Investment holding	1,145,384	1,145,384	22,500,000	100.00	281,253 (	51) (	51)	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Taiwan	Warehouse and logistics services	50,000	50,000	5,000,000	100.00	154,118	59,751	59,751	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	Taiwan	Sales of 3C products	1,426	1,426	100,000	100.00	43,696	40,265	40,265	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Technology Services Corporation	Taiwan	Maintenance and technical services	1,000	1,000	100,000	100.00	987 (	3) (	3)	
Synnex Global Ltd.	King's Eye Investments Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	1,859,940	1,859,940	62,477,000	100.00	23,117,849	2,233,171	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	2,982,954	2,982,954	100,200,000	100.00	10,355,692	956,355	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Mauritius Ltd.	Mauritius	Investment holding	714,480	714,480	24,000,000	100.00	5,760,491	596,404	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Peer Developments Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	931,801	931,801	30,200,001	100.00	16,386,732	492,461	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	15,480,400	13,098,800	520,000,000	100.00	16,016,916 (	4,049)	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	1,096,935	1,096,935	36,850,001	100.00	2,931,868	445,532	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia	Sales of 3C products	883,722	883,722	33,250,000	100.00	5,505,520	390,266	-	Note 1

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at June 30, 2022			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six months ended June 30, 2022	Investment income(loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2022	Footnote
				Balance as at June 30, 2022	Balance as at December 31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia	Sales of 3C products	\$ 5,124,161	\$ 5,410,698	-	-	\$ 5,124,161	\$ -	\$ -	Note 2
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	New Zealand	Sales of 3C products	30,425	30,425	1,500,000	100.00	166,310	13,721	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	New Zealand	Sales of 3C products	185,318	203,627	-	-	185,318	-	-	Note 2
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Electronics Hong Kong Ltd.	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	8,931	8,931	299,999	100.00	8,290	(64)	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	8,931	8,931	300,000	100.00	8,646,020	788,989	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	Thailand	Sales of 3C products	258,598	258,598	338,939,513	40.00	1,286,364	350,502	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company	Vietnam	Sales of 3C products	898,821	898,821	55,854,748	47.46	1,430,473	535,784	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia	Indonesia	Sales of 3C products	299,189	299,189	150,000	50.00	2,525,805	434,492	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Fortune Ideal Ltd.	Hong Kong	Real estate	55,007	55,007	14,500,000	100.00	203,996	10,119	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Hong Kong	Real estate	106,220	106,220	28,000,000	100.00	137,260	15,882	-	Note 1
Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Leveltech Ltd.	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	8,931	8,931	300,000	100.00	38,520	13,466	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Hong Kong	Real estate	1,041,230	1,099,454	-	-	1,041,230	-	-	Note 2
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	China	Investment holding	9,588,917	9,588,917	-	-	9,588,917	-	-	Note 2
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	China	Sales of 3C products	4,569,695	4,569,695	-	-	4,569,695	-	-	Note 2
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	China	Sales of electronic components and warehouse and logistics services	982,410	982,410	-	-	982,410	-	-	Note 2
Peer Developments Ltd.	Concentrix Corporation	USA	Business process outsourcing services	4,738,134	4,738,134	3,597,885	6.91	5,572,553	6,053,294	-	Note 1

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at June 30, 2022			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six months ended June 30, 2022	Investment income(loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2022	Footnote
				Balance as at June 30, 2022	Balance as at December 31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
Peer Developments Ltd.	Synergy Intellingent Logistics (HK) Corporation	Hong Kong	Warehouse and logistics services	5,716	387	1,500,000	100.00	6,864	275	-	Note 1
Synnex Mauritius Ltd.	Redington (India) Ltd.	India	Sales of 3C products	\$ 611,416	\$ 611,416	188,591,880	24.13	\$ 5,764,588	\$ 2,501,040	\$ -	Note 1
Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Hong Kong	Sales of 3C products	227,614	227,614	60,000,000	100.00	2,636,109	445,532	-	Note 1
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Bizwave Tech Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Wholesale and retailing of computer software and hardware. Accreditaion and consulting services.	19,940	19,940	2,000,000	100.00	28,737	5,175	-	Note 1
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Asgard System, Inc.	Taiwan	Wholesale of computer software and hardware. Computer information system planning, analysis and design.	19,956	19,956	2,400,000	20.00	22,977 (	24,584)	-	Note 1
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	I-Direction Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Wholesale and retailing of computers. Information system provider.	8,000	8,000	800,000	40.00	-	-	-	Note 1

Note 1: Investment income (loss) for this period had been recognized by the Company's subsidiary.

Note 2: The investment amount is an amount for long-term investment.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Information on investments in Mainland China

Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital (Note 10)	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated	Amount remitted from Taiwan		Accumulated	Net income of investee for the six months ended June 30, 2022	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of June 30, 2022	Accumulated	Footnote
				amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the six months ended June 30, 2022 (Note 10)		amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China			(loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2022 (Note 3)		amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of June 30, 2022	
				as of January 1, 2022	Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan	as of June 30, 2022			June 30, 2022		June 30, 2022	
Laser International Trading (Shanghai) Company Ltd.	International trade	\$ 29,770	2	\$ 29,770	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,770	\$ 537,240	100.00	\$ 537,240	\$ 573,509	\$ -	(Note 2)
Hi Food (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of food	595,400	2	53,586	-	-	53,586	-	10.00	-	53,586	-	(Note 4)
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Investment holding	5,954,000	2	5,954,000	-	-	5,954,000	211,317	100.00	211,317	13,526,066	-	(Note 2)
Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	9,824,100	2	9,824,100	-	-	9,824,100	417,731	100.00	417,731	15,044,369	-	(Note 5)
Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	Sales of electronic components and warehouse and logistics services	654,940	2	654,940	-	-	654,940	52,139	100.00	52,139	1,037,767	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Beijing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	267,930	2	267,930	-	-	267,930	(6,670)	100.00	(6,670)	234,461	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	148,850	2	148,850	-	-	148,850	4,919	100.00	4,919	177,681	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Chengdu) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	148,850	2	148,850	-	-	148,850	2,181	100.00	2,181	172,775	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	89,310	2	89,310	-	-	89,310	(1,277)	100.00	(1,277)	110,096	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Tianjin) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	133,965	2	133,965	-	-	133,965	(3,278)	100.00	(3,278)	86,905	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Hangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	148,850	2	148,850	-	-	148,850	2,779	100.00	2,779	159,363	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Qingdao) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	148,850	2	148,850	-	-	148,850	273	100.00	273	136,997	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Guangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	357,240	2	357,240	-	-	357,240	3,160	100.00	3,160	351,313	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Xi'an) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	119,080	2	119,080	-	-	119,080	12,844	100.00	12,844	134,875	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Suzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	178,620	2	178,620	-	-	178,620	(355)	100.00	(355)	166,570	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Wuhan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	148,850	2	148,850	-	-	148,850	1,429	100.00	1,429	145,640	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Jinan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	148,850	2	148,850	-	-	148,850	(174)	100.00	(174)	181,967	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Zhengzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	148,850	2	148,850	-	-	148,850	6	100.00	6	137,305	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Changsha) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	119,080	2	119,080	-	-	119,080	(3,371)	100.00	(3,371)	63,754	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Ningbo) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	119,080	2	119,080	-	-	119,080	-	-	-	-	-	(Note 2)
													(Note 13)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital (Note 10)	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the six months ended June 30, 2022 (Note 10)		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Net income of investee for the six months ended	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2022 (Note 3)	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of June 30, 2022	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of June 30, 2022	Footnote
				as of January 1, 2022	Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan	as of June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022					
Synnex (Hefei) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	\$ 181,597	2	\$ 181,597	-	-	\$ 181,597	\$ 8,680	100.00	\$ 8,680	\$ 120,382	\$ -	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Nanchang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	119,080	2	119,080	-	-	119,080	(10,438)	100.00	(10,438)	8,538	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	148,850	2	148,850	-	-	148,850	(2,112)	100.00	(2,112)	3,169	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Chongqing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	17,862	2	17,862	-	-	17,862	-	-	-	-	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Xiamen) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	178,620	2	178,620	-	-	178,620	5,813	100.00	5,813	135,509	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	226,145	2	-	-	-	-	25,818	100.00	25,818	271,833	-	(Note 2) (Note 7) (Note 12)
LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	5,954	2	5,954	-	-	5,954	11,328	100.00	11,328	181,367	-	(Note 2) (Note 8)
Yude (Shanghai) Warehouse Co., Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	10,642	2	-	-	-	-	300	97.96	294	(11,631)	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Jifu Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	221,711	2	221,711	-	-	221,711	4,003	100.00	4,003	227,804	-	(Note 6) (Note 11)
				\$ 19,816,325	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,816,325						

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- (1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
- (2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
- (3) Others.

Note 2: Indirect investment in PRC through existing companies located in the third area. Partial capital of Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd. and Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd. were invested by indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, and total membership contributions are US\$1,500 and US\$3,000 thousand, respectively. Due to the Company's restructuring in November 2008, the entire capital of Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd., Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd., Synnex (Beijing) Ltd., Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd. and Synnex (Chengdu) Ltd., amounting to US\$13,000, US\$22,000, US\$9,000, US\$1,000 and US\$2,000 thousand, respectively, was changed to be owned by Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. Total membership contribution is USD\$47,000 thousand.

Note 3: Investment income (loss) of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd., Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd., Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd., and Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd. recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2022 were recognised based on the financial statements which were reviewed by independent auditors while the others were recognised based on the investees' financial statements which were not reviewed by the investees' independent auditors.

Note 4: Laser International Trading (Shanghai) Company Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Groupware Solutions Ltd., which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is US\$1,000 thousand.

Note 5: Hi Food (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is a 10% owned invested company of Hi Food Co., Ltd. Hi Food Co., Ltd. is 10% indirectly owned by the Company. Total membership contribution is US\$1,800 thousand.

Note 6: Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex China Holdings Ltd. Synnex China Holdings Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is US\$200,000 thousand. Additionally, Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. reinvested in other subsidiaries in Mainland China. Total membership contribution is translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate of US\$1:NT\$29.77.

Note 7: Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd. Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is RMB\$50,000 thousand.

Note 8: LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Peer Developments Ltd. Peer Developments Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is US\$200 thousand.

Note 9: Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is USD\$100,000 thousand.

Note 10: Translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rates of US\$1:NT\$29.77 and RMB\$1:NT\$4.4342.

Note 11: Jifu Intelligent Logistics Corporation is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is RMB\$50,000 thousand.

Note 12: LianZhongHongYu Information Technology(Beijing) Co.,Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is RMB\$1,000 thousand.

Note 13: The Company sold 100% equity of the subsidiary - Synnex(Ningbo) Ltd. to Ningbo Jiuyuan Electronic Co., Ltd. on February 28, 2021. As of the date, the Company lost its control over the subsidiary and the subsidiary was no longer included in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Company name	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2022		Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA)		Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA	
Synnex Technology International Corporation(Note)	\$	19,816,325	\$	19,838,728	\$	37,659,172

Note: The ceiling is calculated based on the Tai-Tsai-Tseng (1) Letter No. 006130 issued by the Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance, Executive Yuan (90), effective November 16, 2001.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Major shareholders information

June 30, 2022

Table 10

Name of major shareholders	Shares	
	Number of shares held	Shareholding ratio
Mitac Incorporated	260,521,054	15.61%

Note 1: The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation.

The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of a different calculation basis.

Note 2: If the aforementioned data contains shares which were held in trust by the shareholders, the data disclosed is the settlor's separate account for the fund set by the trustee.

As for the shareholder who reports share equity as an insider whose shareholding ratio is greater than 10% in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, the shares include the self-owned shares and shares held in trust, and at the same time, the shareholder has the power to decide how to allocate the trust assets.

The information on the reported share equity of insider is provided in the "Market Observation Post System".