SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR22000032

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Synnex Technology International Corporation

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Synnex Technology International Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the three months then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for qualified conclusion

As explained in Notes 4(3) and 6(9), the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for under the equity method, as well as the amounts included in respect of these subsidiaries and investees and the information disclosed in Note 13, were not reviewed by independent auditors. Total assets of these subsidiaries and the balances of these investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$34,481,028 thousand and NT\$36,070,850 thousand, constituting 17% and 23% of the consolidated total assets as at March 31, 2022 and 2021,

respectively. Total liabilities amounted to NT\$7,091,411 thousand and NT\$4,758,301 thousand, constituting 5% and 5% of the consolidated total liabilities as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Net income amounted to NT\$949,193 thousand and NT\$908,325 thousand, constituting 35% and 34% of the net income and the balances of recognised investment profit or loss which is adopting equity method for the three months then ended, respectively, and the comprehensive income and the balances of recognised investment profit or loss and other comprehensive income which is adopting equity method amounted to NT\$936,062 thousand and NT\$936,417 thousand, constituting 17% and 36% of the consolidated comprehensive income for the three months then ended, respectively.

Qualified conclusion

Except for the adjustments to the financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for under the equity method as well as the information disclosed in Note 13 been reviewed by independent auditors as described in the *Basis for qualified conclusion* section above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three months then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Yeh, Tsui-Miao

Liang Yi Chang

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

May 4, 2022

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' review report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2022, DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND MARCH 31, 2021 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (The balance sheets as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 are reviewed, not audited)

				March 31, 2022			December 31, 202	21	March 31, 202	1
-	Assets	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Current assets									
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	9,532,138	5	\$	7,052,958	4	\$ 11,510,161	7
1110	Current financial assets at fair	6(2) and 12(3)								
	value through profit or loss			2,065,213	1		2,323,570	1	8,775,220	5
1120	Current financial assets at fair	6(3) and 12(3)								
	value through other									
	comprehensive income			11,423,519	6		12,240,488	6	-	-
1136	Current financial assets at	6(4)								
	amortised cost			143,375	-		-	-	200,095	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5)		5,948,637	3		6,380,332	3	7,255,029	5
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5), 8 and 12(2)		67,000,755	34		78,379,888	39	51,651,182	33
1180	Accounts receivable - related	6(5) and 7(2)								
	parties, net			435,903	-		701,473	-	295,078	-
1200	Other receivables	6(7) and 7(2)		7,135,053	4		6,283,010	3	6,042,194	4
1220	Current income tax assets			113,607	-		47,909	-	44,408	-
130X	Inventories	6(8) and 8		51,330,687	26		47,713,272	24	29,698,396	19
1410	Prepayments		_	5,100,697	2	_	4,928,721	2	2,948,495	2
11XX	Total current assets			160,229,584	81		166,051,621	82	118,420,258	75
	Non-current assets									
1517	Non-current financial assets at	6(3) and 12(3)								
	fair value through other									
	comprehensive income			6,787,009	3		6,613,070	3	5,738,540	4
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(4) and 8								
	amortised cost			1,472,335	1		1,439,507	1	1,227,911	1
1550	Investments accounted for	6(9)								
	under equity method			13,770,347	7		12,662,828	6	17,037,841	11
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(10)		9,908,752	5		9,568,187	5	9,638,568	6
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(11)		1,086,423	1		1,105,654	1	1,145,070	1
1760	Investment property, net	6(13)		1,034,674	1		1,004,071	1	1,036,913	1
1780	Intangible assets	6(14)		648,633	-		639,919	-	638,491	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets			980,018	-		970,043	-	827,264	-
1900	Other non-current assets	6(5)(12)(15)	_	1,650,209	1		1,628,806	1	1,490,718	1
15XX	Total non-current assets			37,338,400	19		35,632,085	18	38,781,316	25
1XXX	Total assets		\$	197,567,984	100	\$	201,683,706	100	\$ 157,201,574	100

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2022, DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND MARCH 31, 2021 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (The balance sheets as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 are reviewed, not audited)

Current liabilities		***			March 31, 2022	0./		December 31, 2021		March 3	31, 2021	
2100		Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	<u> </u>	<u>%</u>
210	2100		((16)	ф	54 050 204	27	ď	52 226 707	26	ф 27.61	4 500	2.4
Payable Payable Current financial liabilities Ci Current financial liabilities Ci Current financial liabilities Ci Ci Ci Ci Ci Ci Ci C		· ·	` /	3	54,059,294	21	Ъ	55,520,707	26	\$ 37,014	4,380	24
1	2110		0(17)		10 220 000	5		12 400 000	6	14 60	0.000	0
Tail value through profit or loss	2120	* *	6(2) and 12(3)		10,330,000	3		12,490,000	0	14,09	0,000	9
1	2120		. , . , ,		1 200			700				
2170	2150		•			-				06	7 508	1
2200		= :	7(2)					* *				
230		- ·										
2280 Current lease liabilities 6(9) 5,464,786 3 4,781,962 2 4,153,521 3		- ·	0(10) and 7(2)									
2300						-						_
Total current liabilities 128,010,972 65 129,393,889 64 102,168,375 65 65 65 65 65 65 65			6(19)			3						3
Non-current liabilities			0(17)									
	217171			_	120,010,772		_	127,373,007	- 0-1	102,10	0,313	
250	2540		6(20)		1 500 000	1		1 500 000	1			
2580			0(20)		, ,					19	3 482	_
2500						-			-			_
Total non-current Hiabilities						_			_			1
Ribilities 1,064,50,56 3 6,38,740 3 1,064,508 1					372,210			301,730			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	
Total liabilities 134,474,928 68 135,792,629 67 103,232,883 66 Equity attributable to owners of parent Share capital 6(22)	201111				6.463.956	3		6.398.740	3	1.06	4 508	1
Equity attributable to owners of parent Share capital 6(22) 3110 Share capital ordinary share (Capital surplus 6(23)) 3200 Capital surplus 6(24) 3310 Legal reserve 9,673,477 5 9,673,477 5 8,855,413 6 3320 Special reserve 6,336,545 3 6,336,545 3 7,295,010 5 3350 Unappropriated retained earnings 19,173,695 10 24,968,224 13 10,421,815 7 Other equity interest 6(25) 3400 Other equity interest 6(25) 3400 Other equity interest 6(25) 3400 Other equity interest 6(25) 3500 Total equity attributable to owners of parent 60,602,648 31 63,610,564 32 51,789,882 33 36XX Non-controlling interest 9,630,93,056 32 65,891,077 33 53,968,691 34 Significant contingent liabilities 9 3500 All equity attributable commitments Significant events after the 11 balance sheet date	2XXX											
Share capital Share capital G(22)			f		131,171,920			133,772,027			2,000	
Share capital 6(22)												
Share capital - ordinary share 16,679,470 8 16,679,470 8 16,679,470 10		•	6(22)									
Capital surplus 6(23) 3200 Capital surplus 14,281,446 7 14,199,960 7 14,706,610 9 Retained earnings 6(24) 3310 Legal reserve 9,673,477 5 9,673,477 5 8,855,413 6 3320 Special reserve 6,336,545 3 6,336,545 3 7,295,010 5 3350 Unappropriated retained earnings 19,173,695 10 24,968,224 13 10,421,815 7 Other equity interest 6(25) 3400 Other equity interest (5,541,985) (2) (8,247,112) (4) (6,168,436) (4) 31XX Total equity attributable to owners of parent 60,602,648 31 63,610,564 32 51,789,882 33 36XX Non-controlling interest 2,490,408 1 2,280,513 1 2,178,809 1 3XXX Total equity (63,093,056 32 65,891,077 33 53,968,691 34) Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant events after the blannee sheet date	3110	•	- ()		16.679.470	8		16.679.470	8	16.67	9.470	10
14,281,446 7		1	6(23)		20,073,110			20,072,770		20,07.	,,,,,	
Retained earnings 6(24)	3200		,		14.281.446	7		14.199.960	7	14.70	6.610	9
3310 Legal reserve 9,673,477 5 9,673,477 5 8,855,413 6			6(24)		11,201,110			1,,2,2,,200		2.,,,	.,	
3320 Special reserve 6,336,545 3 6,336,545 3 7,295,010 5	3310	_	, ,		9.673.477	5		9.673.477	5	8.85	5.413	6
Unappropriated retained earnings 19,173,695 10 24,968,224 13 10,421,815 7 Other equity interest 6(25) 3400 Other equity interest (5,541,985) (2) (8,247,112) (4) (6,168,436) (4) 31XX Total equity attributable to owners of parent 60,602,648 31 63,610,564 32 51,789,882 33 36XX Non-controlling interest 2,490,408 1 2,280,513 1 2,178,809 1 3XXX Total equity 63,093,056 32 65,891,077 33 53,968,691 34 Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant events after the 11 balance sheet date		=										
earnings 19,173,695 10 24,968,224 13 10,421,815 7 Other equity interest 6(25) 3400 Other equity interest (5,541,985) (2) (8,247,112) (4) (6,168,436) (4,247,112) (4,2	3350	=										
3400 Other equity interest (5,541,985)(2)(8,247,112)(4)(6,168,436)(4) 31XX Total equity attributable to owners of parent 60,602,648 31 63,610,564 32 51,789,882 33 36XX Non-controlling interest 2,490,408 1 2,280,513 1 2,178,809 1 3XXX Total equity 63,093,056 32 65,891,077 33 53,968,691 34 Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant events after the balance sheet date 11 balance sheet date					19,173,695	10		24,968,224	13	10,42	1,815	7
3400 Other equity interest (5,541,985)(2)(8,247,112)(4)(6,168,436)(4) 31XX Total equity attributable to owners of parent 60,602,648 31 63,610,564 32 51,789,882 33 36XX Non-controlling interest 2,490,408 1 2,280,513 1 2,178,809 1 3XXX Total equity 63,093,056 32 65,891,077 33 53,968,691 34 Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant events after the 11 balance sheet date		Other equity interest	6(25)									
to owners of parent 60,602,648 31 63,610,564 32 51,789,882 33 36XX Non-controlling interest 2,490,408 1 2,280,513 1 2,178,809 1 3XXX Total equity 63,093,056 32 65,891,077 33 53,968,691 34 Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant events after the 11 balance sheet date 11 balance sheet date 11	3400	Other equity interest		(5,541,985)(2)	(8,247,112)(4)	(6,16	8,436)(4)
36XX Non-controlling interest 2,490,408 1 2,280,513 1 2,178,809 1 3XXX Total equity 63,093,056 32 65,891,077 33 53,968,691 34 Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant events after the 11 balance sheet date 11	31XX	Total equity attributable										
36XX Non-controlling interest 2,490,408 1 2,280,513 1 2,178,809 1 3XXX Total equity 63,093,056 32 65,891,077 33 53,968,691 34 Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant events after the 11 balance sheet date 11		to owners of parent			60,602,648	31		63,610,564	32	51,789	9,882	33
3XXX Total equity 63,093,056 32 65,891,077 33 53,968,691 34 Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant events after the 11 balance sheet date	36XX	Non-controlling interest			, ,							
Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant events after the 11 balance sheet date	3XXX	Total equity				32			33			34
and unrecognized contract commitments Significant events after the 11 balance sheet date		- ·	9		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					•		
commitments Significant events after the 11 balance sheet date												
balance sheet date		commitments										
balance sheet date			11									
NOV. T. IV. IV. I. I		=										
3X2X Total liabilities and equity \$ 197,567,984 100 \$ 201,683,706 100 \$ 157,201,574 100	3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	197,567,984	100	\$	201,683,706	100	\$ 157,20	1,574	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

$\frac{\text{SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME}}$

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			Three months ended March 31								
				2022		2021					
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%				
4000	Operating revenue	6(26) and 7(2)	\$	100,865,185	100 \$	86,744,611	100				
5000	Operating costs	6(8) and 7(2)	(96,581,955) (96) (82,674,959) (96)				
5950	Net operating margin			4,283,230	4	4,069,652	4				
	Operating expenses	6(31)(32)									
6100	Selling expenses		(1,637,128) (2) (1,565,678) (2)				
6200	General and administrative expenses		(386,130)	- (332,206)	-				
6450	Impairment loss (impairment gain	12(2)									
	and reversal of impairment loss)										
	determined in accordance with IFRS										
	9			34,964	- (13,431)					
6000	Total operating expenses		(1,988,294) (2) (1,911,315) (2)				
6900	Operating profit			2,294,936	2	2,158,337	2				
	Non-operating income and expenses										
7100	Interest income	6(27)		52,509	-	70,249	-				
7010	Other income	6(28)		273,833	-	172,977	-				
7020	Other gains and losses	6(29)		116,909	-	105,754	-				
7050	Finance costs	6(30)	(165,417)	- (119,416)	-				
7060	Share of profit of associates and	6(9)									
	joint ventures accounted for using										
	equity method			670,631	1	672,642	1				
7000	Total non-operating income and										
	expenses			948,465	1	902,206	1				
7900	Profit before income tax			3,243,401	3	3,060,543	3				
7950	Income tax expense	6(33)	(545,318) (1)(386,153)					
8200	Profit for the period		\$	2,698,083	2 \$	2,674,390	3				

(Continued)

$\frac{\text{SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME}}$

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

				Three	Three months ended March 31			
				2022			2021	
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
	Other comprehensive income							
	Components of other comprehensive							
	income that will not be reclassified to							
	profit or loss							
8316	Unrealised gains (losses) from	6(3)						
	investments in equity instruments							
	measured at fair value through other							
	comprehensive income		(\$	1,019,775) (1)	\$	552,556	1
8320	Share of other comprehensive	6(9)(25)						
	income of associates and joint							
	ventures accounted for using equity							
	method, components of other							
	comprehensive income that will not							
	be reclassified to profit or loss		(15,589)			18,968	
8310	Components of other							
	comprehensive income that will							
	not be reclassified to profit or loss		(1,035,364) (<u> </u>		571,524	1
	Components of other comprehensive							
	income that will be reclassified to							
	profit or loss							
8361	Financial statements translation	6(25)						
	differences of foreign operations			3,817,831	4	(637,886) (1
8370	Share of other comprehensive	6(9)(25)						
	income of associates and joint							
	ventures accounted for using equity							
	method, components of other							
	comprehensive income that will be			2 450			0.124	
	reclassified to profit or loss			2,459			9,124	-
8360	Components of other							
	comprehensive income that will be			2 222 222			(20. 5(2)	
0200	reclassified to profit or loss			3,820,290	4	(628,762) (1
8300	Total other comprehensive income			2 504 026	2		55. 222	
	(loss)		\$	2,784,926	3	(\$	57,238)	
8500	Total comprehensive income for the							
	period		\$	5,483,009	5	\$	2,617,152	3
	Profit, attributable to:							
8610	Owners of parent		\$	2,544,958	2	\$	2,537,575	3
8620	Non-controlling interest			153,125			136,815	
	Profit for the period		\$	2,698,083	2	\$	2,674,390	3
	Comprehensive income attributable to:							
8710	Owners of parent		\$	5,250,085	5	\$	2,705,685	3
8720	Non-controlling interest			232,924	_	(88,533)	-
	Comprehensive income for the							
	period		\$	5,483,009	5	\$	2,617,152	3
	Earnings per share							
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(34)	\$		1.53	\$		1.52
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(34)	\$		1.53	\$		1.52

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED))

Equity attributable to owners of the parent

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent									
					Retained Earnings		Other equi	ity interest			
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
Three months ended March 31, 2021											
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,709,395	\$ 8,855,413	\$ 7,295,010	\$ 13,380,084	(\$ 8,690,313)	\$ 2,353,767	\$ 54,582,826	\$ 2,267,342	\$ 56,850,168
Profit						2,537,575			2,537,575	136,815	2,674,390
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(25)	-	-	-	-	-	(401,312)	569,422	168,110	(225,348)	(57,238)
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-		-	2,537,575	(401,312)	569,422	2,705,685	(88,533)	2,617,152
Appropriations of 2020 earnings	6(24)					·					
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	(5,504,225)	-	-	(5,504,225)	-	(5,504,225)
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(23)	-	(3,264)	-	-	8,381	-	-	5,117	-	5,117
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends	6(23)	<u>-</u> _	479	<u>-</u> _				<u>-</u>	479		479
Balance at March 31, 2021		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,706,610	\$ 8,855,413	\$ 7,295,010	\$ 10,421,815	(\$ 9,091,625)	\$ 2,923,189	\$ 51,789,882	\$ 2,178,809	\$ 53,968,691
Three months ended March 31, 2022											
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,199,960	\$ 9,673,477	\$ 6,336,545	\$ 24,968,224	(\$ 10,641,478)	\$ 2,394,366	\$ 63,610,564	\$ 2,280,513	\$ 65,891,077
Profit		-	-	-	-	2,544,958	-	-	2,544,958	153,125	2,698,083
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(25)						3,740,371	$(\underline{1,035,244})$	2,705,127	79,799	2,784,926
Total comprehensive income (loss)						2,544,958	3,740,371	$(\underline{1,035,244})$	5,250,085	232,924	5,483,009
Appropriations of 2021 earnings	6(24)										
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	(8,339,735)	-	-	(8,339,735)	-	(8,339,735)
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(23)	-	78,807	-	-	248	-	-	79,055	-	79,055
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired	6(35)	-	2,085	-	-	-	-	-	2,085	(23,029)	(20,944)
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends	6(23)	-	594						594	<u> </u>	594
Balance at March 31, 2022		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,281,446	\$ 9,673,477	\$ 6,336,545	\$ 19,173,695	(\$ 6,901,107)	\$ 1,359,122	\$ 60,602,648	\$ 2,490,408	\$ 63,093,056

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

		Three months ended March 31				
	Notes		2022		2021	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Profit before tax		\$	3,243,401	\$	3,060,543	
Adjustments		ψ	5,245,401	Ψ	3,000,343	
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)						
Depreciation charges on property, plant and	6(31)					
equipment	0(31)		74,829		80,896	
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	6(31)		62,973		67,116	
Depreciation charges on investment property	6(31)		9,088		12,245	
Amortization charges on intangible assets	6(31)		10,284		10,077	
Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of	12(2)		10,204		10,077	
impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS	12(2)					
9		(34,964)		13,431	
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through	6(29)	(34,704)		13,431	
profit or loss	0(2))	(15,375)	(75,764)	
Loss on decline in (gain on reversal of) market value	6(8)	(15,575)	(73,704)	
and obsolete and slow-moving inventories	0(8)		149,332	(46,620)	
Interest expense	6(30)		165,417	(119,416	
Interest expense	6(27)	((70,249)	
Dividend income	6(28)	(64,946)	(70,249)	
Share of profit of associates accounted for under	6(9)	(04,940)		-	
equity method	0(9)	(670 621)	,	672 642 \	
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and	6(29)	(670,631)	(672,642)	
equipment and investment property	0(29)	(966)		4	
	6(20)	(866)	,	100 670)	
Gain on disposal of investments Gain on lease modification	6(29)		-	(109,670)	
	6(11)		-	(164)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
Changes in operating assets Notes and accounts receivable			12 225 905		5 272 702	
Other receivables		,	12,225,805		5,272,792	
		(803,576)		343,578	
Inventories		(3,766,747)		1,234,889	
Prepayments		(171,976)	,	1,549,483	
Long-term notes and overdue receivables		(114,183)	(32,156)	
Long-term lease receivables			15,491	(1,239)	
Changes in operating liabilities		,	0.500.665	,	1 07(27()	
Notes and accounts payable		(8,598,667)	(1,076,276)	
Other payables		(566,380)		276,556	
Other current liabilities			682,824		590,486	
Other non-current liabilities			26,861		9,162	
Cash inflow generated from operations			1,805,485		10,555,894	
Dividends received from investments accounted for						
under equity method			25,224		21,941	
Interest paid		((120,082)	
Interest received			52,509		70,249	
Dividends received			41,703		-	
Income taxes paid		(331,576)	(407,343)	
Net cash flows from operating activities			1,427,928		10,120,659	

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

		Three months e	Three months ended March 31		
	Notes		2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Decrease (increase) in financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss		\$	292,167	(\$	8,621,179)
Acquisition of additional shares in subsidiary	6(35)	(20,944)		-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(115,910)	(169,212)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			5,291		5,450
Acquisition of investment property	6(13)	(1,704)		-
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(14)	(5,218)	(3,828)
Increase in refundable deposits		(197)	(952)
Decrease in refundable deposits			2,736		145,810
Increase in restricted time deposits		(33,704)	(32,773)
Decrease in restricted time deposits			876		60,000
Increase in other non-current assets		(8,486)	(6,323)
Increase in time deposits maturing over three months		(143,375)	(201,111)
Decrease in time deposits maturing over three months			-		10,406
Net cash flow on loss of control of subsidiary			<u> </u>		189,657
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(28,468)	(8,624,055)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(36)		732,587	(5,352,624)
(Decrease) increase in short-term notes and bills payable	6(36)	(2,160,000)		960,000
Increase in guarantee deposits received	6(36)		57,470		40,415
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	6(36)	(50,020)	(6,540)
Payments of lease liabilities	6(36)	(63,325)	(64,619)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(1,483,288)	(4,423,368)
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates			2,563,008	(792,848)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			2,479,180	(3,719,612)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			7,052,958		15,229,773
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	9,532,138	\$	11,510,161

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

Synnex Technology International Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated in 1988 under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in:

- A. Assembly and sale of computers and computer peripherals;
- B. Sale of communication products;
- C. Sale of consumer electronic products;
- D. Sale of electronic products and components;
- E. Warehouse and logistics services; and
- F. Maintenance and technical services for the products mentioned above.

The Company's shares have been traded on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since December 1995.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on May 4, 2022.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts—cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's consolidated financial condition and consolidated financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group None.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 — comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction'	January 1, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's consolidated financial condition and consolidated financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting

Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-Group transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
 - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.
- B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) March 31, 2022 and 2021:

			Owner	ship (%)	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	Description
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Global Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	-
Synnex Technology International	Seper Technology Corporation	Sales of 3C products	100	100	-

			Owner	rship (%)	
		Main business	March	March	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	activities	31, 2022	31, 2021	Description
Corporation					
Synnex Technology International Corporation	E-Fan Investments CO., LTD.	Investment holding	100	100	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Sales of 3C products	100	95.83	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Technology Services Corporation	Maintenance and technical services	100	100	Note 1
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Bizwave Tech Co., Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Peer Developments Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	Note 3
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Mauritius Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Electronics Hong Kong Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	100	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Fortune Ideal Ltd.	Real estate investments	100	100	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Real estate investments	100	100	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia and subsidiaries	Sales of 3C products	50	50	Note 1
Laser Computer	Laser Computer	Sales of 3C products	-	100	Note 1

			Owner	ship (%)	
		Main business	March	March	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	activities	31, 2022	31, 2021	Description
Holdings Ltd.	(China) Ltd. (Note 4)				
Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and subsidiaries	Sales of 3C products	100	100	-
Peer Developments Ltd.	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	100	Note 1
Peer Developments Ltd.	Synergy Intelligent Logistics (HK) Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	-
Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Leveltech Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Beijing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	Sales of electronic components and warehouse and logistics services	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Tianjin) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Chengdu) Ltd.	. Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Hangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Qingdao) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Guangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Xi'an) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Suzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Wuhan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments	Synnex (Jinan) Ltd.	Warehouse and	100	100	Note 1

			Owner	rship (%)	
		Main business	March	March	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	activities	31, 2022	31, 2021	Description
(China) Ltd.		logistics services			
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Changsha) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Zhengzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Hefei) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Nanchang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Xiamen) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Yude (Shanghai) Warehouse Co., Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	97.96	97.96	Note 1
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology Development Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Jifu Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	Note 1
(b) December 31, 20	021:				
,			Owner	ship (%)	
		Main business	O WHEI	3Hp (70)	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	December	-	Description
Name of investor Synnex Technology International Corporation	Name of subsidiary Synnex Global Ltd.		December	-	
Synnex Technology International		activities	December 10	31, 2021	Description
Synnex Technology International Corporation Synnex Technology International	Synnex Global Ltd. Seper Technology	activities Investment holding	December 10	31, 2021	Description
Synnex Technology International Corporation Synnex Technology International Corporation Synnex Technology International	Synnex Global Ltd. Seper Technology Corporation E-Fan Investments	activities Investment holding Sales of 3C products Investment holding Warehouse and	<u>December</u> 10 10	31, 2021 00	Description
Synnex Technology International Corporation Synnex Technology International Corporation Synnex Technology International Corporation Synnex Technology International Corporation Synnex Technology International	Synnex Global Ltd. Seper Technology Corporation E-Fan Investments CO., LTD. Synergy Intelligent	activities Investment holding Sales of 3C products Investment holding Warehouse and	December 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	31, 2021 00 00	Description
Synnex Technology International Corporation Synnex Technology International	Synnex Global Ltd. Seper Technology Corporation E-Fan Investments CO., LTD. Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation Bestcom Infotech	activities Investment holding Sales of 3C products Investment holding Warehouse and logistics services	December 10 10 10 98	31, 2021 00 00 00	Description

Ownership (%)

Main business

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	activities	December 31, 2021	Description
	Ltd.			
Synnex Global Ltd.	King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Peer Developments Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Mauritius Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Electronics Hong Kong Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Fortune Ideal Ltd.	Real estate investments	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Real estate investments	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia and subsidiaries	Sales of 3C products	50	-
Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and subsidiaries	Sales of 3C products	100	-
Peer Developments Ltd.	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	-
Peer Developments Ltd.	Synergy Intelligent Logistics (HK) Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Investment holding	100	-
Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Leveltech Ltd.	Sales of electronic components	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	-
Synnex Investments	Synnex (Beijing) Ltd.	Warehouse and	100	-

Ownership (%)

			Ownership (%)	
		Main business		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	activities	December 31, 2021	Description
(China) Ltd.		logistics services		
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	Sales of electronic components and warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Tianjin) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Chengdu) Ltd	. Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Hangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Qingdao) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Guangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Xi'an) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Suzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Wuhan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Jinan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Changsha) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Zhengzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Hefei) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Nanchang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Xiamen) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Yude (Shanghai) Warehouse Co., Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	97.96	-
Synnex Investments	Synnex Technology	Sales of 3C products	100	-

			Ownership (%)	
		Main business		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	activities	December 31, 2021	Description
(China) Ltd.	Development Ltd.			
Synnex Investments	Jifu Intelligent	Warehouse and	100	-
(China) Ltd.	Logistics Corporation	logistics services		

- Note 1: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 were not reviewed by the independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.
- Note 2: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2022 were not reviewed by the independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.
- Note 3: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were not reviewed by the independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.
- Note 4: The Company's subsidiary Laser Computer (China) Ltd. cancelled its registration on October 6, 2021.
- Note 5: The above subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 were audited by the Company's auditors, apart from Fortune Ideal Ltd. and Golden Thinking Ltd., which were audited by other auditors.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (c) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) <u>Cash equivalents</u>

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investments. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost and lease receivables, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for

lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred; however, the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

(13) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessor) — lease receivables/operating leases</u>

- A. Based on the terms of a lease contract, a lease is classified as a finance lease if the lessee assumes substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased asset.
 - (a) At commencement of the lease term, the lessor should record a finance lease in the balance sheet as 'lease receivables' at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease (including initial direct costs). The difference between gross lease receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as 'unearned finance income of finance lease'.
 - (b) The lessor should allocate finance income over the lease term based on a systematic and rational basis reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment in the finance lease
 - (c) Lease payments (excluding costs for services) during the lease term are applied against the gross investment in the lease to reduce both the principal and the unearned finance income.
- B. Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

- A. Cost of inventory purchases includes purchasing price, import taxes and all the related costs involved in the process of obtaining inventory. Discounts, allowances and etc. shall be deducted from the cost of inventory purchases.
- B. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the moving-average method. The item-by-item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(15) <u>Investments accounted for using equity method / associates</u>

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive

- income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognises change in ownership interests in the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.
- G. When the Group disposes of its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- H. When the Group disposes of its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

(16) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and

Errors', from the date of the change.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures 20 - 50 years

Utilities equipment 7 - 15 years

Computer equipment 3 - 7 years

Transportation equipment 10 years

Furniture and fixtures 5 years

Tools 5 - 20 years

Leasehold improvements 3 years

(17) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/lease liabilities</u>

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable.
 - The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability; and
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date.
 - The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.
- D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease and recognise the difference from remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(18) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives of investment property are as follows:

Buildings and structures 20 - 50 years

Utilities equipment 7 - 15 years

(19) Intangible assets

A. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful

life of 3 to 7 years.

B. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

(20) Impairment of non-financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- B. The recoverable amount of goodwill is evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(21) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(22) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(23) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are designated as at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition:
 - (a) Hybrid (combined) contracts; or
 - (b) They eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
 - (c) They are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management policy.
- B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(24) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(25) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(26) Non-hedging and embedded derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

(27) Provisions

Warranties provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Warranties provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

(28) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.
- iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the

pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognises expense as it can no longer withdraw an offer of termination benefits or as it recognises relating restructuring costs, whichever is earlier. Benefits that are expected to be due more than 12 months after balance sheet date shall be discounted to their present value.

D. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration
Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as
expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive
obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the subsequently
resolved distributed amounts and the estimated amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.
If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on
the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(29) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Group and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- H. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(30) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(31) Dividends

Cash dividends were recorded as liabilities in the Company's financial statements after the special resolution of the Board of Directors in accordance with Article 240 of Company Act and Articles of Incorporation. Stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed when they are resolved by the Company's shareholders and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(32) Revenue recognition

A. Sales of goods

- (a) The Group sells information, communication, electronic and consumer electronic products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated sales return, volume discounts, sales discounts and allowances. The estimated volume discounts, sales discounts and allowances given to customers are based on the expected purchase volume and accumulated experience. A refund liability is recognised for expected sales return, volume discounts, sales discounts and allowances payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The estimation is subject to an assessment at each reporting date.
- (c) The Group's obligation to provide a refund for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- (d) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

B. Service revenue

The Group provides services of inventory management, installation and maintenance services. Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

C. Financing components

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Company does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

(33) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

Revenue recognition on a net/gross basis

The Group determines whether the nature of its performance obligation is to provide the specified goods or services itself (i.e. the Group is a principal) or to arrange for the other party to provide those goods or services (i.e. the Group is an agent) based on the transaction model and its economic substance. The Group is a principal if it controls a promised good or service before it transfers the good or service to a customer. The Group recognises revenue at gross amount of consideration to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services transferred. The Group is an agent if it does not control a promised good or service before the good or service is transferred to a customer. The Group recognises revenue at the amount of any fee or commission to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for arranging for the other party to provide its goods or services.

Indicators that the Group controls the good or service before it is provided to a customer include the following:

- A. The Group is primarily responsible for the provision of goods or services;
- B. The Group assumes the inventory risk before transferring the specified goods or services to the customer or after transferring control of the goods or services to the customer; and
- C. The Group has discretion in establishing prices for the goods or services.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Assessment of allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable

During the assessment process of allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable, the Group has to utilize judgements and estimates to determine the recoverable amount of accounts receivable. The recoverable amount is affected by various factors such as customers' financial conditions, Group's internal credit ratings, historical transaction records, current economic conditions, and other factors that could affect customers' paying ability. If there is a concern regarding the collectability of the account, the Group shall assess the account's collectability individually and recognize appropriate allowances. Management makes critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events as of balance sheet date, which may differ from actual results. Thus, there might be material changes to the assessment.

B. Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such evaluation of inventories is primarily based on the demand for the products within a specific period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

C. Accrual of inventory purchase rebates

Accrual of inventory purchase rebates is estimated based on contract terms and expected achievement rate. However, contract terms for rebates could be in various types, with complicated calculations and entered into with different counterparties. Therefore, a substantial volume of purchase and sale information has to be matched with individual merchandise item manually in order to calculate rebates. Management makes critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events as of balance sheet date, which may differ from actual results. Thus, there might be material changes to the assessment.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Ma	rch 31, 2022	Dece	December 31, 2021		arch 31, 2021
Cash on hand and revolving						
funds	\$	552	\$	540	\$	1,001
Checking accounts and demand						
deposits		9,305,290		7,012,599		8,118,245
Time deposits		226,296		39,819		3,390,915
	\$	9,532,138	\$	7,052,958	\$	11,510,161

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. For information regarding cash and cash equivalents pledged as collateral and reclassified as financial assets at amortised cost, please refer to Notes 6(4) and 8.

(2) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	March 31, 2022		Dece	mber 31, 2021	March 31, 2021	
Current items:						
Financial assets mandatorily						
measured at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Listed stocks	\$	23,468	\$	23,314	\$	23,453
Financial products		1,831,417		2,046,087		8,621,179
Non-hedging derivatives —						
forward exchange		206				1,172
		1,855,091		2,069,401		8,645,804
Valuation adjustment		210,122		254,169		129,416
·	\$	2,065,213	\$	2,323,570	\$	8,775,220
Financial liabilities held for trading						
Non-hedging derivatives —						
forward exchange	\$	1,388	\$	700	\$	

- A. The Group recognised net gain of \$21,097 and \$74,116 on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- B. The subsidiaries entered into contracts relating to derivative financial instruments which were not accounted for under hedge accounting. The information is as follows:

			March 3	1, 2022	
				Non	ninal
				Prin	cipal
The subsidiaries	Items	I	Book Value	(in tho	usands)
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy USD sell NZD	(\$	1,384)	USD	2,650
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy AUD sell NZD	(4)	AUD	1,130
PT. Synnex Metrodata					
Indonesia	Forward exchange - buy USD sell IDR		206	USD	2,860
		(<u>\$</u>	1,182)		
			December	31, 202	1
				Non	ninal
				Prin	cipal
The subsidiaries	Items	_ <u>I</u>	Book Value	(in tho	usands)
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy USD sell NZD	(\$	756)	USD	2,840
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy AUD sell NZD	_	56	AUD	550
		(<u>\$</u>	700)		

		March 31, 2021			
				Non	ninal
				Principal	
The subsidiaries	Items	Book	Value	(in tho	usands)
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy USD sell NZD	\$	1,040	USD	2,220
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy AUD sell NZD		132	AUD	1,540
		\$	1,172		

For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the subsidiaries of the Company undertook forward exchange contracts with local banks to hedge risks of foreign currency assets and liabilities arising from fluctuations in exchange rates. The Group recognised (loss) gain on valuation amounting (\$5,722) and \$1,648, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

- C. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others.
- D. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

_	March 31, 2022		De	<u>December 31, 2021</u>		March 31, 2021
Current items:						
Equity instruments						
Listed stocks	\$	14,064,398	\$	13,600,899	\$	-
Valuation adjustment	(2,640,879)	(1,360,411)		
	\$	11,423,519	\$	12,240,488	\$	
Non-current items:						
Equity instruments						
Listed stocks	\$	835,880	\$	835,880	\$	820,687
Non-listed (TSE and OTC) stock		2,039,481		2,037,306		2,017,929
Valuation adjustment		3,911,648		3,739,884		2,899,924
	\$	6,787,009	\$	6,613,070	\$	5,738,540

- A. The Group has elected to classify share investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments as at March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021 is listed in the table above.
- B. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	Three months ended March 31,		
		2022	2021
Equity instruments at fair value through other			
comprehensive income			
Change in fair value recognised in other			
comprehensive income	(\$	1,019,655)	\$ 552,556

C. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral.

(4) Financial assets at amortised cost

	March 31, 2022		Dece	mber 31, 2021	March 31, 2021		
Current items:							
Time deposits maturing over							
three months	\$	143,375	\$		\$	200,095	
Non-current items:							
Pledged time deposits	\$	1,472,335	\$	1,439,507	\$	1,227,911	

- A. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- B. The counterparties of the Group's investments in certificates of deposits are financial institutions with high credit quality, so the Group expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

(5) Notes, accounts and overdue receivable

	Ma	arch 31, 2022	Dece	ember 31, 2021	March 31, 2021		
Notes receivable	\$	5,964,285	\$	6,396,329	\$	7,270,467	
Less: Allowance for uncollectible							
accounts	(15,648)	(15,997)	(15,438)	
	\$	5,948,637	\$	6,380,332	\$	7,255,029	
Accounts receivable	\$	66,948,015	\$	78,414,180	\$	51,569,968	
Accounts receivable due from							
related parties		435,903		701,473		295,078	
Lease receivables (expiring within							
one year)		145,606		152,814		153,287	
		67,529,524		79,268,467		52,018,333	
Less: Allowance for uncollectible							
accounts	(92,866)	(187,106)	(72,073)	
		67,436,658		79,081,361		51,946,260	
Overdue receivables (recorded as other non-current assets)		3,669,298		3,550,763		2,962,576	
Less: Allowance for uncollectible							
accounts	(2,290,039)	(2,202,041)	(2,195,365)	
		1,379,259		1,348,722		767,211	
	\$	68,815,917	\$	80,430,083	\$	52,713,471	

Overdue receivables consist primarily of amounts due from customers under bankruptcy proceedings and are stated at their estimated net realizable value. As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021, the Group received certain security for a portion of the amounts due.

A. The ageing analysis of notes receivable and accounts receivable (including related parties) is as follows:

	March 31, 2022							
	Notes			Accounts		Overdue		
	1	receivable		receivable		receivables		Total
Not past due	\$	5,964,285	\$	60,571,093	\$	644	\$	66,536,022
Up to 60 days past due		-		5,817,746		29,957		5,847,703
61-120 days past due		-		551,454		23,603		575,057
121-180 days past due		-		269,430		6,789		276,219
More than 181 days past due				319,801		3,608,305		3,928,106
	\$	5,964,285	\$	67,529,524	\$	3,669,298	\$	77,163,107
		December 31, 2021						
		Notes		Accounts	Overdue			
	1	receivable		receivable	_1	receivables		Total
Not past due	\$	6,396,329	\$	71,824,208	\$	-	\$	78,220,537
Up to 60 days past due		-		6,267,609		-		6,267,609
61-120 days past due		-		648,532		23,714		672,246
121-180 days past due		-		139,415		5,477		144,892
More than 181 days past due				388,703		3,521,572		3,910,275
	\$	6,396,329	\$	79,268,467	\$	3,550,763	\$	89,215,559
		March 31, 2021						
		Notes receivable		Accounts	Overdue			
	1			receivable		receivables		Total
Not past due	\$	7,270,467	\$	45,721,141	\$	-	\$	52,991,608
Up to 60 days past due		-		5,717,186		2,608		5,719,794
61-120 days past due		-		328,078		11,759		339,837
121-180 days past due		-		145,039		23,344		168,383
More than 181 days past due				106,889		2,924,865		3,031,754
	\$	7,270,467	\$	52,018,333	\$	2,962,576	\$	62,251,376

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2021, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$67,492,012.
- C. Details of the Group's accounts receivable pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- D. Certain notes receivable that were discounted to banks (pertaining to bankers' acceptance) met the derecognition criteria for financial assets. The Group has payment obligation when the acceptors (acceptance banks) of the notes refuse to pay the notes at maturity. However, the credit rating of the aforesaid acceptors (acceptance banks) is high. In general, the Group does not expect that the acceptors (acceptance banks) of the notes would refuse to pay for the notes at maturity. As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021, the Group had derecognized notes receivable (pertaining to bankers' acceptance) that were discounted to banks but not yet matured amounting to \$248,360, \$310,957, and \$0, respectively.
- E. Lease receivables
 - Information relating to lease receivables is provided in Note 6(12).
- F. Information relating to credit risk of notes and accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(6) Transfer of financial assets

Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety

The Group entered into factoring agreements with banks to sell its accounts receivable. Under the agreements, the Group is not obligated to bear the default risk of the transferred accounts receivable, but is liable for the losses incurred in any business dispute. The Group does not have any continuing involvement in the transferred accounts receivable. Thus, the Group derecognised the factored accounts receivable, and the related information is as follows:

(Unit: USD thousand)

March 31, 2022

Accounts	s receivable					
trans	sferred	Amo	unt derecognized	Facilities	Am	ount advanced
The Compan	<u>y</u>					
\$	647,436	\$	647,436	US\$57,500	\$	647,436
	(US\$22,512)		(US\$22,512)			(US\$22,512)
Subsidiaries						
\$	1,815,030	\$	1,815,030	US\$107,000	\$	1,815,030
	(US\$63,297)		(US\$63,297)			(US\$63,297)

(Unit: USD thousand)

December 31, 2021

receivable					
transferred		unt derecognized	Facilities	Amount advanced	
529,170	\$	529,170	US\$57,500	\$	529,170
(US\$18,980)		(US\$18,980)			(US\$18,980)
779,284	\$	779,284	US\$107,000	\$	779,284
(US\$28,103)		(US\$28,103)			(US\$28,103)
	529,170 (US\$18,980) 779,284	529,170 \$ (US\$18,980) \$ 779,284 \$	529,170 \$ 529,170 (US\$18,980) (US\$18,980) 779,284 \$ 779,284	Ferred Amount derecognized Facilities 529,170 \$ 529,170 US\$57,500 (US\$18,980) (US\$18,980) US\$107,000	Ferred Amount derecognized Facilities Amount derecognized 529,170 \$ 529,170 US\$57,500 \$ (US\$18,980) 779,284 \$ 779,284 US\$107,000 \$ (US\$18,980)

(Unit: USD thousand)

March 31, 2021

Account	s receivable					
tran	sferred	Amou	nt derecognized	Facilities	Amo	ount advanced
Subsidiaries						
\$	67,430	\$	67,430	US\$107,000	\$	67,430
	(US\$2,359)		(US\$2,359)			(US\$2,359)

As of March 31, 2021, no factored accounts receivable were derecognised by the Company.

- A. The counterparties of the Group's accounts receivable factoring mainly were Taishin International Bank, Chang Hwa Bank, E.SUN Commercial Bank, and other financial institutions. As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021, the interest rate of amount advanced was 0.71%~1.07%, 0.64%~0.71%, and 0.75%, respectively.
- B. As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021, the commercial papers issued for accounts receivable factoring amounted to US\$42,200 thousand, US\$42,200 thousand, respectively.

(7) Other receivables

	_Ma	rch 31, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021	_Ma	rch 31, 2021
Receivables from suppliers	\$	5,955,921	\$	5,323,567	\$	5,154,980
Tax refund receivable - business tax		975,486		833,084		618,762
Other non-operating receivables,						
others (including related parties)		203,646		126,359		268,452
	\$	7,135,053	\$	6,283,010	\$	6,042,194

(8) <u>Inventories</u>

<u> </u>	March 31, 2022						
			Allo	owance for			
		Cost	Val	uation loss		Book value	
Merchandise inventories	\$	51,671,514	(\$	637,519)	\$	51,033,995	
Inventory in transit		296,692				296,692	
	\$	51,968,206	(<u>\$</u>	637,519)	\$	51,330,687	
			Decen	nber 31, 2021			
			Allo	owance for			

	Timo wante for					
		Cost	Va	luation loss_		Book value
Merchandise inventories	\$	47,395,461	(\$	488,187)	\$	46,907,274
Inventory in transit		805,998		<u>-</u>		805,998
	\$	48,201,459	(\$	488,187)	\$	47,713,272

	March 31, 2021							
		Allowance for						
		Cost	Va	luation loss		Book value		
Merchandise inventories	\$	30,103,465	(\$	460,475)	\$	29,642,990		
Inventory in transit		55,406				55,406		
	\$	30,158,871	(\$	460,475)	\$	29,698,396		
		1 1	11	1 1 11				

A. Information relating to inventories pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

B. The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

	 Three months ended March 31,					
	 2022	2021				
Cost of inventories sold Loss on decline in (gain on reversal of)	\$ 96,432,623	\$	82,721,579			
market value	 149,332	(46,620)			
	\$ 96,581,955	\$	82,674,959			

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, gain on reversal of valuation loss and obsolescence arose after the inventories were scrapped or sold.

(9) Investments accounted for under equity method

A. The details are as follows:

THE WELLIS WIT WE TO HE WAS						
	Ma	arch 31, 2022	Dece	ember 31, 2021	M	larch 31, 2021
Associates:						
TD Synnex Corporation (Notes 2 and 3)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,607,818
Concentrix Corporation (Notes 1)		5,340,979		4,966,657		5,032,898
Redington (India) Ltd.		5,190,146		4,787,716		4,495,894
Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company		1,810,028		1,591,778		1,485,256
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.		1,403,105		1,287,583		1,343,929
Other		26,089		29,094		72,046
	\$	13,770,347	\$	12,662,828	\$	17,037,841

The information on shareholding ratio is provided in table 8.

B. The above investments accounted for under equity method are profit/(loss) and share of other comprehensive income of associates recognised based on financial statements that were not reviewed by the investees' auditors. Details are as follows:

	Profit/(loss) of associates					
		Three months e	ended Ma	arch 31,		
		2022	2021			
TD Synnex Corporation (Note 3)	\$	-	\$	185,953		
Concentrix Corporation		203,663		178,859		
Redington (India) Ltd.		233,999		164,422		
Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company		160,391		76,617		
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.		75,583		69,506		
Other	(3,005)	(2,715)		
	\$	670,631	\$	672,642		
	Share of other comprehensive income of associates					
		Three months e	ended Ma	<u> </u>		
		2022		2021		
TD Synnex Corporation (Note 3)	\$	-	\$	30,868		
Concentrix Corporation		2,459	(21,744)		
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	(15,589)		18,968		
	(<u>\$</u>	13,130)	\$	28,092		

Note 1: The Group is one of the major shareholders of Concentrix Corporation and has significant influence over Concentrix Corporation.

Note 2. The Group was one of the major shareholders of TD Synnex Corporation, and the Group's Chairman Mr. Matthew Miau served as TD Synnex's honorary chairman. Thus, the Group had significant influence over TD Synnex Corporation. The Group lost significant influence over TD Synnex and its ownership decreased to 4.02% due to the issuance of new shares for a merger by TD Synnex on September 1, 2021. On the same date, the Group derecognised the carrying amount of the investment accounted for using equity method,

and the investment was remeasured to its fair value and recognised as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The difference was recognised in gains on disposal of investments amounting to USD 320,651 thousand, equivalent to \$9,017,328.

Note 3. Synnex Corporation announced the change in its company name to TD Synnex Corporation on September 1, 2021.

C. Associates

The Group has no material associates as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021.

(a) The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarized below:
As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$13,770,347, \$12,662,828, and \$17,037,841, respectively.

	Three months ended March 31,								
		2022		2021					
Profit or loss for the period from continuing operations	\$	670,631	\$	672,642					
Other comprehensive (loss) income,									
net of tax	(13,130)		28,092					
Total comprehensive income	\$	657,501	\$	700,734					

(b) The fair value calculated proportionately based on ownership shares of the Group's associates with quoted market prices is as follows:

	March 31, 2022		Dec	ember 31, 2021	March 31, 2021		
TD Synnex Corporation	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	12,670,854	
Concentrix Corporation	\$	17,183,895	\$	17,820,792	\$	16,519,355	
Redington (India) Ltd.	\$	10,340,493	\$	10,159,445	\$	7,071,252	
Synnex (Thailand) Public		_				_	
Company Ltd.	\$	7,760,156	\$	10,255,666	\$	7,390,576	

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(10) Property, plant and equipment

2022

At January 1	_	Land Owner -occupied	Owner -occupied	Buildi	ngs and structures Lease	Subtotal	Utilities equipment Owner -occupied	_	Computer equipment Owner -occupied	Transportation equipment Owner -occupied	Furniture at fixtures Owner -occupied		Tools Owner -occupied	im	Leasehold provements Owner occupied	in pand e	nstruction progress equipment inspected Owner ccupied	Total
Cost	\$	1,444,237	3,935,891	\$	1,601,720 \$	5,537,611	\$ 428,854	\$	270,128	\$ 182,227	\$ 79	,859	\$ 558,903	\$	69,502	\$	3,076,245 \$	11,647,566
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		- (1,035,263	(271,765) (1,307,028)	(((156,952) (84,905)	(61	,785) (195,915)	(53,687)		- (2,079,379)
	\$	1,444,237	2,900,628	\$	1,329,955 \$	4,230,583	\$ 209,747	\$	113,176	\$ 97,322	\$ 18	,074	\$ 362,988	\$	15,815	\$	3,076,245 \$	9,568,187
Opening net book amount	\$	1,444,237	2,900,628	\$	1,329,955 \$	4,230,583	\$ 209,747	\$	113,176	\$ 97,322	\$ 18	,074	\$ 362,988	\$	15,815	\$	3,076,245 \$	9,568,187
Additions		-	28,110		-	28,110	(1,568)		1,001	-	2	,352	4,062		-		81,953	115,910
Disposals		- (95)	- (95)	1	(56) (4,214)		- (61)		-		- (4,425)
Reclassifications		- (28,807)	28,807	-	1,704			25,870		-	-		1,076 ((1,704)	26,946
Depreciation charge		- (25,676) (10,084) (35,760)	(9,387)	(10,555) (4,549)	(2	,292) (10,351)	(1,935)		- (74,829)
Effect of exchange rate changes		52,069	109,676		50,940	160,616	7,918	_	753	290		621	16,768		303		37,625	276,963
Closing net book amount	\$	1,496,306	2,983,836	\$	1,399,618 \$	4,383,454	\$ 208,415	\$	104,319	\$ 114,719	\$ 18	,755	\$ 373,406	\$	15,259	\$	3,194,119 \$	9,908,752
At March 31																		
Cost	\$	1,496,306	4,065,219	\$	1,699,955 \$	5,765,174	\$ 436,642	\$	266,740	\$ 196,213	\$ 84	,659	\$ 588,362	\$	68,783	\$	3,194,119 \$	12,096,998
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		<u> </u>	1,081,383	(300,337) (1,381,720)	((162,421) (81,494)	(65	,904) (214,956)	(53,524)			2,188,246)
	\$	1,496,306	2,983,836	\$	1,399,618 \$	4,383,454	\$ 208,415	\$	104,319	\$ 114,719	\$ 18	,755	\$ 373,406	\$	15,259	\$	3,194,119 \$	9,908,752

															Construction	
															in progress	
								Computer	Transportation	Furniture and				Leasehold	and equipment	
	Land	Build	ings and structu	res	Util	ities equipment		equipment	equipment	fixtures		Tools		improvements	to be inspected	Total
	Owner	Owner			Owner			Owner	Owner	Owner	Owner			Owner	Owner	
	-occupied	-occupied	Lease	Subtotal	-occupied	Lease	Subtotal	-occupied	-occupied	-occupied	-occupied	Lease	Subtotal	-occupied	-occupied	
At January 1																
Cost	\$ 1,516,732	\$ 4,783,716	842,822	\$ 5,626,538	\$ 483,048 \$	71,372	\$ 554,420	\$ 265,589	\$ 169,397	\$ 87,875	\$ 595,050 \$	2,341	597,391	\$ 83,498	\$ 2,764,464	\$ 11,665,904
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		(1,078,113) (148,428)	(1,226,541) (267,323) (31,903) (299,226)	152,873)	(79,580)	(64,421)	(187,615) (1,115) (188,730)	(54,611)	(45)	(2,066,027)
	\$ 1,516,732	\$ 3,705,603	694,394	\$ 4,399,997	\$ 215,725 \$	39,469	\$ 255,194	\$ 112,716	\$ 89,817	\$ 23,454	\$ 407,435 \$	1,226	\$ 408,661	\$ 28,887	\$ 2,764,419	\$ 9,599,877
Opening net book amount	\$ 1,516,732	\$ 3,705,603	694,394	\$ 4,399,997	\$ 215,725 \$	39,469	\$ 255,194	\$ 112,716	\$ 89,817	\$ 23,454	\$ 407,435 \$	1,226	\$ 408,661	\$ 28,887	\$ 2,764,419	\$ 9,599,877
Additions	-	6,537	2,835	9,372	4,880	-	4,880	1,889	-	272	4,350	22	4,372	54	148,373	169,212
Disposals	-	(18)	-	(18) (5,271)	- (5,271) ((141)	- 1	(24)	-	-	-	-	-	(5,454)
Reclassifications	-	(653,808)	661,533	7,725 (37,829)	37,916	87	-	-	3,641	(3,641)	- (3,641)	-	(2,356)	5,456
Depreciation charge	-	(26,324) (9,689)	(36,013) (9,475) (2,633) (12,108)	10,610)	(4,218)	2,720)	(9,696) (137) (9,833)	(5,394)	-	(80,896)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(10,931)	(21,463) (8,812)	(30,275) (808) (486) (1,294)	132)	(85)	527)	(2,997)	<u> </u>	2,997)	(89)	(3,297)	(49,627)
Closing net book amount	\$ 1,505,801	\$ 3,010,527	1,340,261	\$ 4,350,788	\$ 167,222 \$	74,266	\$ 241,488	\$ 103,722	\$ 85,514	\$ 24,096	\$ 395,451 \$	1,111	396,562	\$ 23,458	\$ 2,907,139	\$ 9,638,568
At March 31																
Cost	\$ 1,505,801	\$ 3,995,458	1,586,535	\$ 5,581,993	\$ 415,729 \$	132,537	\$ 548,266	\$ 251,403	\$ 194,089	\$ 85,966	\$ 593,841 \$	2,363	\$ 596,204	\$ 82,068	\$ 2,907,184	\$ 11,752,974
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		(984,931) (246,274)	(1,231,205) (248,507) (58,271) (306,778)	147,681)	(108,575)	61,870)	(198,390) (1,252) (199,642)	(58,610)	(45)	(2,114,406)
	\$ 1,505,801	\$ 3,010,527	1,340,261	\$ 4,350,788	\$ 167,222 \$	74,266	\$ 241,488	\$ 103,722	\$ 85,514	\$ 24,096	\$ 395,451 \$	1,111	396,562	\$ 23,458	\$ 2,907,139	\$ 9,638,568

- Note 1: The significant components of buildings include office buildings and warehouse with main buildings and improvements, which are depreciated over 20~55 and 10~35 years, respectively.
- Note 2: The Group's property in Nangang District, Taipei City has been under construction since February 2020 and was shown under construction in progress. Thus, for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the interest of property, plant and equipment has been capitalized. Amount of borrowing costs for property, plant and equipment capitalised and interest rate range are as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,						
		2022		2021			
Amount capitalised	\$	5,148	\$	5,369			
Range of the interest rates for capitalisation	0.82	2%~0.83%	0.82%~0.83%				

Note 3: The Group had no property, plant and equipment pledged to others as collateral as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021.

(11) <u>Leasing arrangements—lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including land use rights and buildings. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 5 years for buildings and 43 to 50 years for land use rights. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	Lane	d use rights	Buildings		Total
January 1, 2022	\$	678,316 \$	427,338	\$	1,105,654
Additions		-	12,271		12,271
Depreciation charge	(4,633) (58,340) ((62,973)
Effect of exchange rate changes		25,670	5,801		31,471
March 31, 2022	\$	699,353 \$	387,070	\$	1,086,423
	Lan	d use rights	Buildings		Total
January 1, 2021	\$	741,742 \$	523,154	\$	1,264,896
Depreciation charge	(4,768) (62,348) ((67,116)
Lease modifications		- (6,836) ((6,836)
Effect of decrease in consolidated entities	(40,614)	- ((40,614)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(3,823) (1,437) ((5,260)
March 31, 2021	\$	692,537 \$	452,533	\$	1,145,070

C. Information on profit or loss relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,							
		2022		2021				
Items affecting profit or loss								
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	1,730	\$	2,714				
Expense on short-term lease contracts		18,772		12,718				
Expense on leases of low-value assets		2,365		2,431				
Gain on lease modification		_	(164)				

D. Apart from the cash outflow relating to the lease expense mentioned above in (11)C, the Group's cash outflow arising from the payment of lease liabilities amounted to \$63,325 and \$64,619 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(12) <u>Leasing arrangements—lessor</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including office buildings. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 10 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. To protect the lessor's ownership rights on the leased assets, leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes, or a residual value guarantee was required.
- B. The Group leases computers and computer peripherals assets to others under a finance lease. Based on the terms of the lease contract, the ownership of the assets will be transferred to lessees provided that the lessees exercise the purchase option when the leases expire. Information on profit or loss in relation to lease contracts is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,						
		2022	2021				
Sales profit	\$	7,960	\$	16,780			
Finance income from the net investment in the finance lease		3,332		3,962			
	\$	11,292	\$	20,742			

C. The maturity analysis of the undiscounted lease payments in the finance lease is as follows:

	Mar	ch 31, 2022	Decen	nber 31, 2021	March 31, 2021		
Within 1 year	\$	172,009	\$	180,497	\$	182,747	
1-5 year(s)		129,746		147,059		202,418	
	\$	301,755	\$	327,556	\$	385,165	

D. Reconciliation of the undiscounted lease payments and the net investment in the finance lease is provided as follows:

]	March 31, 2022			
		Current		Non-current		Total	
Undiscounted lease payments	\$	172,009	\$	129,746	\$	301,755	
Unearned finance income	(26,403)	(18,898)	(45,301)	
Net investment in the lease	\$	145,606	\$	110,848	\$	256,454	
	December 31, 2021						
		Current		Non-current		Total	
Undiscounted lease payments	\$	180,497	\$	147,059	\$	327,556	
Unearned finance income	(27,683)	(20,720)	(48,403)	
Net investment in the lease	\$	152,814	\$	126,339	\$	279,153	

March	31.	2021
1VIUI CII	σ	2021

		Current		Non-current		Total
Undiscounted lease payments	\$	182,747	\$	202,418	\$	385,165
Unearned finance income	(29,460)	(27,134)	(56,594)
Net investment in the lease	\$	153,287	\$	175,284	\$	328,571

E. Gain arising from operating lease agreements for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	 Three months ended March 31,						
	 2022		2021				
Rental income (including operating revenue							
and other income)	\$ 144,692	\$	146,034				

F. The maturity analysis of the lease payments under the operating leases is as follows:

	March 31, 2022		Dece	mber 31, 2021	March 31, 2021		
Within 1 year	\$	398,331	\$	409,625	\$	412,303	
1-5 year(s)		1,017,845		1,034,805		563,507	
Over 5 years		226,101		229,094		278,218	
	\$	1,642,277	\$	1,673,524	\$	1,254,028	

(13) Investment property

	2022					
	Buildings		Utilities			
	an	d structures	equipment		Total	
At January 1						
Cost	\$	1,333,076 \$	34,973	\$	1,368,049	
Accumulated depreciation	(336,602) (27,376)	(363,978)	
	\$	996,474 \$	7,597	\$	1,004,071	
Opening net book amount	\$	996,474 \$	7,597	\$	1,004,071	
Additions		-	1,704		1,704	
Depreciation charge	(7,976) (1,112)	(9,088)	
Net exchange differences		37,686	301		37,987	
Closing net book amount	\$	1,026,184 \$	8,490	\$	1,034,674	
At March 31					_	
Cost	\$	1,383,726 \$	37,938		1,421,664	
Accumulated depreciation	(357,542) (29,448)	(386,990)	
	\$	1,026,184 \$	8,490	\$	1,034,674	

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450,098)
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5,774)
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430,579)
1,036,913

2021

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	Three months ended March 31,				
		2022	2021		
Rental income from investment property	\$	98,585	\$	102,860	
Direct operating expenses arising from the					
investment property that generated rental					
income during the period	\$	27,787	\$	22,253	

B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021 was \$3,132,501, \$2,846,936 and \$2,849,139, respectively, which is calculated based on the present value of rental revenue for the next 10 years and disposal value. The valuation approach is categorized within level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. The growth rates used are consistent with the forecasts included in market quotation reports and historical experiences. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments.

(14) <u>Intangible assets</u>

	2022					
		Computer		a		
		software cost		Goodwill		Total
At January 1	ф	107.001	ф	504 105	ф	700 100
Cost	\$	185,001	\$	524,197	\$	709,198
Accumulated amortisation	(69,279)	_		(69,279)
	\$	115,722	\$	524,197	\$	639,919
Opening net book amount	\$	115,722	\$	524,197	\$	639,919
Additions - acquired separately		5,218		-		5,218
Reclassifications		2,079		-		2,079
Amortisation charge	(10,284)		-	(10,284)
Net exchange differences		1,998		9,703		11,701
Closing net book amount	\$	114,733	\$	533,900	\$	648,633
At March 31						
Cost	\$	190,218	\$	533,900	\$	724,118
Accumulated amortisation	(75,485)			(75,485)
	\$	114,733	<u>\$</u>	533,900	\$	648,633
				2021		
		Computer				
		software cost		Goodwill		Total
At January 1						
Cost	\$	416,663	\$	532,548	\$	949,211
Accumulated amortisation	(311,506)		<u>-</u>	(311,506)
	\$	105,157	\$	532,548	\$	637,705
Opening net book amount	\$	105,157	\$	532,548	\$	637,705
Additions - acquired separately		3,828		-		3,828
Reclassifications		7,026		-		7,026
Amortisation charge	(10,077)		-	(10,077)
Net exchange differences	(281)		290		9
Closing net book amount	\$	105,653	\$	532,838	\$	638,491
At March 31						
Cost	\$	171,884	\$	532,838	\$	704,722
Accumulated amortisation	(66,231)			(66,231)
	\$	105,653	\$	532,838	\$	638,491

A. Amortisation charges on intangible assets were recognised as administrative expenses amounting to \$10,284 and \$10,077 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

B. Goodwill is allocated as follows to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment:

	Marc	March 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		March 31, 2021	
Taiwan	\$	239,479	\$	239,479	\$	239,479	
Hong Kong		284,768		275,383		283,874	
Indonesia		9,653		9,335		9,485	
	\$	533,900	\$	524,197	\$	532,838	

C. Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operation segment. The recoverable amount of all cash-generating units has been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period.

The recoverable amount of all cash-generating units calculated using the value-in-use exceeded their carrying amount, so goodwill was not impaired. The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are consideration of gross margin, growth rate, and discount rate.

Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of market development. The growth rates used are consistent with the forecasts included in market quotation reports and historical experiences. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments.

(15) Other non-current assets

	March 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		March 31, 2021	
Refundable deposits	\$	113,534	\$	113,584	\$	521,288
Long-term notes and overdue						
receivables		1,379,259		1,348,722		767,211
Long-term lease receivables		110,848		126,339		175,284
Others		46,568		40,161		26,935
	\$	1,650,209	\$	1,628,806	\$	1,490,718

For details of long-term lease receivables, please refer to Notes 6(5) and (12).

(16) Short-term borrowings

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	March 31, 2021	
Bank borrowings				
Unsecured borrowings	\$ 53,348,727	\$ 53,326,707	\$ 37,614,580	
Secured borrowings	710,567			
	\$ 54,059,294	\$ 53,326,707	\$ 37,614,580	
Interest rate range				
Unsecured borrowings	0.75%~2.56%	0.68%~2.28%	0.65%~1.56%	
Secured borrowings	3.95%~3.97%			
Collateral				
Unsecured borrowings	None	None	None	
Secured borrowings	Accounts receivables and inventories	None	None	

(17) Short-term notes and bills payable

	Na	March 31, 2022		ember 31, 2021	March 31, 2021	
Commercial paper payable	\$	10,330,000	\$	12,490,000	\$	14,690,000
Interest rate range	0.	82%~1.13%	0.82%~1.00%		0.	71%~1.03%

The above-mentioned short-term notes and bills payables are issued and accepted by financial institutions. The interest includes costs related to issuance.

(18) Other payables

	Ma	arch 31, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021	Ma	arch 31, 2021
Dividends receivable	\$	8,339,735	\$	-	\$	5,504,225
Temporary receipt of suppliers' payment		4,100,833		4,349,911		3,311,816
Salary and bonus payable		615,741		940,458		543,369
Accrued expenses — others		922,642		956,055		623,928
Other payables — others (including related parties)		998,082		957,848		939,346
-	\$	14,977,033	\$	7,204,272	\$	10,922,684

(19) Other current liabilities

	Ma	March 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		March 31, 2021	
Refund liability—dealers' rebates payable	\$	5,360,438	\$	4,686,476	\$	4,061,684	
Other current liabilities — others		104,348		95,486		91,837	
others	\$	5,464,786	\$	4,781,962	\$	4,153,521	

(20) Long-term borrowings

	Borrowing period	Interest				
Type of borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	Collateral	March 31, 2022		
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from	1.33%	None	\$	1,500,000	
	December 30, 2021 to					
	December 30, 2024; principal					
	is repayable in full at maturity;					
	interest is repayable monthly.					
Less: Current portion						
				\$	1,500,000	
	Borrowing period	Interest				
Type of borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	Collateral	Decemb	er 31, 2021	
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from	1.06%	None	\$	1,500,000	
_	December 30, 2021 to					
	December 30, 2024; principal					
	is repayable in full at maturity;					
	interest is repayable monthly.					
Less: Current portion						
				\$	1,500,000	

March 31, 2021: None.

(21) Pensions

A. Defined benefit plans

- (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law. The pension benefits are paid based on the service years and the average monthly salaries of the last 1 month prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions to cover the deficit by next March. The subsidiary, PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia, also adopted a defined benefit plan.
- (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs of \$4,629 and \$4,889 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2022 amount to \$26,276.

B. Defined contribution plans

- (a) No pension plan is established for certain overseas investment holding companies since these companies are not required to have an employee pension plan in accordance with the local legislation. Except for the above, other companies have established a funded defined contribution pension plan and therefore contribute monthly a certain percentage of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund. Except for monthly contributions to the retirement fund, these companies have no further obligations.
- (b) The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$80,152 and \$80,374, respectively.

(22) Share capital

A. As of March 31, 2022, the Company's authorised capital was \$24,000,000 (including \$500,000 reserved for the conversion of employees' stock options which have not been issued). The total number of ordinary shares, at \$10 (in dollars) par value per share, issued and outstanding, was 1,667,946,968 shares. Shares yet to be issued can be issued several times by the Board of Directors depending on the demand, and some of them can be distributed in the form of preferred shares. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Group's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

	2022	2021
At January 1 (At March 31)	1,667,946,968	1,667,946,968

- B. In 1997 and 1999, the Company issued new shares and Mitac Incorporated and other major shareholders offered part of their shares to jointly participate in the issuance of global depository shares (GDSs). These GDSs were issued in Europe, Asia and the USA. Each GDS represents 4 shares of ordinary share. After several issuances of GDSs by issuing new shares, the total number of GDSs outstanding as of March 31, 2022 was 23,174 units, representing 92,708 shares of ordinary share. The main terms and conditions of the GDSs are as follows:
 - (a) Voting rights

The holders of GDSs have no right to directly attend any shareholders' meeting of the Company, vote, or speak. However, when the Depositary receives the same instruction from more than 51% of the holders of GDSs on a proposal, the Depositary shall vote on the proposal as instructed by the holders of GDSs.

(b) Conversion of GDSs

Commencing three months after the initial issuance of GDSs, subject to the terms of the Deposit Agreement and applicable laws of the R.O.C., a holder of GDSs may request the Depositary to redeem and deliver or sell the Company's ordinary share represented by the GDSs.

(c) Dividends

The holders of GDSs are entitled to receive dividends to the same extent as the holders of ordinary shares.

(23) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

			202	22		
			Changes in equity			
	Share premium	Treasury share transactions	of associates and joint ventures	Stock options	Others	Total
At January 1 Changes in equity of associates and joint	\$ 13,626,940	\$ 340,678	\$ -	\$ 228,445	\$ 3,897	\$ 14,199,960
ventures Difference between consideration and carrying amount of	-	-	78,807	-	-	78,807
subsidiaries acquired	-	-	2,085	-	-	2,085
Unclaimed dividends		. <u> </u>			594	594
At March 31	\$ 13,626,940	\$ 340,678	\$ 80,892	\$ 228,445	\$ 4,491	\$ 14,281,446
			202	21		
			Changes in equity			
	Share premium	Treasury share transactions	of associates and joint ventures	Stock options	Others	Total
At January 1 Changes in equity of associates and joint	\$ 13,626,940	\$ 340,678		\$ 228,445	\$ 3,417	\$ 14,709,395
ventures	-	-	(3,264)	-	-	(3,264)
Unclaimed dividends			<u> </u>		479	479
At March 31	\$ 13,626,940	\$ 340,678	\$ 506,651	\$ 228,445	\$ 3,896	\$ 14,706,610

(24) Retained earnings

- A. The earnings distribution in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company is as follows:
 - (a) The Company's annual earnings at the end of the accounting year shall be first subject to taxation, reimbursement of previous losses, followed by a 10% provision for legal reserve

and provision for or reversal of special reserve by law. If there is profit remaining, the Board of Directors shall propose to distribute the balance amount, together with any accumulated non-distributed profit. Where dividends are distributed in the form of stocks, the distribution shall be subject to the approval of the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting. Where dividends are distributed in the form of cash, the Board of Directors is authorized to make such distribution by approval of more than half of directors present at a meeting where more than two-thirds of the directors are in attendance, and the distribution shall also be reported at the shareholders' meeting.

The Board of Directors shall determine the shareholders' cash dividend ratio with the consideration of the financial structure of the Company, future earnings situation, and business development; however, the cash dividend ratio may not be less than 15% of the total current dividend distributed to shareholders.

- (b) Where the Company incurs no loss, the Board of Directors may draft distribution proposals to distribute part or all of the legal reserve and capital surplus specified in Article 241 of the Company Act to shareholders. Where dividends are distributed in the form of stocks, the distribution shall be subject to the approval of the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting. Where dividends are distributed in the form of cash, the Board of Directors is authorized to make such distribution by approval of more than half of the directors present at the meeting where more than two-thirds of the directors are in attendance, and the distribution shall also be reported at the shareholders' meeting.
- B. The appropriation of 2021 and 2020 earnings had been proposed at the Board of Directors' meeting on March 8, 2022 and resolved at the shareholders' meeting on July 20, 2021, respectively. Details are summarized below:

	Years ended December 31,							
		2021				20	20	
			Dividend	ds per			Divid	dends per
		Amount	share (in o	dollars)		Amount	share ((in dollars)
Provision for legal reserve	\$	1,695,196			\$	818,064		
Provision for (reversal of)								
special reserve		1,910,568			(958,465)		
Cash dividends		8,339,735	\$	5.00		5,504,225	\$	3.30

Note: For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, in accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the appropriation of cash dividend was authorised to the Board of Directors. Thus, the financial statements reflect the dividends payable.

C. For information relating to employees' remuneration (bonus) and directors' remuneration, please refer to Note 6(32).

(25) Other equity items

Currency gains (losses)	
translation on valuation	otal
At January 1, 2022 (\$ 10,641,478) \$ 2,394,366 (\$	8,247,112)
Revaluation:	
-Group - (1,019,655) (1,019,655)
-Associates - (15,589) (15,589)
Currency translation differences:	
-Group 3,737,912 -	3,737,912
-Associates	2,459
At March 31, 2022 (\$ 6,901,107) \$ 1,359,122 (\$	5,541,985)
Unrealised	
Currency gains (losses)	
translation on valuation	otal
At January 1, 2021 (\$ 8,690,313) \$ 2,353,767 (\$	6,336,546)
Revaluation:	
-Group - 550,454	550,454
-Associates - 18,968	18,968
Currency translation differences:	
-Group (410,436) - (410,436)
-Associates 9,124 <u>-</u>	9,124
At March 31, 2021 (\$ 9,091,625) \$ 2,923,189 (\$	6,168,436)

(26) Operating revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major product lines:

		Three months ended March 31,				
	Timing of revenue	 2022		2021		
Revenue from 3C and electronic component products	At a point in time	\$ 100,397,876	\$	86,363,656		
Others	Over time	 467,309		380,955		
		\$ 100,865,185	\$	86,744,611		

(27) <u>Interest income</u>

	Three months ended March 31,				
		2022		2021	
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	14,078	\$	29,361	
Other interest income		38,431		40,888	
	\$	52,509	\$	70,249	

(28) Other income

	Three months ended March 3:			March 31,
		2022		2021
Rental income	\$	144,302	\$	145,584
Dividend income		64,946		-
Others		64,585		27,393
	\$	273,833	\$	172,977

(29) Other gains and losses

	Three months ended March 31,			
		2022		2021
Net gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Financial products	\$	21,757	\$	65,775
Other financial assets	(6,382)		9,989
Net currency exchange gains (losses)		86,590	(25,810)
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant				
and equipment and investment property		866	(4)
Related expense charges on investment property	(27,787)	(22,253)
Gains on disposal of investments		-		109,670
Others		41,865	(31,613)
	\$	116,909	\$	105,754

(30) Finance costs

	Three months ended March 31,			
		2022		2021
Interest expense on bank borrowings	\$	138,995	\$	90,425
Interest expense on short-term notes and bills payable		29,840		31,646
Interest expense on lease liabilities		1,730		2,714
Less: Capitalisation of qualifying assets	(5,148)	(5,369)
	\$	165,417	\$	119,416

(31) Expenses by nature

	Three months ended March 31,			
		2022		2021
Employee benefit expense	\$	1,324,160	\$	1,215,776
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	\$	74,829	\$	80,896
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	\$	62,973	\$	67,116
Depreciation charges on investment property	\$	9,088	\$	12,245
Amortisation charges on intangible assets	\$	10,284	\$	10,077

(32) Employee benefit expense

	Three months ended March 31,				
		2022		2021	
Wages and salaries	\$	1,141,972	\$	1,036,027	
Employee social security expense		65,371		66,488	
Pension costs		84,781		85,263	
Directors' remuneration		1,975		1,875	
Other personnel expenses		30,061		26,123	
	\$	1,324,160	\$	1,215,776	

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Company's net income before tax before deducting remuneration to employees and Directors and after covering for losses in the current fiscal year, should be applied to pay remuneration to employees in an amount not exceeding 10% and not less than 0.01% of the balance, and to Directors for an amount not more than 1% of the balance. Employee remuneration may be distributed in stock or cash and directors' remuneration may be distributed in cash subject to a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors. Employee remuneration may be distributed in stock; remuneration may also be distributed for employees of controlled or affiliated companies that meet the criteria. The Chairman of the Board is authorized to set such criteria.
- B. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, employees' compensation (bonus) was accrued at \$300 and \$225, respectively; directors' remuneration was accrued at \$1,975 and \$1,875, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses.

 For the three months ended March 31, 2022, the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on distributable profit of current year as of the end of reporting period.

For 2021, the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration resolved by the Board of Directors amounted to \$2,200 and \$7,900, respectively. The differences between the amounts resolved by the Board of Directors and the amounts of \$2,100 and \$7,500 recognised in the 2021

financial statements had been adjusted in the profit or loss of 2022. As of May 4, 2022, the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration had not been distributed.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors and by shareholders in the meetings is posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(33) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Three months ended March 31,				
		2022		2021	
Current tax:					
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	351,120	\$	411,797	
Prior period income tax (overestimation) underestimation	(6,010)	(199,997)	
Prepaid income tax		107,052		176,406	
Total current tax		452,162		388,206	
Deferred tax:					
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		93,156	(2,053)	
Total deferred tax		93,156	(2,053)	
Income tax expense	\$	545,318	\$	386,153	

- (b) For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group had no income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income.
- (c) For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group had no income tax charged/(credited) to equity during the period.
- B. The Company's income tax returns through 2018 and of 2020 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.
- C. As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021, the Group recognised deferred income tax liabilities of \$3,885,911, \$3,835,227, and \$0, respectively, for the earnings that were assessed to be repatriated by investees.

(34) Earnings per share

	 Three	months ended March 31	, 2022
		Weighted average	
		number of ordinary	Earnings
	Amount	shares outstanding	per share
	 after tax	(share in thousands)	(in dollars)
Basic earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	\$ 2,544,958	1,667,947	\$ 1.53
Diluted earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	\$ 2,544,958	1,667,947	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential			
ordinary shares		11	
Employees' compensation	 	11	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders plus assumed conversion of all dilutive			
potential ordinary shares	\$ 2,544,958	1,667,958	\$ 1.53
Posterior Contractor			
	T71	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1	2021
	 Three	months ended March 31	, 2021
		Weighted average	
		number of ordinary	Earnings
	Amount	1 4 1'	
	_	shares outstanding	per share
	 after tax	(share in thousands)	per share (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share	 after tax	_	•
Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	\$ 2,537,575	_	•
* *		(share in thousands)	(in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders		(share in thousands)	(in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential	\$ 2,537,575	(share in thousands) 1,667,947	(in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 2,537,575	(share in thousands) 1,667,947 1,667,947	(in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation	\$ 2,537,575	(share in thousands) 1,667,947	(in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	\$ 2,537,575	(share in thousands) 1,667,947 1,667,947	(in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation	\$ 2,537,575	(share in thousands) 1,667,947 1,667,947	(in dollars)

(35) Transactions with non-controlling interests

Acquisition of additional equity interest in a subsidiary

The Group acquired an additional 1.07% shares of Bestcom Infotech Corp. for a cash consideration of \$20,944 on March 31, 2022. The effect of changes in interests in Bestcom Infotech Corp. on the equity attributable to owners of the parent for the three months ended March 31, 2022 is shown below:

Three months ended March 31,

		2022
Consideration paid to non-controlling interest	(\$	20,944)
Decrease in carrying amount of non-controlling interest		23,029
Capital surplus - difference between consideration and carrying		
amount of subsidiary acquired	\$	2,085

(36) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Short-term borrowings		Short-term notes and pills payable		Long-term borrowings	C	ash dividends payable		Current/ Non-current use liabilities		Guarantee deposits received
At January 1, 2022	\$ 53,326,707	\$	12,490,000	\$	1,500,000	\$	-	\$	446,021	\$	190,368
Cash dividends declared	-		-		-		8,339,735		-		-
Increase in short-term borrowings	732,587		-		-		-		-		-
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	-	(2,160,000)		-		-		-		-
Payments of lease liabilities	-		-		-		-	(63,325)		-
Increase in lease liabilities	-		-		-		-		12,271		-
Increase in guarantee deposits received	-		-		-		-		_		57,470
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	-		-		-		-		_	(50,020)
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				6,293	(26,859)
At March 31, 2022	\$ 54,059,294	\$	10,330,000	\$	1,500,000	\$	8,339,735	\$	401,260	\$	170,959
			Short-ter	m				Curr	ent/	(Guarantee
	Short-term		notes an	d	Cash d	ivide	nds N	on-cu	ırrent		deposits
	borrowings		bills paya	ble	pay	able	lea	se lia	bilities		received

			Short-term			Current/	Guarantee
		Short-term	notes and	Cash dividends		Non-current	deposits
		borrowings	 bills payable	payable		lease liabilities	 received
At January 1, 2021	\$	42,967,204	\$ 13,730,000	\$ -	\$	544,541	\$ 152,626
Cash dividends declared		-	-	5,504,225		-	-
Decrease in short-term borrowings	(5,352,624)	-	-		-	-
Increase in short-term notes and							
bills payable		-	960,000	-		-	-
Payments of lease liabilities		-	-	-	(64,619)	-
Changes in other non-cash items		-	-	-	(7,000)	-
Increase in guarantee deposits							
received		-	-	-		-	40,415
Decrease in guarantee deposits							
received		-	-	-		- (6,540)
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		(_	1,502)	
At March 31, 2021	\$	37,614,580	\$ 14,690,000	\$ 5,504,225	\$	471,420	\$ 186,501

(37) Financing activities with no cash flow effect

	_	Tł	nree months e	nded	l March 31,
	_	2022 202			2021
Cash dividends declared but not yet paid	<u>\$</u>	5	8,339,735	\$	5,504,225

(38) Supplemental cash flow information

The Group sold 100% of shares in the Mainland China subsidiary — Synnex (Ningbo) Ltd. to Ningbo

Jiuyuan Electronic Co., Ltd. on February 28, 2021 and therefore lost control over the subsidiary. The details of the consideration received from the transaction (including cash and cash equivalents) and assets and liabilities relating to the subsidiary are as follows:

	February 28, 2021		
Consideration received			
Cash	\$	189,878	
Carrying amount of the assets and liabilities of Synnex (Ningbo) Ltd.			
Cash	\$	221	
Prepayments		25	
Other receivables		569	
Investment property		167,691	
Right-of-use assets		40,614	
Deferred tax assets		6,828	
Other payables	(1,159)	
Other payables - related parties	(150,593)	
Other current liabilities	(101)	
Other non-current liabilities	(437)	
Total net assets	\$	63,658	
Gains on disposal of investments	\$	126,220	
Net cash flow on loss of control of subsidiary for the period	\$	189,657	

7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group			
Associates:				
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd. and its Subsidiaries (Synnex Thailand)	King's Eye's investee accounted for using equity method			
Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company and its Subsidiaries (Synnex FPT)	King's Eye's investee accounted for using equity method			
Asgard System, Inc.	Indirect investee of Bestcom Infotech Corp.			
Other related parties:				
Mitac Incorporated	The Company's chairperson is the related party's chairperson			
Mitac Information Technology Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director			
Mitac International Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related			

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
	party's chairperson
Mitac Digital Technology Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director
Mitac Computing Technology Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director
Getac Holdings Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related
(Original name: Getac Technology Corporation)	party's director
Getac Technology Corporation	Wholly-owned subsidiary of Getac Holdings
(Original name: Getac Corporation)	Corporation
Atemitech Corporation	Wholly-owned subsidiary of Getac Holdings Corporation
Lien Hwa Industrial Holdings Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's chairperson
UPC Technology Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's chairperson
Mitac Communication Co., Ltd.	The related party's director is the second-degree relative of the Company's chairperson
Shunda Computer Factory Co., Ltd.	Indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Mitac International Corporation
Tong Da Investment Corporation	The Company's director is the related party's chairperson
Lien Yuan Investment Corp.	The Company's director is the related party's chairperson
Jetwell Computer Co., Ltd.	The Company's subsidiary, Bestcom Infotech Corp., is the related party's director
Inforcom Technology Inc.	2021 Q1: Indirect investee of Bestcom Infotech Corp.
	2022 Q1: Bestcom Infotech Corp. lost its significant influence in the fourth quarter of 2021 and is now the director of the related party.
Din Yen Technology Inc.	99.97%-owned subsidiary of Inforcom Technology Inc.

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
Udar Digital Inc.	96.38%-owned subsidiary of Inforcom Technology Inc.
Digitimes Inc.	The Company is the related party's director
Lien Hwa Milling Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director
PT. Mitra Integrasi Informatika (MII)	Subsidiary's other related party
PT. Metrodata Electronics, Tbk (MTDL)	SMI's director
PT. Soltius Indonesia (SI)	Subsidiary's other related party
Packet System Indonesia (PSI)	Subsidiary's other related party
PT. Sinergi Transformasi Digital (STD)	Subsidiary's other related party

(2) Significant related party transactions and balances

A. Operating revenue

	7	Three months e	nded	March 31,
		2022		2021
Sales of goods:				
- Associates	\$	6,911	\$	47,494
Other related parties		606,949		449,869
	\$	613,860	\$	497,363

Goods are sold based on the price lists in force and terms that would be available to third parties. The collection term for related parties is within 30~120 days of the date of billing statement. The collection term for third parties is within 7~60 days after receipt of goods or 20~150 days of the date of billing statement.

B. Receivables from related parties

	Marc	ch 31, 2022	Decen	mber 31, 2021	March 31, 2021	
Accounts receivable:						
-Associates	\$	2,561	\$	311,604	\$	29,977
 Other related parties 		433,342		389,869		265,101
	\$	435,903	\$	701,473	\$	295,078

The receivables from related parties arise mainly from sales of goods. The receivables are unsecured in nature and bear no interest. There are no provisions held against receivables from related parties.

C. Purchases of goods

	<u> </u>	Three months ended March 31,					
		2022		2021			
Purchases of goods:							
—Other related parties	<u>\$</u>	26,315	\$	35,617			

Goods are purchased from associates on normal commercial terms and conditions. The payment term for related parties is within $30\sim90$ days of the date of billing statement. The payment term for third parties is within $1\sim120$ days after receipt of goods or $7\sim90$ days of the date of billing statement.

D. Payables to related parties

	March	March 31, 2022		nber 31, 2021	Mar	ch 31, 2021
Accounts payable:						
 Other related parties 	\$	7,188	\$	20,927	\$	19,884

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase transactions. The payables bear no interest.

E. Other transactions

The details of other receivables, other payables, and dividend receivables that the Group provides to related parties are as follows:

	Marc	March 31, 2022		ber 31, 2021	March 31, 2021		
Other receivables:							
Associates	\$	_	\$	40,813	\$	108,485	
	Marc	h 31, 2022	Decem	ber 31, 2021	Marc	ch 31, 2021	
Other payables:							
Other related parties	\$	7,999	\$	3,987	\$	614	

(3) Key management compensation

	Three months ended March 31,					
	2022			2021		
Short-term employee benefits	\$	30,104	\$	31,780		
Post-employment benefits (Note)		1,210		1,390		
Total	\$	31,314	\$	33,170		

Note: Benefits are provisions that are not actually distributed.

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

]	Book value			
Pledged asset	March 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		March 31, 2021		Purpose
Non-current financial assets at amortised cost:							
Pledged time deposits	\$	1,472,335	\$	1,439,507	\$	1,227,911	Guarantees for purchases
Accounts receivable		1,302,065		1,256,244		1,546,110	Pledged for short-term borrowings
							(Note)
Inventories		1,328,268		1,281,830		1,061,489	"
	\$	4,102,668	\$	3,977,581	\$	3,835,510	

Note: As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021, the actual drawdown amounts were \$710,567, \$0, and \$0, respectively.

9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT</u> <u>COMMITMENTS</u>

(1) Contingencies

- A. As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021, the Group issued promissory notes to guarantee the suppliers' credit limit amounting to \$3,403,058, \$2,180,466, and \$2,023,882, respectively, for inventory purchases.
- B. On November 24, 2015, Kunshan Kunhao Electromechanical Co. Ltd. (Kunhao) filed a lawsuit against Syntech Asia Ltd. (SAL), the Group's indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, in the Hong Kong High Court for breach of oral contract of sales and requested SAL to compensate Kunhao for its losses amounting to USD 2,964 thousand. SAL disagreed with the request and raised an objection in the Hong Kong High Court on February 1, 2016 and requested the Hong Kong High Court to deny the claim of Kunhao. The case was settled for USD 850 thousand on May 31, 2021 and the settlement was paid on June 7, 2021. The case was closed.
- C. On November 13, 2017, Unisplendour Digital (Suzhou) Group Co. Ltd. (Unisplendour Digital) filed a sales dispute against Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd. in Suzhou Xiangcheng People's Court in China. In the complaint, Unisplendour Digital claimed the goods it received were not the subject matter of the contract and requested for a refund of the payment. On January 22, 2018, the Court dismissed the complaint on the ground that the law enforcement has initiated an investigation. In August 2020, Unisplendour Digital continuously refiled complaints to request for compensation of RMB 28,926 thousand, RMB 17,401 thousand, RMB 5,593 thousand and its penalty for breach of contract on the ground that the law enforcement has cancelled the investigation. In March 2022, Suzhou Xiangcheng People's Court in China rendered a judgment that the Company lost the lawsuit in the final appeal. The Company has estimated and recognised the potential losses in the financial statements and will take judicial remedy, such as filing for retrial, etc.

(2) Commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

Property, plant and equipment $\frac{\text{March 31, 2022}}{\$ 2,529,386} = \frac{\text{December 31, 2021}}{\$ 2,599,276} = \frac{\text{March 31, 2021}}{\$ 2,780,298}$

It refers to the contract commitments of the Group to acquire the property located in Nangang Dist., Taipei City and to build the second stage of the logistics center in Sydney.

10. <u>SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS</u>

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

None.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the net borrowing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net borrowings divided by shareholders' equity. Net borrowings are calculated as all amounts of short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, and long-term borrowings less all amounts of cash and cash equivalents, financial products at fair value through profit or loss, and time deposits maturing over three months as shown in the consolidated balance sheet. Shareholders' equity is calculated as total equity as shown in the consolidated balance sheet.

The net borrowing ratios as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021 were 86%, 88%, and 59%, respectively.

(2) <u>Financial instruments</u>

A. Financial instruments by category

, ,	Ma	arch 31, 2022	Dece	ember 31, 2021	Ma	arch 31, 2021
Financial assets						
Financial assets measured at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Financial assets mandatorily measured	\$	2,065,213	\$	2,323,570	\$	8,775,220
at fair value through profit or loss						
Current financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive income		11 422 510		12 240 400		
Designation of equity instruments		11,423,519		12,240,488		-
Non-current financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive income		6 797 000		6 612 070		5 729 540
Designation of equity instruments		6,787,009		6,613,070		5,738,540
Financial assets at amortised cost		0.522.120		7.052.050		11 510 171
Cash and cash equivalents		9,532,138		7,052,958		11,510,161
Time deposits maturing over		142 275				200.005
three months Notes receivable, net		143,375		- - 290 222		200,095
		5,948,637		6,380,332		7,255,029
Accounts receivable, net		67,000,755		78,379,888		51,651,182
Accounts receivable due from		425.002		701 472		205 079
related parties, net		435,903		701,473		295,078
Other receivables		7,135,053		6,283,010		6,042,194
Pledged time deposits – non-current		1,472,335		1,439,507		1,227,911
Other non-current assets		112.524		112.504		521 200
Refundable deposits		113,534		113,584		521,288
-Long-term notes and overdue receivables		1,379,259 110,848		1,348,722 126,339		767,211 175,284
-Long-term lease receivables	\$	113,547,578	\$	123,002,941	\$	94,159,193
		arch 31, 2022		ember 31, 2021		arch 31, 2021
T2' ' 11' 1'''.'	1016	arch 31, 2022	Dece	51, 2021		arcii 31, 2021
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities at fair value through						
profit or loss	¢	1 200	Φ	700	ф	
Financial liabilities held for trading Financial liabilities at amortised cost	\$	1,388	\$	700	\$	-
		54.050.204		52 226 707		27 (14 590
Short-term borrowings		54,059,294		53,326,707 12,490,000		37,614,580
Short-term notes and bills payable		10,330,000				14,690,000
Notes payable		962,343 40,531,613		1,046,556		967,598
Accounts payable				49,046,067		31,545,372
Other payables		14,977,033		7,204,272		10,922,684
Long-term borrowings Other non-current liabilities		1,500,000		1,500,000		-
		170,959		190,368		186,501
—guarantee deposits received	\$	122,532,630	\$	124,804,670	\$	95,926,735
Current lease liabilities	\$	222,707	\$	222,101	\$	219,765
Non-current lease liabilities	Ψ	178,553	Ψ	223,920	Ψ	251,655
Charles And	\$	401,260	\$	446,021	\$	471,420

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, foreign exchange forward contracts are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates, and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury.
- iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange risk by using foreign exchange forward contracts. However, these contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting. The contracts are recorded as financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Please refer to Note 6(2).

iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB, USD and AUD). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	March 31, 2022						
		oreign currency amount (in thousands) (Note 2)	Exchange rate		Book value (NTD)		
(Foreign currency: functional currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	\$	125,970	28.68	\$	3,612,820		
USD:HKD (Note 1)		112,989	7.83		3,239,960		
USD:AUD (Note 1)		12,700	1.34		364,173		
AUD:NTD (Note 1)		5,789	21.45		124,168		
NZD:USD (Note 1)		33,715	0.69		667,193		
RMB:HKD (Note 1)		370,055	1.23		1,667,181		
USD:IDR (Note 1)		25,451	14,285.71		729,935		
HKD:RMB (Note 1)		285,108	0.81		1,044,268		
AUD:USD (Note 1)		2,931	0.75		63,046		
Non-monetary items							
INR:USD (Note 1)	\$	13,720,360	0.013192	\$	5,190,146		
THB:USD (Note 1)		1,624,005	0.030130		1,403,105		
VND:USD (Note 1)		1,434,594,218	0.000044		1,810,028		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	\$	102,269	28.68	\$	2,933,075		
USD:HKD (Note 1)		298,766	7.83		8,567,115		
USD:AUD (Note 1)		11,664	1.34		334,465		
USD:IDR (Note 1)		20,910	14,285.71		599,699		
RMB:HKD (Note 1)		345,473	1.23		1,556,433		
NTD:RMB (Note 1)		208,292	0.22		208,292		

December 31, 2021	

	F	oreign currency				
		amount				
		(in thousands)			Book value	
		(Note 2)	Exchange rate		(NTD)	
(Foreign currency: functional currency)						
Financial assets						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	\$	78,872	27.73	\$	2,187,121	
USD:HKD (Note 1)		211,743	7.80		5,871,633	
USD:AUD (Note 1)		21,396	1.38		593,311	
AUD:NTD (Note 1)		5,789	20.16		116,705	
NZD:USD (Note 1)		40,500	0.68		763,684	
RMB:HKD (Note 1)		3,340,650	1.22		14,499,700	
USD:IDR (Note 1)		28,456	14,285.71		789,085	
HKD:RMB (Note 1)		276,700	0.82		984,181	
RMB:IDR (Note 1)		29,361	2,235.99		127,435	
Non-monetary items						
INR:USD (Note 1)	\$	12,873,154	0.013412	\$	4,787,716	
THB:USD (Note 1)		1,553,198	0.029895		1,287,583	
VND:USD (Note 1)		1,304,607,511	0.000044		1,591,778	
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	\$	63,616	27.73	\$	1,764,072	
USD:HKD (Note 1)		868,272	7.80		24,077,183	
USD:AUD (Note 1)		20,911	1.38		579,862	
AUD:USD (Note 1)		2,362	0.73		47,814	
USD:IDR (Note 1)		22,882	14,285.71		634,518	
RMB:HKD (Note 1)		606,230	1.22		2,631,270	
NTD:RMB (Note 1)		177,437	0.23		177,437	

	March 31, 2021						
	F	oreign currency					
		amount					
	(in thousands)				Book value		
		(Note 2)	Exchange rate		(NTD)		
(Foreign currency: functional currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	\$	98,039	28.59	\$	2,802,935		
USD:HKD (Note 1)		198,908	7.77		5,685,785		
USD:AUD (Note 1)		20,204	1.31		577,531		
AUD:NTD (Note 1)		12,159	21.77		264,671		
NZD:USD (Note 1)		17,500	0.70		350,228		
RMB:HKD (Note 1)		365,630	1.18		1,588,140		
USD:IDR (Note 1)		31,054	14,492.75		887,834		
HKD:RMB (Note 1)		335,153	0.85		1,232,173		
RMB:IDR (Note 1)		26,125	2,202.24		113,477		
Non-monetary items							
INR:USD (Note 1)	\$	11,441,989	0.013746	\$	4,495,894		
THB:USD (Note 1)		1,466,887	0.032051		1,343,929		
VND:USD (Note 1)		1,208,355,409	0.000043		1,485,256		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	\$	67,856	28.59	\$	1,940,003		
USD:HKD (Note 1)		209,439	7.77		5,986,814		
USD:AUD (Note 1)		22,378	1.31		639,675		
USD:RMB (Note 1)		43,977	6.58		1,257,083		
AUD:USD (Note 1)		2,397	0.76		52,083		
USD:IDR (Note 1)		22,264	14,492.75		636,528		
RMB:HKD (Note 1)		198,638	1.18		862,798		
NTD:RMB (Note 1)		114,519	0.23		114,519		
RMB:IDR (Note 1)		83,845	2,202.24		364,192		

- Note 1: The functional currencies of certain consolidated entities are not NTD; thus, this information has to be considered when reporting. For example, when a subsidiary's functional currency is RMB, the subsidiary's segments that are involved with USD have to be taken into consideration.
- Note 2: Including transactions within the Group which are eliminated for preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- v. Total exchange gain (loss), including realized and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, amounted to \$86,590 and (\$25,810), respectively.

vi. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

_	Three months ended March 31, 2022								
	Sensitivity analysis								
	Degree of variation		ct on profit	Effect on other comprehensive income					
(Foreign currency: functional currency))								
Financial assets									
Monetary items									
USD:NTD	1%	\$	36,128	\$ -					
USD:HKD (Note)	1%		32,400	-					
USD:AUD (Note)	1%		3,642	-					
AUD:NTD (Note)	1%		1,242	-					
NZD:USD (Note)	1%		6,672	-					
RMB:HKD (Note)	1%		16,672	-					
USD:IDR (Note)	1%		7,299	-					
HKD:RMB (Note)	1%		10,443	-					
AUD:USD (Note)	1%		630	-					
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD:NTD	1%	(\$	29,331)	\$ -					
USD:HKD (Note)	1%	(85,671)	-					
USD:AUD (Note)	1%	(3,345)	-					
USD:IDR (Note)	1%	(5,997)	-					
RMB:HKD (Note)	1%	(15,564)	-					
NTD:RMB (Note)	1%	(2,083)	-					

Sensitivity analysis Effect on other Degree of Effect on profit comprehensive variation or loss income (Foreign currency: functional currency) Financial assets Monetary items \$ 1% **USD:NTD** 28,029 \$ USD:HKD (Note) 1% 56,858 USD:AUD (Note) 1% 5,775 AUD:NTD (Note) 1% 2,647 NZD:USD (Note) 1% 3,502 RMB:HKD (Note) 1% 15,881 USD:IDR (Note) 1% 8,878 HKD:RMB (Note) 1% 12,322 RMB:IDR (Note) 1% 1,135 Financial liabilities Monetary items **USD:NTD** 1% (\$ 19,400) \$

1%

1%

1%

1%

1%

1%

1%

1%

(

Three months ended March 31, 2021

59,868)

6,397)

12,571)

521)

6,365)

8,628)

1,145)

3,642)

Note: The functional currencies of certain consolidated entities are not NTD; thus, this information has to be considered when reporting. For example, when a subsidiary's functional currency is RMB, the subsidiary's segments that are involved with USD have to be taken into consideration.

Price risk

USD:HKD (Note)

USD:AUD (Note)

USD:RMB (Note)

AUD:USD (Note)

USD:IDR (Note)

RMB:HKD (Note)

NTD:RMB (Note)

RMB:IDR (Note)

i. The Group's equity instruments, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage the price risk arising from investments in equity instruments, the Group diversifies its portfolio in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

ii. The Group primarily invests in equity instruments issued by domestic and foreign companies. The prices of equity instruments would be affected by the uncertainty of the future value of underlying investments. If the prices of these equity instruments had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$20,652 and \$87,752, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$182,105 and \$57,385, respectively, as a result of gains/losses from equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's interest rate risk arises mainly from short-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. During the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in NTD, USD, and AUD.
- ii. The Group's borrowings are measured at amortised cost. The borrowings are periodically contractually repriced and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.
- iii. If the borrowing interest rates had increased/decreased by 0.25% with all other variables held constant, pre-tax profit for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 would have decreased/increased by \$160,973 and \$130,761, respectively. The main factor is the changes in interest expense resulting from floating-rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition after taking into consideration the historical experiences.
- iv. In accordance with historical collections and customers' credit rating levels, the default

- occurs when the contract payments are past due over certain periods classified based on the credit rating of customers.
- v. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable and lease receivables in accordance with credit rating of customer. The Group applies the modified approach using loss rate method to estimate expected credit loss.
- vi. The Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights on those defaulted financial assets. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights.
- vii. The Group used the forecastability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of notes receivable (including related parties), accounts receivable (including related parties), overdue receivables, and lease receivables. As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021, the assessment is as follows:

		Group	Individual provision									
	pı	rovision		Group A	_ (Group B	(Group C		Group D	_	Total
At March 31, 2022												
Expected loss rate	0.0	3%-0.3%		15%	50%		75%		100%			
Total book value	\$ 73	3,493,809	\$	1,424,613	\$	248,562	\$	176,665	\$	1,819,458	\$ '	77,163,107
Loss allowance	\$	108,514	\$	213,801	\$	124,281	\$	132,499	\$	1,819,458	\$	2,398,553
		Group				Individual	pro	vision				
	pı	rovision		Group A		Group B	ıp B Group C		Group D			Total
At December 31, 2021												
Expected loss rate	0.0	3%-0.3%		15%	50%		75%		100%			
Total book value	\$ 83	5,664,796	\$	1,415,099	\$	204,769	\$	174,012	\$	1,756,883	\$ 3	89,215,559
Loss allowance	\$	203,103	\$	212,265	\$	102,384	\$	130,509	\$	1,756,883	\$	2,405,144
		a				To disside at						
		Group		~ .		Individual	•			<u> </u>		t
	pı	rovision		Group A	(Group B	(Group C	_	Group D		Total
At March 31, 2021												
Expected loss rate	0.0	3%-0.3%		15%		50%		75%		100%		
Total book value	\$ 59	9,288,800	\$	653,820	\$	347,747	\$	150,288	\$	1,817,251	\$	62,257,906
Loss allowance	\$	87,511	\$	98,073	\$	173,874	\$	112,697	\$	1,817,251	\$	2,289,406

viii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), overdue receivables, and lease receivables are as follows:

		2022										
		Notes receivable		Accounts receivable		Overdue ceivables		Total				
At January 1	\$	15,997	\$	187,106	\$	2,202,041	\$	2,405,144				
Provision for (reversal of)												
impairment loss	(931)	(43,981)		9,948	(34,964)				
Write-offs		-	(54,818)	(4,352)	(59,170)				
Effect of exchange rate change	s	582		4,559		82,402		87,543				
At March 31	\$	15,648	\$	92,866	\$	2,290,039	\$	2,398,553				
			2021									
		Notes A	Accou	ints Ove	rdue	Other	•					
	re	ceivable re	eceiv	able recei	vables	receivab	les	Total				
At January 1	\$	20,516 \$	135	5,571 \$ 2,12	26,571	\$ 6,	565	\$ 2,289,223				
Provision for (reversal of)		,		, ,	,	,		. , ,				
impairment loss	(5,004) (62	2,695)	81,130)	-	13,431				
Effect of exchange rate change	: (<u></u>)	74) (803) (12,336	6) (35)	(13,248)				
At March 31	\$	15,438 \$	72	2,073 \$ 2,19	95,365	5 \$ 6,	530	\$ 2,289,406				

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management is transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest-bearing demand deposits, time deposits, money market deposits, and marketable securities, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient head-room as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts.
- iii. The Group's derivative and non-derivative financial liabilities are classified into relevant maturity groups based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. Except for those maturing within a year whose contractual undiscounted cash flows approximate the amounts presented in the balance sheet, the remaining contractual undiscounted cash flows of non-derivative financial liabilities are disclosed in the table below:

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

March 31, 2022		ss than 1 year	 Over 1 year	Total		
Lease liabilities (current/non-current)	\$	223,984	\$ 179,168	\$	403,152	
Guarantee deposits received		-	170,959		170,959	
Long-term borrowings		19,887	1,534,925		1,554,812	

Non-derivative financial liabilities:			
December 31, 2021	Less than 1 year	 Over 1 year	 Total
Lease liabilities (current/non-current)	\$ 228,693	\$ 227,497	\$ 456,190
Guarantee deposits received	=	190,368	190,368
Long-term borrowings	15,957	1,531,958	1,547,915
Non-derivative financial liabilities:			
March 31, 2021	Less than 1 year	 Over 1 year	 Total
Lease liabilities (current/non-current)	\$ 227,451	\$ 255,484	\$ 482,935
Guarantee deposits received	- -	186,501	186,501
Derivative financial liabilities:			
March 31, 2022	Less than 1 year	Over 1 year	 Total
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 1,388	\$ -	\$ 1,388
Derivative financial liabilities:			
December 31, 2021	Less than 1 year	 Over 1 year	Total
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 700	\$ -	\$ 700

Derivative financial liabilities:

March 31, 2021: None.

iv. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels in which the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in unlisted stocks and derivative instruments is included in Level 2.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity instruments without active market is included in Level 3.
- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(13).

C. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables, other non-current assets – refundable deposits, other non-current assets – long-term notes and overdue receivables, financial assets at amortised cost – pledged time deposits, other non-current assets – long-term lease receivables, short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, long-term borrowings, and other non-current liabilities – guarantee deposits received) are approximate to their fair values.

- D. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:
 - (a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

March 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value through profit				
or loss				
Equity securities	\$ 217,874	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 217,874
Financial products	-	1,847,133	-	1,847,133
Forward exchange contracts	-	206	-	206
Current financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	11,423,519	-	-	11,423,519
Non-current financial assets at fair value				
through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	1,420,431	167,745	5,198,833	6,787,009
	\$13,061,824	\$ 2,015,084	\$ 5,198,833	\$20,275,741
Liabilities:				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial liabilities at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	\$ 1,388	\$ -	\$ 1,388

December 31, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value through profit				
or loss				
Equity securities	\$ 221,254	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 221,254
Financial products	-	2,102,316	-	2,102,316
Current financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	12,240,488	-	-	12,240,488
Non-current financial assets at fair value				
through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	1,654,581	167,600	4,790,889	6,613,070
	\$14,116,323	\$ 2,269,916	\$ 4,790,889	\$21,177,128
Liabilities:				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial liabilities at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	<u>\$ 700</u>	\$ -	\$ 700
March 31, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value through profit				
or loss				
Equity securities	\$ 129,021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 129,021
Financial products	-	8,645,027	-	8,645,027
Forward exchange contracts	-	1,172	-	1,172
Non-current financial assets at fair value				
through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	1,559,592	137,638	4,041,310	5,738,540
	\$ 1,688,613	\$ 8,783,837	\$ 4,041,310	\$14,513,760

- (b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
 - i. For the instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level1), listed shares are measured at closing price at the balance sheet date.
 - ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method, or other valuation methods, including calculation by applying model using market information available at the consolidated

balance sheet date.

- iii. When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
- iv. The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, such as model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments in the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
- v. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- vi. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- E. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021:

	 2022	2021 Non-derivative equity instrument		
	 n-derivative ty instrument			
At January 1	\$ 4,790,889	\$	3,662,329	
Gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income				
Recorded as unrealised gains (losses) on valuation of				
investments in equity instruments measured at fair value				
through other comprehensive income	407,172		378,941	
Effect of exchange rate changes	 772		40	
At March 31	\$ 5,198,833	\$	4,041,310	

- G. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- H. Financial quality management segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by

applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable, in line with other resources, and represented as the exercisable price, frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model, and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.

I. The following is the quantitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at	Valuation	Significant	Range	Relationship of		
	March 31, 2022	technique	unobservable input	(weighted average)	inputs to fair value		
Non-derivative equity instrument: Unlisted shares	\$ 117,036	comparable	Discount for lack of marketability	0.7	The higher the discount for lack of marketability,		
Unlisted shares	5,081,797	companies Net asset value	Not applicable	-	the lower the fair value Not applicable		
Total	\$ 5,198,833						
	Fair value at December 31, 2021	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value		
Non-derivative			<u> </u>	<u></u>	T		
equity instrument: Unlisted shares	\$ 105,457	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	0.7	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value		
Unlisted shares	4,685,432	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable		
Total	\$ 4,790,889						
	Fair value at March 31, 2021	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value		
Non-derivative equity instrument:							
Unlisted shares	\$ 188,024	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	0.7	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value		
Unlisted shares	3,853,286	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable		
Total	\$ 4,041,310						

J. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, using different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorized within Level 3 if the inputs to valuation models have changed:

			March 31, 2022							
			Recognised	in profit or loss		_		sed in other nsive income Unfavourable		
			Favourable	Unfavourable	F					
	Input	Change	change	change		change		change		
Financial assets										
Equity instrument	Discount for lack of marketability	± 10%	\$	- \$ -	\$	11,704	(<u>\$</u>	11,704)		
Equity instrument	Net asset value	± 1%	\$	- \$ -	\$	50,818	(\$	50,818)		
				Decembe	er 31, 2	021				
			Recognised in other							
			Recognised	comprehen	sive inc	ome				
			Favourable	Unfavourable	F	avourable	Un	favourable		
	Input	Change	change	change		change		change		
Financial assets										
Equity instrument	Discount for lack of marketability	± 10%	\$	<u> </u>	\$	10,546	(\$	10,546)		
Equity instrument	Net asset value	$\pm 1\%$	\$	_ \$	\$	46,854	(\$	46,854)		
				March	31, 202	21				
						Recognis	ed in oth	ner		
			Recognised	in profit or loss		comprehen	sive inc	ome		
			Favourable	Unfavourable	F	avourable	Un	favourable		
	Input	Change	change	change		change		change		
Financial assets										
Equity instrument	Discount for lack of marketability	± 10%	\$	<u> </u>	\$	18,802	(\$	18,802)		
Equity instrument	Net asset value	± 1%	\$	<u> </u>	\$	38,533	(\$	38,533)		

(4) Other matter

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and various preventive measures imposed by the government, the Group has adopted various countermeasures, such as split operation, work from home, and use of digital tools, in line with the government's policies. The pandemic has no significant impact on the Group's financial position and operating performance for the three months ended March 31, 2022.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or

20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 4.

- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Note 6(2).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 7.

(2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations, and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 8.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 9.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: None.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 10.

14. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

(1) General information

The Group operates in the distribution industry and is primarily engaged in the sale of 3C and electronic component products. Given the characteristics of the industry the Group operates in, the Board of Directors and management team set up operating strategies and allocate resources based on the operating performance of IT/Telecom business and Component business.

(2) Segment information

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

Three months ended March 31, 2022

	IT/Telecom		Component			
	business		business		econciliation	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	68,496,320	\$ 32,368,865	\$	-	\$ 100,865,185
Inter-segment revenue		6,647,797	 2,726,970	(9,374,767)	
Segment revenue	\$	75,144,117	\$ 35,095,835	(\$	9,374,767)	\$ 100,865,185
Segment profit	\$	1,803,365	\$ 491,571	\$	-	\$ 2,294,936

Three months ended March 31, 2021

	IT/Telecom		Component					
	business			business		econciliation	Total	
Revenue from external customers	\$	59,786,158	\$	26,958,453	\$	-	\$	86,744,611
Inter-segment revenue		6,618,426		2,796,533	(9,414,959)		
Segment revenue	\$	66,404,584	\$	29,754,986	(\$	9,414,959)	\$	86,744,611
Segment profit	\$	1,617,607	\$	540,730	\$		\$	2,158,337

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

A. The operating income (loss) of each area reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with revenues and expenses in the statement of comprehensive income.

A reconciliation of reportable segment profit to the income before tax for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 is provided as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,							
		2022		2021				
Reportable segment profit	\$	2,294,936	\$	2,158,337				
Total non-operating income and expenses		948,465		902,206				
Income before tax	\$	3,243,401	\$	3,060,543				

B. The amounts provided to the chief operating decision-maker with respect to total assets are measured in a manner consistent with those in the financial statements.

Loans to others

Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Maximum outstanding

					balance during the three months					Amount of		Allowance					
			General	Is a	March 31,	Balance at				transactions	Reason	for			Limit on loans	Ceiling on	
			ledger	related	2022	March	Actual amount	Interest	Nature of	with the	for short-term	doubtful	Collat	eral	granted to	total loans	
No.	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	(Note 8)	31, 2022	drawn down	rate	loan	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	a single party	granted	Footnote
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	Other receivables	Y	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -	1.08%	(Note 1)	\$ -	Operating turnover	\$ -	- :	\$ - 5	\$ 24,241,059 \$	24,241,059	(Note 2)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Global Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	2,867,500	2,867,500	286,750	0.85%~ 1.03%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	24,241,059	24,241,059	(Note 2)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Other receivables	Y	1,433,750	1,433,750	602,175	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	9,974,630	9,974,630	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	14,337,500	14,337,500	3,532,204	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	69,822,412	99,746,303	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	1,072,450	1,072,450	-	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	69,822,412	99,746,303	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	894,240	894,240	665,712	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	69,822,412	99,746,303	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	2,896,175	2,896,175	2,870,608	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	69,822,412	99,746,303	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	8,602,500	8,602,500	5,511,364	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	69,822,412	99,746,303	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Leveltech Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	1,433,750	1,433,750	238,146	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	69,822,412	99,746,303	(Note 3)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Beijing) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	599,192	599,192	514,494	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,005,811	14,005,811	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Jinan) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	243,281	243,281	210,393	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,005,811	14,005,811	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	306,354	306,354	296,667	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,005,811	14,005,811	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Nanchang) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	234,270	234,270	229,360	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,005,811	14,005,811	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex(Changsha) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	234,270	234,270	218,052	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,005,811	14,005,811	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	8,109,360	8,109,360	4,054,680	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,005,811	14,005,811	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Yude (Shanghai) Warehouse Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	9,010	9,010	3,379	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	5,602,324	5,602,324	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Hefei) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	155,429	155,429	154,528	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,005,811	14,005,811	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (ZhenZhou) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	36,042	36,042	34,690	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,005,811	14,005,811	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Tianjin) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	24,779	24,779	24,328	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,005,811	14,005,811	(Note 4)

Maximum outstanding

					balance during he three months					Amount of		Allowance				
			General ledger	Is a related	March 31, 2022	Balance at March	Actual amount	Interest	Nature of	transactions with the	Reason for short-term	for doubtful	Collateral	Limit on loans granted to	Ceiling on total loans	
No.	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	(Note 8)	31, 2022	drawn down	rate	loan	borrower	financing	accounts	Item Value	a single party	granted	Footnote
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Xiamen) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y \$	42,799	\$ 42,799	\$ 40,547	1.65%	(Note 1)	\$ -	Operating turnover	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ 14,005,811 5	5 14,005,811	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	22,526	22,526	13,516	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-		14,005,811	14,005,811	(Note 4)
3	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	11,713,520	11,713,520	10,902,584	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-		30,746,089	30,746,089	(Note 5)
3	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	3,604,160	3,604,160	3,063,536	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-		30,746,089	30,746,089	(Note 5)
3	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	4,505,200	4,505,200	1,551,570	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-		30,746,089	30,746,089	(Note 5)

Note 1: Short-term financing

Note 2: Limit on loans granted to a single party by Synnex Technology International Corporation and ceiling on total loans granted:

- a) Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of Synnex Technology International Corporation.
- b) Ceiling on total loans granted to all parties is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of Synnex Technology International Corporation.

Note 3: Limit on loans granted to a single party by Synnex Global Ltd. and ceiling on total loans granted:

- a) Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company over 80% is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Global Ltd. amounted to \$99,746,303 for the three months ended March 31, 2022.
- b) Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company under 80% is 20% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 5% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Global Ltd. amounted to \$99,746,303 for the three months ended March 31, 2022.
- c) Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose voting rights are directly or indirectly held by the Company and which are located outside Taiwan is 100% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 70% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Global Ltd. amounted to \$99,746,303 for the three months ended March 31, 2022.
- d) Ceiling on loans granted to the Company's parent company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries which are located in Taiwan is 10% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 10% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Global Ltd. amounted to \$99,746,303 for the three months ended March 31, 2022.

 $Note\ 4: Limit\ on\ loans\ granted\ to\ a\ single\ party\ by\ Synnex\ Investments\ (China)\ Ltd.\ and\ ceiling\ on\ total\ loans\ granted:$

- a) Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company over 80% is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. amounted to \$14,005,811 for the three months ended March 31, 2022.
- b) Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company under 80% is 20% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 5% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. amounted to \$14,005,811 for the three months ended March 31, 2022.
- c) Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose voting rights are directly or indirectly held by the Company and which are located outside Taiwan is 100% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 100% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. amounted to \$14,005,811 for the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Note 5: Limit on loans granted to a single party by Trade Vanguard Global Ltd. and ceiling on total loans granted:

- a) Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company over 80% is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the aforementioned net assets value. The audited net assets value of Trade Vanguard Global Ltd. amounted to \$13,975,495 for the year ended December 31, 2021.
- b) Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company under 80% is 20% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 5% of the aforementioned net assets value. The audited net assets value of Trade Vanguard Global Ltd. amounted to \$13,975,495 for the year ended December 31, 2021.
- c) Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose voting rights are directly or indirectly held by the Company and which are located outside Taiwan is 220% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 220% of the aforementioned net assets value. The audited net assets value of Trade Vanguard Global Ltd. amounted to \$13,975,495 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Note 6: All the borrowers and lenders are the Company's direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, except for the subsidiary - Yude (Shanghai) Warehouse Co., Ltd., whose 80% share was indirectly held by the Company.

- Note 7: Translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate of US: NT=1:28.675.
- Note 8: The limit on loans balance are resolved by the Board of Directors.

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Ratio of

									accumulated					
			Party being		Maximum				endorsement/					
			endorsed/guaranteed	_	outstanding	Outstanding			guarantee	Ceiling on	Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
				Limit on	endorsement/	endorsement/		Amount of	amount to net	total amount of		endorsements/		
			Relationship	endorsements/	guarantee	guarantee		endorsements/		endorsements/	guarantees by		U	
			with the	guarantees	amount as of	amount at		guarantees	the endorser/	guarantees	parent	subsidiary to	the party in	
	Endorser/		endorser/	provided for a	March	March	Actual amount		guarantor	provided	company to	parent	Mainland	
Number	guarantor	Company name	guarantor	single party	31, 2022	31, 2022	drawn down	collateral	company	(Note 1)	subsidiary	company	China	Footnote
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Global Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	\$ 60,602,648	\$ 26,381,000	\$ 26,381,000	\$ 5,475,420	\$ -	44%	\$ 121,205,296	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,602,648	7,521,534	7,166,597	4,074,743	-	12%	121,205,296	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Technology International (HI Ltd.	K) B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,602,648	10,678,570	10,678,570	7,239,209	-	18%	121,205,296	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,602,648	1,761,409	1,761,409	200,016	-	3%	121,205,296	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,602,648	2,000,000	1,000,000	290,995	-	2%	121,205,296	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,602,648	11,794,028	11,794,028	8,041,553	-	19%	121,205,296	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,602,648	2,207,975	2,207,975	1,460,804	-	4%	121,205,296	Y	N	Y	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Leveltech Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	60,602,648	516,150	516,150	247,039	-	1%	121,205,296	Y	N	N	(Note)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed	60,602,648	1,433,750	1,433,750	-	-	2%	121,205,296	Y	N	N	(Note)

Note: Endorser/ guarantor: Synnex Technology International Corporation

/guaranteed subsidiary.

⁽¹⁾ Limit on endorsements and guarantees provided for a single party is 100% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company.

⁽²⁾ Ceiling on total endorsements and guarantees provided for all parties is 200% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures)

March 31, 2022

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

					As of March	31, 2022		
		Relationship with the	General					
Securities held by	Marketable securities	securities issuer	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Lien Hwa Industrial Holdings Corporation	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,066,962 <u>\$</u>	132,699	0.15% \$	132,699	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	UPC Technology Corporation	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	68,992,033 \$	1,266,004	5.12% \$	1,266,004	
"	Mitac Information Technology Corporation	The issuer's director is the same as the Company's chairperson	"	8,262,486	117,036	5.51%	117,036	
"	Tong Da Investment Corporation	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's director	"	4,848,125	167,745	19.99%	167,745	
"	Mitac Incorporated	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	"	69,547,771	4,850,854	18.37%	4,850,854	
"	Harbinger Venture Capital Corporation	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	<i>''</i>	25,848	-	13.05%	-	
"	Harbinger III Venture Capital Corporation	The issuer's director is the same as the Company's director	"	19,000	398	19.00%	398	
"	Lien Yuan Investment Corp.	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	n	9,217,196	159,457	19.99%	159,457	
"	Taiwan Paging Network Inc.	-	n	1,450,000	-	3.58%	-	
II	Digitimes Inc.	The Company is the issuer's director	<i>11</i>	504,000	7,995	2.68%	7,995	
"	Harbinger Capital Management Co., Ltd.	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	n,	862,922	16,742	19.99%	16,742	
Synnex Technology International Corporation			Total non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	<u>\$</u>	6,586,231	<u>\$</u>	6,586,231	

As of March 31, 2022

					As of March	1 31, 2022		
		Relationship with the	General					
Securities held by	Marketable securities	securities issuer	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnot
estcom Infotech Corp.	Jetwell Computer Co., Ltd.	Bestcom Infotech Corp. is the issuer's director	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,254,524	\$ 154,427	8.34% \$	154,427	
"	Inforcom Technology Inc.	-	"	1,604,931	22,164	10.01%	22,164	
Bestcom Infotech Corp.			Total non-current financial assets at fair value through other		\$ 176,591	\$	176,591	
ynnex Global Ltd.	Budworth Investment Ltd.	-	comprehensive income Non-current financial assets at fair value through other	125,807	\$ -	13.83% \$	-	
II	Pilot View Ltd.	-	comprehensive income	84,457		1.21%		
synnex Global Ltd.			Total non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive		\$ -	<u>\$</u>		
Ling's Eye Investments Ltd.	Hi Food Co., Ltd	-	income Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,150,000	\$ 24,187	10.00% \$	24,187	
"	Listed common stock	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ 85,175	0.51% \$	85,175	
eer Developments Ltd.	TD Synnex Corporation	-	Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,859,888	\$ 11,423,519	4.04% \$	11,423,519	
fu Intelligent Logistics Corporat	tion Win-win Stable Day-day Profit	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ 238,604	- <u>\$</u>	238,604	
ser International Trading hanghai) Company Ltd.	Tianli Express Net Worth	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ 679,262	- <u>\$</u>	679,262	
ynnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ 549,030	- <u>\$</u>	549,030	
ynnex (Beijing) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ 3,604	- <u>\$</u>	3,604	
ynnex (Chengdu) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ 4,055	- <u>\$</u>	4,055	
ynnex (Changsha) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ 901	- <u>\$</u>	901	
ynnex (Guangzhou) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ 172,098	- <u>\$</u>	172,098	

As of March 31, 2022

		Relationship with the	General					
Securities held by	Marketable securities	securities issuer	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	- <u>\$</u>	5 7,434	- <u>\$</u>	7,434	
Synnex (Hefei) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	- <u>\$</u>	3,604	- <u>\$</u>	3,604	
Synnex (Hangzhou) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	- §	66,226	- <u>\$</u>	66,226	
Synnex (Jinan) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	- <u>\$</u>	2,703	- <u>\$</u>	2,703	
Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	- <u>\$</u>	9,010	- <u>\$</u>	9,010	
Synnex (Qingdao) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	- <u>\$</u>	5 27,932	- <u>\$</u>	27,932	
Synnex (Suzhou) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	- <u>\$</u>	34,690	- <u>\$</u>	34,690	
Synnex (Wuhan) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	- <u>\$</u>	\$ 27,707	- <u>\$</u>	27,707	
Synnex (Xi'an) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	- <u>-</u>	16,669	- <u>\$</u>	16,669	
Synnex(Xiamen) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	- <u>\$</u>	3,604	- <u>\$</u>	3,604	

Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital

Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		General		Relationship with		Balanc January	e as at 1, 2022	Add	tion		Dis	posal				ce as at 31, 2022
	Marketable	ledger	Counterparty	the investor	Transaction	Number of		Number of		Number of			Gain (loss) on	Other	Number of	
Investor	securities	account	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	currency	shares	Amount	shares	Amount	shares	Selling price	Book value	disposal	Amount	shares	Amount
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Tianli Express Net Worth and Win-win Stable Day-day Profit		-	-	RMB	-	\$ 197,721	-	\$ 4,009,608	-	\$ 4,203,307	\$ 4,203,307	\$ - (Note 2)	(\$ 4,022) (Note 3)	-	\$ -
Laser International Trading (Shanghai) Company Ltd.	Tianli Express Net Worth and Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	"	-	-	RMB	-	466,812	-	900,818	-	697,078	697,078	(Note 2)	8,710 (Note 3)	-	679,262
Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.		"	-	-	RMB	-	-	-	1,579,065	-	1,580,619	1,580,619	(Note 2)	1,554 (Note 3)	-	-
Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	"	-	-	RMB	-	846,863	-	72,083	-	406,096	406,096	(Note 2)	36,180 (Note 3)	-	549,030
Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Chao Zhao Jin No.7007	"	-	-	RMB	-	1,736	-	450,518	-	446,324	446,324	(Note 2)	1,504 (Note 3)	-	7,434

Note 1: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.

Note 2: The general ledger account is 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss'. Due to adoption of IFRS, valuation gains and losses were recognised, and therefore there was no gain (loss) on disposal.

Note 3: It refers to the effect of exchange rate and gains or losses on valuation.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

		_			Transa	ction		transactio	ons	N	Notes/accounts	receivable (payable)	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)		Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Indirect wholly- owned subsidiary	(Sales)	(\$	1,287,653)	(8%)	60 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	\$	68,438	1%	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Indirect wholly- owned subsidiary	Purchases		1,252,709	7%	60 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(54,891)	(1%)	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	Purchases		364,362	2%	30 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(9,627)	-	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	Purchases		129,903	1%	30 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(45,499)	(1%)	
Seper Technology Corporation	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	(Sales)	(364,362)	(27%)	30 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference		9,627	4%	
Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	(Sales)	(129,903)	(60%)	30 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference		45,499	59%	
Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	An affiliate	(Sales)	(2,571,739)	(15%)	•	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference		1,112,097	13%	
Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Syntech Asia Ltd.	An affiliate	(Sales)	(2,096,127)	(12%)	30 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference		1,291,381	15%	
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	(Sales)	(1,252,709)	(4%)	60 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference		54,891	-	
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	Purchases		1,287,653	3%	60 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(68,438)	(1%)	
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	An affiliate	Purchases		2,096,127	6%	30 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(1,291,381)	(10%)	
Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	An affiliate	Purchases		2,571,739	15%	•	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(1,112,097)	(31%)	
Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	An affiliate	(Sales)	(166,232)	(98%)	30 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference		890	29%	

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions

								compared to in	na party				
		<u>-</u>			Transa	ection		transaction	ons	N	otes/accounts 1	receivable (payable)	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)	Δ	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	An affiliate	Purchases	\$	166,232	51%	30 days	Standard purchasing price and payment	Insignificant difference	\$	(890)	(1%)	Toothote
								terms					

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

March 31, 2022

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Relationship	Balance as at March	<u>-</u>	Overdue rec	ceivables	Amount collected subsequent to the	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty	31, 2022	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	balance sheet date	doubtful accounts
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	\$ 111,235	9.41	-	-	\$ 63,438	\$ -
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	119,707	-	-	-	-	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	190,892	-	-	-	-	-
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Mitac Information Technology Corporation	Other related party	104,727	3.54	-	-	81,956	-
Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	An affiliate	278,536	-	-	-	-	-
Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Syntech Asia Ltd.	An affiliate	1,300,705	4.52	-	-	1,300,560	-
Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	An affiliate	1,249,798	4.52	-	-	253,740	-
Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	An affiliate	1,044,457	-	-	-	-	-
Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Parent company	279,026	-	-	-	3,784	-

Note: Refer to table 1 for the details of the accounts receivable arising from loans to others.

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Transaction

					11011000011011		
Number							Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	 Amount	Transaction terms	(Note 3)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Parent company to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	\$ 1,287,653	The same with third parties	1%
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Parent company to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	119,707	Notes 5 and 6	-
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Parent company to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	190,892	Note 5	-
1	Seper Technology Corporation	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Subsidiary to parent company	Sales	364,362	The same with third parties	-
2	Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Subsidiary to parent company	Sales	129,903	The same with third parties	-
3	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to parent company	Sales	1,252,709	The same with third parties	1%
4	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	278,536	Note 6	-
5	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	2,571,739	The same with third parties	3%
5	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Accounts receivable	1,112,097	The same with third parties	1%
5	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	137,701	Note 6	-
5	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	2,096,127	The same with third parties	1%
5	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Accounts receivable	1,291,381	The same with third parties	1%
6	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	166,232	The same with third parties	-
7	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	1,044,457	Note 6	1%
8	Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly	Other receivables	279,026	Note 6	-

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

wholly-owned subsidiary

⁽¹⁾Parent company is '0'.

⁽²⁾ The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction;

for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

- (1)Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2)Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3)Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: Percentage of total consolidated revenues or total assets is calculated using the total consolidated assets at the end of the period when the subject of transaction is an asset/liability, and is calculated using total consolidated revenues during the period when the subject of transaction is a revenue/expense.
- Note 4: It is not disclosed for individual transaction below \$100 million.
- Note 5: Represents technical service receivable and interest receivable.
- Note 6: Inter-company transactions between subsidiaries.
- Note 7: For information relating to receivables from related parties arising on financing, please refer to table 1 Loans to others.
- Note 8: For information relating to endorsements and guarantees between the Company and subsidiaries, please refer to table 2 Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others.

Information on investees

Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investment

					ment amount	Shares I	neld as at March 31, 2	2022	Net profit (loss)	income(loss) recognised by the	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at March 31, 2022	Balance as at December 31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	of the investee for the three months ended March 31, 2022	Company for the three months ended March 31, 2022	Footnote
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Global Ltd.	British Virgin Islands		\$ 17,607,381		548,250,000	100.00 \$				Toomote
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Taiwan	Sales of 3C products	1,677,762	1,656,818	103,203,296	100.00	2,377,554	198,774	196,647	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	E-Fan Investments CO., LTD.	Taiwan	Investment holding	1,145,384	1,145,384	22,500,000	100.00	281,279	(26)	(26)	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Taiwan	Warehouse and logistics services	50,000	50,000	5,000,000	100.00	121,220	26,853	26,853	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	Taiwan	Sales of 3C products	1,426	1,426	100,000	100.00	25,890	22,459	22,459	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Technology Services Corporation	Taiwan	Maintenance and technical services	1,000	1,000	100,000	100.00	987	(3)	(3)	
Synnex Global Ltd.	King's Eye Investments Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	1,791,528	1,791,528	62,477,000	100.00	22,017,046	1,196,711	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	2,873,235	2,873,235	100,200,000	100.00	10,945,080	420,330	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Mauritius Ltd.	Mauritius	Investment holding	688,200	688,200	24,000,000	100.00	5,188,556	229,383	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Peer Developments Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	897,528	897,528	30,200,001	100.00	17,056,420	253,418	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	14,911,000	12,617,000	520,000,000	100.00	16,277,156	(190)	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	1,056,588	1,056,588	36,850,001	100.00	2,636,713	218,225	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia	Sales of 3C products	851,217	851,217	33,250,000	100.00	5,593,563	223,857	-	Note 1

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares I	held as at March 31,	2022	Net profit (loss)	recognised by the	
	Investor	Landin	Main business	Balance as at March	Balance as at December	Number of allows	Orangakia (0/)	Dark velve	of the investee for the three months ended March	Company for the three months ended March	Contracts
Investor	Investee	Location	activities	31, 2022	31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	31, 2022	31, 2022	Footnote
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia	Sales of 3C products	\$ 5,362,225	\$ 5,211,681	-	- (\$ 5,362,225	-	\$ -	Note 2
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	New Zealand	Sales of 3C products	29,306	29,306	1,500,000	100.00	176,903	12,255	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	New Zealand	Sales of 3C products	198,718	196,137	-	-	198,718	-	-	Note 2
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Electronics Hong Kong Ltd.	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	8,603	8,603	299,999	100.00	7,985 (63)	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	8,603	8,603	300,000	100.00	7,903,970	354,587	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	Thailand	Sales of 3C products	264,772	264,772	338,939,513	40.00	1,403,105	188,957	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company	Vietnam	Sales of 3C products	885,895	885,895	55,854,748	47.46	1,810,028	337,949	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia	Indonesia	Sales of 3C products	301,088	301,088	150,000	50.00	2,476,503	301,988	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Fortune Ideal Ltd.	Hong Kong	Real estate	53,106	53,106	14,500,000	100.00	207,889	4,637	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Hong Kong	Real estate	102,550	102,550	28,000,000	100.00	134,917	7,319	-	Note 1
Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Leveltech Ltd.	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	8,603	8,603	300,000	100.00	30,208	6,386	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Hong Kong	Real estate	1,089,604	1,059,014	-	-	1,089,604	-	-	Note 2
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	China	Investment holding	9,236,218	9,236,218	-	-	9,236,218	-	-	Note 2
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	China	Sales of 3C products	4,401,613	4,401,613	-	-	4,401,613	-	-	Note 2
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	China	Sales of electronic components and warehouse and logistics services	946,275	946,275	-	-	946,275	-	-	Note 2
Peer Developments Ltd.	Concentrix Corporation	USA	Business process outsourcing services	4,563,856	4,563,856	3,597,885	6.86	5,340,979	2,964,530	-	Note 1

Investment income(loss)

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares 3	neld as at March 31,	2022	Net profit (loss)	income(loss) recognised by the	
			Main business	Balance as at March	Balance as at December				of the investee for the three months ended March	Company for the three months ended March	
Investor	Investee	Location	activities	31, 2022	31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	31, 2022	31, 2022	Footnote
Peer Developments Ltd.	Synergy Intellingent Logistics (HK) Corporation	Hong Kong	Warehouse and logistics services	\$ 5,506	\$ 373	1,500,000	100.00	\$ 6,503	\$ 160	\$ -	Note 1
Synnex Mauritius Ltd.	Redington (India) Ltd.	India	Sales of 3C products	588,927	588,927	188,591,880	24.13	5,190,146	969,745	-	Note 1
Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Hong Kong	Sales of 3C products	219,749	219,749	60,000,000	100.00	2,351,833	218,225	-	Note 1
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Bizwave Tech Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Wholesale and retailing of computer software and hardware. Accreditaion and consulting services.	19,940	19,940	2,000,000	100.00	32,543	2,042	-	Note 1
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Asgard System, Inc.	Taiwan	Wholesale of computer software and hardware. Computer information system planning, analysis and design.	19,956	19,956	2,400,000	20.00	26,089	(15,025)	-	Note 1
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	I-Direction Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Wholesale and retailing of computers. Information system provider.	8,000	8,000	800,000	40.00	-	-	-	Note 1

Investment

Note 1: Investment income (loss) for this period had been recognized by the Company's subsidiary.

Note 2: The investment amount is an amount for long-term investment.

Information on investments in Mainland China

Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				A 1.1	A	c T	A 1, 1			Investment income		Accumulated	
				Accumulated amount of	Amount remitted to Mainland		Accumulated amount	Net income of	Ownership	(loss) recognised by the Company		amount of investment	
				remittance from	Amount remit		of remittance	investee for the	held by	for the three months	Book value of	income	
				Taiwan to	to Taiwan for the thr		from Taiwan to	three months	the	ended	investments in	remitted back to	
			Investment	Mainland China	March 31, 2022		Mainland China	ended	Company	March	Mainland China	Taiwan as of	
Investee in	Main business	Paid-in capital	method	as of January 1,	Remitted to	Remitted back	as of March	March	(direct or	31, 2022	as of March	March	
Mainland China	activities	(Note 10)	(Note 1)	2022	Mainland China	to Taiwan	31, 2022	31, 2022	indirect)	(Note 3)	31, 2022	31, 2022	Footnote
Laser International Trading (Shangha Company Ltd.	ai) International trade	\$ 28,675	2	\$ 28,675	\$ - \$	-	\$ 28,675	\$ 23,075	100.00	\$ 23,075	\$ 576,368	\$ -	(Note 2) (Note 4)
Hi Food (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of food	573,500	2	51,615	-	-	51,615	-	10.00	-	51,615	-	(Note 2) (Note 5)
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Investment holding	5,735,000	2	5,735,000	-	-	5,735,000	467,880	100.00	467,880	14,005,737	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	9,462,750	2	9,462,750	-	-	9,462,750	327,547	100.00	327,547	15,194,976	-	(Note 6) (Note 6)
Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	Sales of electronic components and warehouse and logistics services	630,850	2	630,850	-	-	630,850	50,846	100.00	50,846	1,270,483	-	(Note 6) (Note 6)
Synnex (Beijing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	258,075	2	258,075	-	-	258,075	(5,675)	100.00	(5,675)	239,198	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	143,375	2	143,375	-	-	143,375	2,306	100.00	2,306	177,878	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Chengdu) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	143,375	2	143,375	-	-	143,375	742	100.00	742	174,080	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	86,025	2	86,025	-	-	86,025	(324)	100.00	(324)	112,825	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Tianjin) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	129,038	2	129,038	-	-	129,038	(993)	100.00	(993)	90,616	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Hangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	143,375	2	143,375	-	-	143,375	1,289	100.00	1,289	166,720	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Qingdao) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	143,375	2	143,375	-	-	143,375	272	100.00	272	139,190	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Guangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	344,100	2	344,100	-	-	344,100	1,614	100.00	1,614	361,080	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Xi'an) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	114,700	2	114,700	-	-	114,700	1,453	100.00	1,453	125,455	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Suzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	172,050	2	172,050	-	-	172,050	38	100.00	38	169,634	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Wuhan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	143,375	2	143,375	-	-	143,375	825	100.00	825	151,828	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Jinan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	143,375	2	143,375	-	-	143,375	(1,669)	100.00	(1,669)	183,350	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Zhengzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	143,375	2	143,375	-	-	143,375	12	100.00	12	139,509	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Changsha) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	114,700	2	114,700	-	-	114,700	(109)	100.00	(109)	68,091	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Ningbo) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	114,700	2	114,700	-	-	114,700	-	-	-	-	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
													(Note 13)

													Investment income		Accumulated	
					Accu	mulated	Amount remitte	d from Taiwan	Accı	umulated			(loss) recognised		amount	
					amo	ount of	to Mainla	nd China/	aı	mount	Net income of	Ownership	by the Company		of investment	
					remitta	ance from	Amount rer	nitted back	of re	emittance	investee for the	held by	for the three months	Book value of	income	
					Taiv	wan to	to Taiwan for the t	hree months ended	from '	Taiwan to	three months	the	ended	investments in	remitted back to	
				Investment	Mainla	and China	March 31, 202	2 (Note 10)	Mainl	and China	ended	Company	March	Mainland China	Taiwan as of	
Investee in	Main business	Paid-in c	capital	method	as of Ja	anuary 1,	Remitted to	Remitted back	as o	of March	March	(direct or	31, 2022	as of March	March	
Mainland China	activities	(Note	10)	(Note 1)	20	022	Mainland China	to Taiwan	31	, 2022	31, 2022	indirect)	(Note 3)	31, 2022	31, 2022	Footnote
Synnex (Hefei) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	\$	174,918	2	\$	174,918	-	-	\$	174,918	8,398	100.00	\$ 8,398	\$ 122,062	\$ -	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Nanchang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services		114,700	2		114,700	-	-		114,700 (2,279)	100.00	(2,279)	16,962	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	-	143,375	2		143,375	-	-		143,375	5,558	100.00	5,558	11,047	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Chongqing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services		17,205	2		17,205	-	-		17,205	-	-	-	-	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Xiamen) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	:	172,050	2		172,050	-	-		172,050	5,739	100.00	5,739	137,630	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	2	229,764	2		-	-	-		-	1,739	100.00	1,739	276,203	-	(Note 2) (Note 7) (Note 12)
LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Sales of electronic components		5,735	2		5,735	-	-		5,735	1,976	100.00	1,976	174,766	-	(Note 2) (Note 8)
Yude (Shanghai) Warehouse Co., Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services		10,812	2		-	-	-		-	191	97.96	187	(11,924)	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Jifu Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	2	225,259	2		225,259	-	-		225,259	915	100.00	915	237,655	-	(Note 6) (Note 11)
					\$ 1	9,099,145	\$ -	\$ -	\$	19,099,145						

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- (1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
- (2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
- (3) Others.
- Note 2: Indirect investment in PRC through existing companies located in the third area. Partial capital of Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd. and Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd. were invested by indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, and total membership contributions are US\$1,500 and US\$3,000 thousand, respectively. Due to the Company's restructuring in November 2008, the entire capital of Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd., Synnex (Beijing) Ltd., Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd. and Synnex (Chengdu) Ltd., amounting to US\$13,000, US\$2,000, US\$9,000, US\$1,000 and US\$2,000 thousand, respectively, was changed to be owned by Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. Total membership contribution is USD\$47,000 thousand.
- Note 3: Investment income (loss) of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd., Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd., Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd., and Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd. recognised by the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2022 were recognised based on the financial statements which were reviewed by independent auditors while the others were recognised based on the investees' financial statements which were not reviewed by the investees' independent auditors.
- Note 4: Laser International Trading (Shanghai) Company Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Groupware Solutions Ltd., which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

 Total membership contribution is US\$1,000 thousand.
- Note 5: Hi Food (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is a 10% owned invested company of Hi Food Co., Ltd. Hi Food Co., Ltd. is 10% indirectly owned by the Company. Total membership contribution is US\$1,800 thousand.
- Note 6: Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex China Holdings Ltd. Synnex China Holdings Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is US\$200,000 thousand. Additionally, Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. reinvested in other subsidiaries in Mainland China. Total membership contribution is translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate of US\$1:NT\$28.675.
- Note 7: Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd. Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is RMB\$50,000 thousand.
- Note 8: LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Peer Developments Ltd. Peer Developments Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is US\$200 thousand.
- Note 9: Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is USD\$100,000 thousand.
- $Note \ 10: Translated \ into \ New \ Taiwan \ Dollars \ using \ the \ exchange \ rates \ of \ US\$1:NT28.675 \ and \ RMB\$1:NT\$4.5052.$
- Note 11: Jifu Intelligent Logistics Corporation is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is RMB\$50,000 thousand.
- Note 12: LianZhongHongYu Information Technology(Beijing) Co.,Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is RMB\$1,000 thousand.
- Note 13: The Company sold 100% equity of the subsidiary and the subsidiary and the subsidiary was no longer included in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

		Accumulated		Investment			
		amount of	am	ount approved		Ceiling on	
		remittance		by the		ivestments in	
		from Taiwan		Investment	Mainland China		
		to Mainland		ommission of	imposed by the		
		China		e Ministry of	Investment		
	as of March 31,			Economic	Commission of		
Company name	2022		Affairs (MOEA)		MOEA		
Synnex Technology International Corporation(Note)	\$	19,099,145	\$	19,109,020	\$	37,855,834	

Note: The ceiling is calculated based on the Tai-Tsai-Tseng (1) Letter No. 006130 issued by the Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance, Executive Yuan (90), effective November 16, 2001.

Major shareholders information

March 31, 2022

Table 10

	Shares						
Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Shareholding ratio					
Mitac Incorporated	260,521,054		15.61%				

- Note 1: The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation.

 The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of a different calculation basis.
- Note 2: If the aforementioned data contains shares which were held in trust by the shareholders, the data disclosed is the settlor's separate account for the fund set by the trustee.

 As for the shareholder who reports share equity as an insider whose shareholding ratio is greater than 10% in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, the shares include the self-owned shares and shares held in trust, and at the same time, the shareholder has the power to decide how to allocate the trust assets.

 The information on the reported share equity of insider is provided in the "Market Observation Post System".